RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
PRICES SENT FREE.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
PRICES SENT FREE.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL XIV NO 84— BOMBAY, FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1926 ONE ANNA

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper, and sending it to the Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Daily Edition:

	Local.	Mofussil.
1 Year	Rs. 25	Rs. 30
6 Months	Rs. 12-8	Rs. 15
3 Months	Rs. 6-4	Rs. 7-8
1 Month	Rs. 2-2	Rs. 2-8

Subscription to Foreign Countries Rs. 50 per year.

SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

SUNDAY EDITION

	Local:	Moffusil.	Foreign:
Yearly	Rs. 3/8	Rs. 4	Rs. 7

PAYMENTS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than one year.

SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

AMICHAND GOVANJI.

THE OLDEST AND MOST POPULAR CONFECTIONER'S DEPOT IN INDIA ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY AGO.

Opposite Juma Masjid, Shaikh Memon Street, Out Fort, Bombay.
Phone No. 670.

This establishment has been specially awarded the following certificates:—

Vegetarian Federal Union,
16, Farringdon Street, E. C.

We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govanji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.

(Sd.) W. HILL, Chairman.
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, Secretary.

LADWAS (sweet balls) of various description and sizes.

SUTTERFENNY (a fluid of thread-like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.

HALWAS of different descriptions such as (a) Mahim Halva (or Viv), (b) Saffron Halva with almonds, (c) Gunny Halva, (d) Rose-scented Halva, (e) Venila Halva, (f) Muskati Halva, (g) Ice Cream Halva, (h) Orange Halva.

All orders executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.

No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot, bearing our sign board and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.

No V. P. P. will receive our attention.

The generous public are requested to give us a trial.

Dr. D. Writer & Co.

Have always in stock sugar-coated "Tikli" Brand tablets of Quinine Bisulph. Purgative, Vegetable Laxative and plain Tikli as Soda-Mint Aspirin, Anti-malarial Soda water and Lemonade.

Can be had from respectable Chemists and the Manufacturer

Dr. D. Writer & Co,
Corner Grant Road, BOMBAY, No. 7.

SHIPPING.

F. & O. BRITISH INDIA.

(Incorporated in England)

MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1926			
10 April	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
17 „	RAZMAK ..	MOREA* ..	10,919
24 „	RANPURA ..		16,585
1 May	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDAx ..	16,227
8 „	RAJPUTANA ..		16,109
15 „	RAZMAK ..	MACEDONIA ..	11,080
22 „	RAWALPINDI ..		16,619
29 „	DELTA ..	MOOLTAN ..	20,847
5 June	CHINA ..		7,952
12 „	RAZMAK ..	MALWA* ..	10,941
19 „	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
26 „	RAZMAK ..	MALOJAx ..	20,837
3rd July	MOREA ..		10,918
10 „	RAZMAK ..	MANTUA* ..	10,902
17 „	RAJPUTANA ..		16,568
24 „	RAZMAK ..	NALDERA x ..	15,993
31st „	RAWALPINDI ..		16,619
7 Aug.	RAZMAK ..	RANPURA* ..	10,585
14 „	CHINA ..		7,952
21st „	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDAx ..	16,227
28 „	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430

x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
* Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

SPECIAL SHORT PERIOD FIRST SALOON RETURN TICKETS.

These tickets at reduced rates are available for passengers leaving Bombay on and after 5th June 1926 and arriving in Bombay 24th September 1926, both dates inclusive. The rates are as follows:—

To London and back by Sea £105
To London and back via Marseilles including P. and O. Special Train across France in both directions. ... £120
To Marseilles and back £100

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1926		
29th April	DUMANA ..	8,427
3rd June	GHARINDA* ..	5,306
17th „	HATIMURA* ..	7,764
1st July	MANORA ..	7,888
22nd „	MERKARA ..	8,285
12th August	MANELA ..	8,343
2nd Sept.	DUMANA ..	8,441

*Cargo vessels only, will not convey Passengers

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN and AUSTRALIA.

1926			
12th April	NAGPORE* ..	China & Japan.	
22nd June	DELTA .. connecting at Colombo with NARKUNDA ..	Straits, China & Japan. For Australia.	

*Will not convey Passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

1926		
9th April	VASNA ..	Busreh via Karachi.
10th „	CHAKLA ..	Karachi & Kathiawar Coast Ports.
12th „	VITA ..	Karachi & Kathiawar Coast Ports.
14th „	KHANDALLA	East & S. Africa.
14th „	BARALA ..	Busreh via Karachi and P. Gulf Ports.

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday Sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail Steamer or through passengers to Busreh.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

EYE TROUBLES

of any kind—Iritis, Stye, Watery Eye, Corneal Ulcer, redness, etc. Even Cataract, Glaucoma Granular lid cured without knife by our Cocoanut Brand 'Lotus Honey'—genuine and purest in market. Cure guaranteed. Trial Solicited, Dram Rs 2-8, 2 Drams Rs. 4-0 Ask free particulars to:—

NEW FORMULA Co., B. and C. OFFICE
Kandi Bengal, India.
Tel. "U'cer," Kandi.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K. LINE

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG & SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Penang Maru	5214	25 Mar.	10 April
*Sado Maru	5898	30 „	12 April
xBengal Maru	5396	10 April	15 „
Toyooka Maru	7098	15 „	24 „
Yamagata Maru.	3807	28 „	12 May
Tamba Maru	5845	4 May	18 „

* Passenger Steamer
x Proceeds to Karachi.

For particulars please apply to—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Canada Building, (2nd Floor).
236, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 20279 Telegrams: "YUSEN."

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.

BANKERS.

Nederlandsche Handel—Maatschappy.
(Incorporated in Holland.)
Established by Royal Charter 1824

Fully paid up Capital ..... F 80,000,000
£ 6,666,666
Reserve Funds ..... F 43,196,861
£ 3,599,738

Head Office at AMSTERDAM (Holland).

Agencies at ROTTERDAM & THE HAGUE

Head Agency at BATAVIA.

BRANCHES:

Dutch East Indies:—

Bandjermasin	Macassar	Semarang
Bandoeng	Medan	Sourabaya
Cheribon	Padang	Solo
Djember	Palembang	Tegal
Djocja	Pekalongan	Tjilatjap
Kota Radja	Pontianak	Weltevreden

Straits Settlements:—Singapore, Penang.
British India:—Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon.
Japan:—Kobe.
China:—Hongkong, Shanghai.

London Bankers:—The National Provincial Bank, Ltd.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance up to Rs. 100,000. If the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10 no interest will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed on terms to be ascertained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT DRAFTS issued on the above Agencies the principal Continental places, South Africa, America and Australia.

Every description of Banking, Exchange and Bullion business transacted.

BOMBAY OFFICE:—82, Esplanade Road
A. P. HOOGENSTEYN,
Actg: Agent.

32 Pillars of Strength

to prop up your decaying body

for RUPEE ONE only.

They are the world-renowned

Atank Nigrah Pills.

Particulars from

ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY

JAMNAGAR (Kathiawar.)

Bombay Office: Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

C. P. CEMENT

"SWASTIKA" Brand

IS THE

FINEST CEMENT made in INDIA

This Cement is Manufactured at the LARGEST and MOST-UP-TO-DATE FACTORY in INDIA and has been used by the Calcutta Port Commissioners for the construction of King George's Dock.

For Government Tests and other particulars:—

APPLY TO:

Messrs. SHAPOORJI PALLONJI & Co.,

70, Medows Street Fort, : : : : : : : : : : : : BOMBAY.

INSURANCE.

WESTERN INDIA LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Head Office:—SATARA CITY.

PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY.

Valuation	Year	Surplus disclosed.
First	1917	Rs. 11,532
Second	1920	Rs. 27,737
Third	1923	Rs. 1,16,544

No other Company started within 25 years could show equal results at the same age.

Excellent opportunity for reliable energetic men of position and ability to represent the Company.

For agency and other particulars please apply to:—

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
Satara City.

THE EAST & WEST INSURANCE CO., LTD.

65, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

Invites special attention of the Public to their very attractive schemes of Life Insurance under Tables XII, XIII and XIV. Automatic non-forfeiture clause a speciality. Money paid never lost. AGENTS WANTED in unrepresented Districts.

For particulars apply to:—

DALAL & CO.,
Secretaries.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD.,

ESTABLISHED 1876.

NO. 83, MEDOWS STREET,
Behind Currency Bank.

FUNDED CAPITAL RS. 2,64,600.

Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provisions for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 30 per cent. surrender value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.

25 per cent. Commission to Canvassers on First 12 months' subscription.

For details apply for a Copy of Rules to:

GAJANAND SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

INSURANCE.

THE VULCAN INSURANCE Co., Ltd

(Incorporated in India)

Fire, Marine, Motor Car and workmen's Compensation Insurance transacted.

CHAIRMAN—Sir JAMSETJEE JEJEEBHOY, BART.
CHIEF AGENTS—Messrs. CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SON, Ltd.
HEAD OFFICE—Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED IN UNREPRESENTED DISTRICTS.

INSURE WITH:—

THE PIONEERS OF LIFE ASSURANCE WORK IN BENGAL.

THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED.

Trustee—Govt. Official Trustee.
No Share-holders—(Established 1891)—No Capitalists
CLAIMS PAID NEARLY Rs. 4 50,000 COMPARED WITH OTHERS, ITS Great Age. Security, Management and Absolutely The LOWEST RATES.
No promise of Reversionary Bonus. But Cash Bonus in the shape of difference of premium with the bonus giving offices with every payment of premium.

For particulars Apply to:—

Messrs. ADHEKARI DEENDOYAL & Co., opposite Telegraph Office, Residency Road, Hyderabad (Deccan.)
Messrs. TANDAN BROTHERS, Chief Agents for U. P., 38, Latouche Road, Lucknow.

P. C. RAY, M.A., B.L., Secretary, 285/10, Bowbazar St., Calcutta.
S. R. DONGRI & Co., SITABALDI, Nagpur, Chief Agents for C. P. & Berar.

B. C. P. W." ANTISEPTIC Tooth Powder An ideal dentifrice for daily use.

"B. C. P. W." RODOFEN Best Antiseptic Dental Cream

MANUFACTURED BY

BENGAL CHEMICAL & PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, Ld.

Can be had from all chemists or from their SOLE AGENTS,

THE POPULAR PHARMACY (Regd.)

(Phone No. 40784.)

18, Lamington Road, GRANT ROAD and at Sandhurst Road, GIRGAUM

CLASSIFIED ADVT.

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

HALF ANNA

PER WORD.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words: Apply Box No— Advertisement Department. "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number— Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

LEARN TYPEWRITING FREE—STANDARD TYPEWRITER COMPANY, 221, Hornby Road, Fort.
A R2959

WANTED—An experienced PARSEE SALESMAN for Paints and Oils. MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
A26408

WANTED—BOY-SERVANT to do COOKING and other domestic work for a single person. Mahomedan or Goan Christian youth. Pay Rs. 12 with food. Write Box No. 1324, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R2979

WANTED—Highly competent and experienced gentlemen to apply as CHIEF AGENTS for the Bombay Presidency for an established and 1st Class Indian Life Insurance Co., of Calcutta. Liberal office allowance and terms. Renewals guaranteed hereditary. Please apply immediately to:—B. B. MOZUMDAR, Esqr., B.A., LL.B., C/o Post Master, Bombay.
A 26385

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

TO LET, to Hindoos only, FLATS on Hughes Road, Choupaty. Monthly rent Rs. 135. Apply to L. S. DABHOLKAR, "Anand Kanan", Harvey Road, Bombay.
C R2969

MAHABLESHWAR—Sub-letting: HECTOR LODGE, 5 Bedrooms. Only comfortable, convenient furnished Bungalow now available. Rent Rs. 2,000. Apply quickly: P. D. DIKSHIT, House Agent, Mahableshwar.
C26409

HOTELS.

CALCUTTA HOTEL LD,

MIRZAPUR SQUARE, NORTH. CALCUTTA.

IDEAL HOTEL for Indian Ladies and Gentlemen. Charges Rs. 10. Rs. 6, Rs. 4 and Rs. 2-8 per diem.

Telegrams:—"CALHOTEL."

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR.

"Bombay Chronicle"

Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

BOOKS AND STAMPS.

"IN THE CLUTCH OF THE DEVIL"—(an original Drama in Five Acts). By Mr. A. S. PANCHAPAKESA AYYAR, M.A. (Oxon.), I.C.S. A Thrilling Social Drama! Most Ingeresting! Rupee ONE. Apply to RAMCHANDRA GOVIND & SON, Carnac Road, Bombay.
L R2976

PROFESSION.

NAV-JIWAN (Registered)—Glory of Ayurvedic Medicines, best tonic, sure cure for Sexual Weakness and other diseases of Genito-Urinary Organs. Once tried always used. Useable in all seasons. Price per Phial Rs. 2/4/0. AGENTS WANTED: RAJVAIDYA G. SHIVLAL, Ayurved Martand, Rawalpindi.
P R2844

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

THE GWALIOR

SUN BRAND

PORTLAND CEMENT

Surpasses all the requirements of the British Standard Specification and is certified by Government Test House, Alipore to be cement of a high order and recommended for all classes of work. All enquiries and orders will have our best attention.

COMMISSARIAT BUILDING,

Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Tel. No. 21986.

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column Inch per Insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8 0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the II Criminal Sessions of 1926 have this day been DISSOLVED.

SALEBHOY K. BARODAWALLA,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Sheriff's Office,
Bombay, 8th April, 1926.
26410

THE EMPEROR EDWARD SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING CO. LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ADJOURNED TWENTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 7/11, Elphinstone Circle Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 16th April, 1926 at 4 p.m. (S.T.)

By order of the Board,
For the Emperor Edward Spg: and Mfg: Co. Ltd.,
M. E. CAPTAIN,
Secretary.

NOTICE.

THE GOKULDAS CULLIANJI BARSI COTTON PRESS CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-EIGHTH DIVIDEND of Rs. 57-8-0 (Rupees Thirty-seven and annas eight) only per Share of "A" Capital and the Fourth Dividend "Pro-rata" of Rs. 6 (Rupees Six) per Share of "B" Capital will be paid on and after 15th April, 1926.

By Order of the Board,
HEERJI OOMERSEY & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Bombay, 8th April, 1926.
C26405

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913.
AND
IN THE MATTER OF THE SOUTH INDIAN GINNING AND PRESSING CO., LTD.

(In Voluntary Liquidation.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to the Section 205 of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 a meeting of the Creditors of the abovenamed Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Menkwa Building Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 27th day of April, 1926, to determine whether an application shall be made to the Court for the appointment of any person as Liquidator in the place of or jointly with the Liquidator appointed by the Company.

Dated this 9th day of April, 1926.
S. KINOSHITA,
Liquidator.
26400

TENDERS.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to 12 noon on TUESDAY, the 20th instant, for periodical redyeing of Police clothing, for a period of one year from 1st May, 1926.

The rate quoted should be (i) per blue suit (blouse and knicker-bocker), (ii) blue haversack, and (iii) yellow turban covers per 100, separately.

The conditions of the contract are:—

1. The dye used for (i) and (ii) above should be the best synthetic Indigo.
2. The articles redyed should be in accordance with the sealed samples kept at the Head Police Office.
3. The articles to be redyed will have to be taken delivery of from the different Police Stations and returned to them duly redyed.
4. The person or persons whose tender is accepted shall deposit with the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, a sum of Rs. 500 in Government Promissory Notes for the due fulfilment of the contract.
5. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

F. E. SHARP,
Dy. Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office:
Bombay, 7th April, 1926.
C26406

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ESMAIL EBRAHIM PIR MAHOMED, of Bombay, Khoja Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the under-mentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 5, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof. Otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of land, containing an area of 344 square yards or thereabouts, situate on and being Plot No. 74 of the Sandhurst Road (East) Estate of the Board, in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, bounded on the East by Plot No. 73 of the said Estate leased to Haji Esmail Essak, on the South by the property now or late in the tenure or occupation of Vithal Nathoo Goghari, on the West by Bhandari Street, and on the North by Sandhurst Road, together with the buildings consisting of a ground and three upper floors now standing thereon and which said premises are in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor, and are assessed by the Municipality under C Ward Nos. 7478 and 7481 and Street Nos. 73 and 89 and bear New Survey Nos. 4868, 4869 and 4870 and Cadastral Survey No. 3058 of Bhuleshwar Division.

Dated this 8th day of April, 1926.
JAMSEDJEE RUSTOMJEE & DEVIDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C26402

AUCTION SALES.

VORA & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.

24, Apollo Street, opp. Imperial Bank.

SALE TO-MORROW AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.). Household and Office Furniture, Partition Screens, Fireproof Safes, very valuable Wall Clocks, Gramophones, Steel Pedsteads, etc., etc.

VORA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. RANE, LTD., Proprietors of the Indo-Eastern Automobiles, carrying on business at New Queen's Road, have given up their Proprietorship of and severed their connection with the said Indo-Eastern Automobiles as from the 1st day of April, 1926, and that the said Indo-Eastern Automobiles are since the said 1st day of April, 1926, at liberty to carry on and have been since the said date carrying on their business at Raval Building, Lamington Road, Bombay, on their own account and independently of the said Messrs. Rane, Ltd.

The public are hereby informed that any dealings or transactions that may be entered into by the said Indo-Eastern Automobiles from and after the said 1st day of April, 1926, will be on their own account and that the said Indo-Eastern Automobiles will alone be responsible for the same and that the said Messrs. Rane, Ltd., will not be liable or responsible for the same.

Dated this 7th day of April, 1926.
LITTLE & CO.,
Attorneys for Messrs. Rane, Ltd.
C26404

AUCTION SALES.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers And Commission Agents
No. 72, Medows Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 24927.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE OIL MILL TOGETHER WITH THE MACHINERY PLANTS, BOILERS, ROLLERS, ETC., OF THE KESHAVJI KANJI OIL MILLS, (Formerly known as the Merchants' Oil Mills Co.) SITUATE AT LOVE LANE, BYCULLA, IN THE COMPOUND OF HATHI BAUG.

Under instructions of Messrs. Vrajlal and Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Karamchand and Co., the Mortgagees and by the concert of Mr. B. N. Lang, the Official Assignee of the Estates of Mr. Keshavji Kanji and Co., Mortgagors and at the risk and account of the said Mortgagors and pursuant to the powers reserved to the Mortgagees under an Indenture of Mortgage, dated 4th January, 1926, Messrs. GANDHI and CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 10th April, 1926, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the above mentioned premises all the stock-in-trade of the Keshavji Kanji Oil Mill including:—

1 Vertiele Boiler 12 N.H.P. (Musgrave and Co., London) Boiler Machine of fine rolls 14" x 36 Green Wood Bately Moulding Machine, Hydraulic Pump, Paring Machine Electric Motors of 45 B.H.P. A.C. Rotary Machine, Filter Machine, Rotary Mills with complete plant, 38 Tanks, Store room with large stock of spare parts and sundry requirements such as Woollen Bagging Tools, etc., and other sundry goods pertaining to an oil mill.

The above is on view.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Vrajlal and Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagees at Oriental Building, Hornby Road, or to the undersigned.

SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 P. M. (S T.)

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS.

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT PANJRAPOLE ROAD WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

Messrs. GANDHI and CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Khatri Mahomed Haji Esuf the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Haji Vally Mahomed Moti in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Deed of Mortgage dated the 22nd March 1922 made between the Mortgagor of the one part and the Mortgagee of the other part, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immoveable property on FRIDAY, the 9th April, 1926 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the North side of Panjrapole and in the Island and Registration District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 441 5/9 square yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 75, 76 and 77, New No. A/7391, Old Survey Nos. 1619, 1619 and New Survey No. 1319, and assessed by the Municipality under C Ward No. 6316, 6317, Street Nos. 25, 27, 29, 31 and 33, 35, 37, 39 and bounded on or towards North by a Sweepers' passage, on or towards the East by vacant land of Ebrahimji Fattehboy, on or towards the South by the said Panjrapole Road and on or towards the West by the property of Goolamhusein Kassumji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Khandwalla and Chhotalal, Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their office at Ismail Building, Hornby Road Fort, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,

Auctioneers and Commission Agents, 123, Medows Street, Fort Bombay.
Tel. No. 22736.

IMPROTANT TO BUILDERS AND INVESTORS IN BUILDING IN BOMBAY SUBURBS.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS ST. MARTIN'S VILLA AND PLOTS OF LAND, SITUATE AT BOMBILWADI HILL ROAD, BANDRA.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will under instructions from Messrs. Daphtary Ferreira and Divan, Attorneys for Monsignor Braz D'Monte and Mr. Thomas D'Monte Administrators of the property and credits of Thomas Antonio D'Monte deceased and pursuant to the Decree dated the 11th day of July, 1924, sell by Public Auction on the following day.

Sale on SUNDAY, the 25th April, 1926, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises of St. Martin's Villa (Each lot will be sold one after the other).

A large piece of land, situate at the junction of the Hill Road and Bombilwadi Road bearing Survey No. 2, Pot No. 1, Survey No. 3A Pot Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, Survey No. 3B Pot Nos. 1, 2 and 3 which has been divided into several plots and Road run through them as under:—

Plot No. 1, 2441 square yards; Plot No. 2, 2497 square yards; Plot No. 3, 1718 square yards; Plot No. 4. 928 square yards; Plot No. 5, 1474 square yards; Plot No. 6, 994 square yards; Plot No. 7, 935 square yards; Plot No. 8, 1431 square yards; Plot No. 9. 1181 square yards; Plot No. 10, 1663 square yards; Plot No. 11, 870 square yards; Plot No. 12, 1516 square yards.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Daphtary Ferreira and Divan, Attorneys for the vendors at their office 13-19, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

IMPORTANT TO BUILDERS, HOUSING SOCIETIES AND INVESTORS IN BUILDING IN BOMBAY SUBURBS.

SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS, SITUATE AT TURNER ROAD, WATERFIELD ROAD, GHODBUNDER ROAD AND PALLI ROAD, BANDRA.

(All these properties are capable of Great Development and the attention of property buyers is specially drawn to these sales).

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will under instructions from Messrs. Daphtary Ferreira and Divan, Attorneys for Monsignor Braz D'Monte and Mr. Thomas D'Monte, Administrators of the property and credits of Thomas Antonio D'Monte, deceased and pursuant to the Decree, dated the 11th day of July, 1924, passed by the High Court of Bombay in Suit No. 2109 of 1924 sell by Public Auction the following properties on the following days:—

The sales of lot No. I, II, III, IV, V, VI and VII will be held on SUNDAY, the 18th April, 1926, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) one after the other at Turner Road on the site of lot No. III.

and

The sale of Lot No. VIII will be held at its site at Khar Ghodbunder Road, at 5.45 p.m. (S.T.).

LOT NO. I.—All those pieces or parcel of land, situate partly to the North of and touching Turner Road and partly to the South of Turner Road, containing by admeasurement 8.3/4 gunthas equal to 1059 square yards or thereabouts one plot bearing Survey No. 45A Pot No. I, admeasuring 4½ gunthas and the other Plot bearing Survey No. 45A Pot No. 3, admeasuring 4½ gunthas both plots being included in Town Planning Scheme No. 3.

LOT NO II.—All that piece or parcel of land, situate to the South of and touching Turner Road containing by admeasurement 1/4 of a guntha or thirty square yards or thereabouts being Survey No. 41 Pot No. 5 and included in Town Planning Scheme No. 4.

LOT NO III.—All that piece or parcel of land, situate to the North of and touching Turner Road, containing by admeasurement 21 gunthas equivalent to 2541 square yards or thereabouts bearing Survey No. 44 Pot No. 2 included in Town Planning Scheme No. 3.

LOT NO IV.—All those two pieces of land, situate to the West of Waterfield Road, containing by admeasurement 14 3/4 gunthas equivalent to 1421 square yards or thereabouts, one piece bearing Survey No. 46 Pot No. 1, admeasuring 9 gunthas and the other piece bearing Survey No. 46 Pot No. 6, admeasuring 2 3/4 gunthas and which pieces of land are included in Town Planning Scheme No. 4.

LOT NO. V.—All that piece or parcel of land situate to the West of and touching Waterfield Road, containing by admeasurement 90 3/4 square yards or thereabouts, and bearing Survey No. 48, Pot No. 3 and which piece of land is included in Town Planning Scheme No. 4.

LOT NO. VI.—All that the Half Share in a Fish Dhara, situate at Mahim. The other half share belonging to Mr. Ignatius D'Monte.

LOT NO. VII.—All that piece or parcel of land, situate to the West of Pali Road, containing by admeasurement 7½ gunthas equivalent to 907 square yards, or thereabouts bearing Survey No. 186, Pot No. 2.

LOT NO. VIII.—All those pieces or parcels of land, situate on the Ghodbunder Road at Khari Bandra and containing by admeasurement 31½ gunthas equivalent to 3811 square yards or thereabouts bearing Survey No. 212, Pot No. 2 and Falni Nos. 1 and 2.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN, Attorneys for the Vendors at their Office Nos. 13-19, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 20521.

AUCTION SALE OF THE INSOLVENT'S RIGHT, TITLE AND INTERESTS IN THE VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT JUTARA (VESAVA, OPP. PORTUGUESE CHURCH).

By the order of B. N. Lang, Esq., the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of Rai Saheb Sangidas Jesiram (Insolvent) and with the consent of the equitable Mortgagee Mr. Gordhan Shankerlal Chanda in pursuance of the Order dated the 9th day of March, 1926, made by the High Court of Bombay in Insolvency No. 328 of 1925 in the matter of Rai Saheb Sangidas Jesiram, Messrs. CRAWFORD AND CO., will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW, SATURDAY the 10th April, 1926, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right, title and interest of the said insolvent in the property described below.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All the piece or parcel of land consisting of cocoanut cart situate lying and being at Jutara in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra in the District of Bombay Suburban and bearing Survey No. 37 Pot 2 and admeasuring one acre and thirty-seven and three-fourth gunthas or thereabouts and paying assessment of Rs. 30/4 and description whereof as appears in the Register of Record of Rights of the Jutara village is as follows:—

Entry No. 142, Survey No. 37, Pot No. 2 Area 2 Acres, 3¼ gunthas, Assessment Rs. 28/8 Person in Possession Manvel Mangel Pret, Vahivatdar Trustees, Remarks Vahivat for a long time.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Khandvalla and Chhotalal attorneys for the said Official Assignee, at their office at Esmail Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

The opportunity to extend your Business will be afforded to you by

'SWARAJYA'

The most popular daily published both in English and Tamil (Vernacular). By advertising in it you will find a

"MARKET"

for your wares and manufactures in

'SOUTH INDIA'

including the Indian States Mysore, Travancore and Cochin

For Rates and Particulars please write to

Manager, Swarajya,
Broadway, Madras.

Baliwalla & Homi
BOMBAY.

279, Hornby Road (Opp. Whiteaway) & 219, Kalbadevi Road.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Manufacturers of the
KRYPTOK, TORIC, CROOKES AND OTHER COMPLICATED OPHTHALMIC LENSES.

AWARDED SEVERAL
GOLD MEDALS

Digitized by Arya Samaj Foundation Chennai and eGangotri
Government of Maharashtra
on 11 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE
TO-NIGHT at 9-30 p. m.
MATINEE SUNDAY at 5-30 p.m.
THE BOMBAY A. D. C.
presents
"MERRIE ENGLAND"
Comic Opera in 2 Acts
By Basil Hood and Edward German.
Cast and Chorus of 60 Performers.
Booking at Rose & Co., up to 5-30 p.m.
After 7 p.m. at the Theatre.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE
TO-DAY AT 6-30 p.m.
The Heartiest Laugh of your life
CONSTANCE TALMADGE
IN
"TWO WEEKS"
Adventures with Three Bachelors.
A Saucy Picture Just Naughty enough to be nice.

EMPIRE THEATRE
TO-DAY AT 6.30; 8-15 and 10 p.m.
The Colossal Motion Picture Masterpiece in 6 Reels
"SAMSON & DELILAH"
Featuring an all star cast headed by beautiful and talented
MARIA CORDA
The ancient story of Man's Strength ruined by a Woman's wiles and duplicity re-told with particular reference to the Samsons and Delilahs of the Twentieth Century and the Arts employed by both for taming and deceiving each other!

EMPRESS THEATRE
TO-DAY AT 6-30, and 9-30 p.m.
MADAN THEATRES LD.
Presents
The Mightiest Dramatic Spectacle of all the ages
FOURTH WEEKS' SUCCESSFUL RUN
The Ten Commandments
Spectacles of Grandeur—Miracles of Photography—Tragedy and Romance.
IT IS TEACHING THE WORLD HOW TO LOVE

From SATURDAY, 10th April
"UNCLE JIM'S HEIRS"
A Great French Picture depicting an elderly Gentleman's love of animals, his devotion to a couple of orphans and the discomfiture of his expectant "Heirs"
A WONDERFUL FILM
of animals acting like human beings
SHOWS AT :
3-30 ; 5-15 ; 7 ; 8-45 & 10-30 P.M.
POPULAR PRICES:
3 As. 4 As. 8 As. 12 As. & Re. 1/-
Also a thrilling Detective story
"On LEAVE of ABSENCE"
On WEDNESDAY, 14th April
"Idd" Holiday
An astounding Stupendeous Picture
"THE WIZARD OF OZ"
with LARRY SEMON,
the Screen's Greatest eccentric Comedian in the world's most Fantastic Spectacle.
CROWN CINEMA
MARBLE THEATRE, Sandhurst Road

Under the kind patronage of
H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda,
GANDHARV NATAK MANDALI
Will stage on
SATURDAY, 10th April, 1926
at 8.30 p.m.
MRACHHAKATIK
and on
SUNDAY, 11th April, 1926
at 3 p.m.
VIDYAHARAN
AT THE
NEW ELPHINSTONE THEATRE
GRANT ROAD.
Booking as usual.

AMUSEMENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE
Owing to the film of
"Dr. JACK"
having been mutilated the following Programme is being shewn from the 3rd to the 9th April.
"THE WANDERING JEW"
Featuring
MATHESON LANG
AND
The arrival of the New Viceroy
LORD IRWIN
TIME : 6, 8 & 10 P. M.
PATHE CINEMA Royal Opera House

HATS OFF
To
"STEVE"
THE KING OF JOCKEYS
and
THE IDOL OF THE RACING PUBLIC.
He arrives Tomorrow on the Silver Screen Starring
IN
"RIDING FOR A KING"
This is Steve Donoghue's first feature Film and it is a Thrilling Masterpiece.
SEE
THE RACE OF RACES
TIME : 6, 8 & 10 P. M.
MATINEE Sat. & Sun. at 4 P. M.
PATHE CINEMA ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

TO-NIGHT & THIS WEEK
KRISHNA'S SUPER PRODUCTION
IMMORTAL HOPE
Starring MISS EMILLE.
Written and Photographed by :—Mr. CHIMANLAL LUHAR, B.Sc.
Directed by :— Mr. HORSHADROY MEHTA.
Beautiful Historical story of Rajasthan, Alladin's ambition, Hindu-Muslim Unity, Meeting of Rana of Chitore and Sultan of Delhi.
TIME :—5—7—9—11
KRISHNA CINEMA
DUBASH THEATRE

HERE-A-MINUTE!
the Life Story of the Immortal World Teacher.
Retold for modern eyes to see and modern minds to draw an inspiration from....in
the LIGHT of ASIA
All Indian cast—with 4000 Indian figurants
COMMENCING SHORTLY
AT
KRISHNA CINEMA
DUBASH THEATRE
WATCH THE DATE

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

April 8.

Gorjistan, Reddock, Perim.
Nizam, Smith, Karachi.
Chikla, Woollatt, Karachi.
Rinda, Johnson, Gothenburg.
Jalajyoti, Beatson, Rangoon.

DEPARTURES.

April 9.

Anoeville City, Mercussen, Calcutta.
Algic, Ricca, Calcutta.
Vasna, Fitzherbert, Busreh.
Golden Sea, Garbutt, Durban.
Margha, Milne, London.

LOADING.

April 8.

Steamer Barala for Busreh.
Steamer Rinda for Colombo.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

(THURSDAY, April 8.)

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Cl Maciver, 2750, Malabar, 14/4, J Finlay and Co.
2 Kaiser-i-Hind, 5989, London, 10/4, M M and Co.
3 Grelcaldy, 2619, Hamburg, NF, L Edwards Ltd.
4 Britannia, 2751, Liverpool, 22/4, Grahams Tdg Co.
5 Sado Maru 3627, Kobe, 11/4, N R Kaisha.
6 Kildrecht, 3898, Karachi, 15/4, L Edwards Ltd.
7 Margha, 5091, Dunkirk, 8/4, M M & Co.
8 Isonzo II, 3428, NF, 10/4, L Triestino and M I.
11 Knoville City, 3450, Colombo 9/4, M M & Co.
14 Algic, 3373, Calcutta, 9/4, Volkart Bros.
15 Genova 4201, Genoa, 15/4, L Triestino & M I.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Hoogkerk, 3170, Hamburg, 10/4, E D Sassoon and Co.
2 Shinnoh Maru 3582, Japan, 10/4, O S. Kaisha.
4 Vasna, 2043, Busreh, 9/4, M M & Co.
6 Capo-di-Monte, 3544, Karachi, L I and M I S N Co.
7 Penang Maru, 3215, Japan, 10/4, N G Kaisha.
8 Nagpore, 3226, China, 9/4, M M & Co.
9 Olympia, 3289, Liverpool 14/4, Grahama's Trading Co.
10 Othello, 3,277, Karachi, 11/4, J Finlay and Co.
12/13 Crewe Hall, 2691, Karachi, N F James Finlay and Co.
15 Bankura, 1905, P Gulf, N F M M and Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A Kidderpore, 3,263, NF, NF, M M & Co.
B Nizam, 3334, Rangoon, NF, T Morrison and Co.
D/E Dogra, 3281, Calcutta, 10/4, T M and Co.
H Jamnagar, 278, Jamnagar, 10/4, Lalji Naranji and Co.
L/M Dara, 3082, NF, NF, T Morrison and Co.
N Tairea, 8756, Madras, 9/4, M M & Co.
K Gayani, 2627, NF, NF, H S Shushtary and Co.
P Gairsoppa, 3227, N F N F M M & Co.

EXPORTS.

April 8.

S. S. Kaiser-I-Hind for London :—15 cwts Steel Bars, Anglo Indian Trading Co, 41 bdles woollen carpets, H A Aminoff, 10 bales woollen carpets, Grindlay and Co Ltd, 1 bale Fox Skins, Grindlay and Co Ltd, 3 bales cow hides, H Noormahomed and H Eisa, 30 bales cow hides, P Haesam, 15 cases Bristles J A Begbie and Co Ltd, 7 cwts Cardamoms M Mulji and Co, 47 bales cow hides Ladhabhoy Tharia and Sons, 1 bale woollen carpets, Cox and King's Shipping Agency Ltd.

S. S. Genova for Genoa :—13,000 cwts Linseed, E D Sassoon and Co Ltd, 2,500 cwts Linseed, David Sassoon and Co Ltd, 220 bales cotton, The Patel Cotton Co Ltd, 168 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

For Naples :—110 bales cotton, F F Campbell and Co Ltd.

S. S. Capo-di-Monte for Genoa :—50 tons Cast Iron, Commercial Italo Indian Ltd, 3,000 cwts Linseed, E D Sassoon and Co Ltd, 110 tons old Iron, K M Nathoo, 1 bdle woollen carpets, S Ataullh.

S. S. Hoogkerk for Antwerp :—1 case Indian Carpets, Volkart Bros, 1 bdle Indian Carpets, Volkart Bros, 2,200 cwts Linseed oil cakes, N V Velmohomed, 990 cwts Jowaree, Ralli Bros.

For Hamburg :—500 cwts Myrabolams, M B Kaisha Ltd, 110 bales cotton, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

For Gothenburg :—10 cwts Cardamoms, R S Tata and Co.

S. S. Othello for Gothenburg :—50 bales Hemp, W Latham and Co Ltd.

For Antwerp :—110 bales cotton, K Devchand and Co, Ltd, 150 bales Hemp, W Latham and Co Ltd, 100 bales Hemp, S Parmanand, 55 bales cotton, Louis Dreyfus and Co, 110 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co, 330 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

For Hull :—200 cwts Cototon seed, Lyon Lord and Co Ltd, 4,000 cwts Castorseed, David Sassoon and Co Ltd.

For Antwerp :—420 cwts Gum Arabic, N Mulji and Co.

For Ghent :—220 bales cotton, H Nensey and Co, 220 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

S. S. Olympia for Liverpool :—12 bales silk waste, K Nixon and Co, 21 bales Goat hair, H R Rehmanbhai and Co, 4 bales wool, H R Rehmanbhai and Co, 50 bales cotton, Ralli Bros, 1,000 cwts Myrabolams, G Mulchand and Co, 203 bales wool, D Kondanmal, 61 bales wool, C Ghanshamdas, 120 bales cotton, Lyon Lord and Co Ltd.

For Philadelphia :—438 casks Goat Skins, Briskey Co.

For Glasgow :—47 cwts Wooden shooks and 12 cwts old iron Hoops, D Cowasji and Co Ltd.

For Marseilles :—55 bales cotton fly, Chachaty Cotton Export, 55 bales cotton, Louis Dreyfus and Co, 78 cwts Bees wax, P Kooverji and Co.

S. S. Sado Maru for Kobe :—100 bales cotton, G K Kaisha Ltd, 300 bales cotton, C Damji and Sons, 300 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton and Mfg Co Ltd, 500 bales cotton, T Co Ltd, 700 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

For Hongkong :—44 cwts Sandal wood, N B Mody and Co, 200 cwts Buffalo Pickers, D H Bharucha.

For Nagoya :—100 bales coton, G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Shanghai :—500 bales cotton, G K Kaisha Ltd, 1,000 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co Ltd, 750 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

S. S. Penang Maru for Moji :—300 bales cotton, Japan Cotton Trading Co Ltd.

For Kobe :—600 bales cotton, S Purshottam, 500 bales cotton, H Rambhagat and Co, 300 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co Ltd.

S. S. Nagpore for Hongkong :—100 bales cotton Grey Twist, C Bomanji and Co, 100 bales cotton, Grey Twist, David Sassoon and Co Ltd.

For Kobe :—500 bales cotton, G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Shanghai :—500 bales cotton, G K Kaisha Ltd, 300 bales cotton, A Damodar, 300 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

S. S. Shinnoh Maru for Hongkong :—76 cwts Cloves, E S Abdulkarim.

For Kobe :—20 bales cotton, Vurdhman Bros Ltd, 500 bales cotton, The Japan Trading and Mfg Co Ltd, 300 bales cotton, M Amersey and Co.

For Moji :—500 bales cotton, G K Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORT.

April 8.

S. S. Assyria, Agents Graham's Trading Co Ltd, from Liverpool :—13 cases cotton and Art silk piecegoods, 10 cases cotton yarn, 61 bales cotton yarn, 300 bales American cotton, 82 bales Paper, 436 bale; cottons and woollens, 288 cases cottons and woollens, 10 cases Art silk and cottons, 19 cases Sewing cotton caps and cards, 17 bales cotton fents, 59 bales old newspapers, 24 bales cotton wool, 125 bdles Galvd Plain Sheets, 9,430 bdles Galvd C Sheets, 125 bdles Galvd flat sheets, 3,000 bdles steel Hoops, 500 bdles Black Steel Sheets, 50 bdles Sted Condceit, 150 bdles Steel, 20 bdles Galvd Steel rods, 50 bdles steel Plates, 100 bdles Yellow Metal Sheets, 168 bdles Steel Rods, 1,000 pieces C I Traps, 74 loose iron weights, 425 bdles Steel Sheets, 22 bdles Galvd Bars, 63 bdles steel rims, 121 bdles and 36 pieces, 128 pkges Cycles and Motors Covers, Tubes, Tyres and Accessories, 107 cases Cigarettes and Tobacco, 140 cases Glycerine, 385 cases Beer, 107 cases Aluminium circles and Sheets, 44 cases Lead Plates, 1,298 K/Cases Cement Sheets, 150 S/Cases Galvd Ridging, 12 cases Slate Slabs, 28 cases Cycles and Parts and Frames and Lamps, 25 cases Ale, 35 cases Heel Tips, 20 cases Electric Cable, 21 cases Tin wase, 25 cases Galvd Ison Screws, 47 cases Colours, 29 cases Bobbins and Shuttles, 20 cases Nails, 24 cases Accumulators Parts, 495 K/Cases Glass Bottles, 100 bags Glass Bottles, 1,000 bags Soda ash, 50 bags Mawra flower, 60 casks Hoes, 15 casks E'ware, 31 crates E'ware, 39 crates E'ware Jars, 25 crates Stone Jars, 30 barrels Tallow, 142 pieces Tubes, 80 kegs Soda Crystal, 11 cases Steel Kegs, 29 cases window glass, 25 drums caustic soda, 17 drums zinc Chloride, 18 S/Cases Tiles, 1,277 kegs Paint, 10 drums Lubricating Oil, 365 drums Transil Oil, 55 bdles, 745 cases and 1,725 boxes Common and Toilet Soap, 20 coils Galvd wire, 12 cases Saws, 20 kegs Aniline Salt, 55 cases Iron Screws and Rivets, 24 cases Chocolate and Biscuits and Confectionery, 33 cases Fruit Essences, 10 cases Hams and Bacon, 200 D/Bags Salt, 10 cases Iron Nails, 13 cases Tinned fish, 12 cases Hammer Leads, 25 cases and 18 boxes Motor Truck Classics and Lorry Chassies, 62 boxes motor cars, 77 pieces Stone ware Pipes, 6 cases Brushes, 7 cases Oil Stoves, 10 cases Umbrella furniture, 17 casks Hammers, 7 casks Zinc Sheets, 10 casks Chains.

From Glasgow :—82 bales cottons and woollens, 350 cases cottons woollens, 42 cases Sewing Cotton reels and bulls, 70 cases wine, 325 cases Beer, 12 cases Printed Books, 100 cases Ale 175 Hhds Ale, 812 cases Whisky, 22 cases Marmalade, 75 cases Safety fuse, 1,160 pieces Stone ware and acid jars, 167 pieces and bdles Red Painted Tubes, 450 pieces C I Pipes, 85 pieces R W Connection, 7,630 Ingots Brass, 725 pieces R W Pipes, 65 bdles Shavels, 50 bdles Steel Sheets, 200 bdles Steel Bars, 57 Pieces Joists, 4,916 Plates Hard Spelter, 25 pieces C I Cisterns, 11 bdles W I Tubes and Fittings, 39 single Black Tubes, 16 bales Jute Carpeting, 169 bdles Paper, 17 bales cotton yarn, 40 kegs Lead and zinc dry, 60 casks Red Lead, 22 drums Tar Til, 27 drums composition, 14 casks Bichromate of Potash 5 cases Paraffin wax, 8 casks Bichromate of soda, 5 cases water meters, 12 pieces C I Valves, 8 casks old files, 8 cases Pickles and Sauce.

From Gibraltar :—7 cases Saffron, 1 H/hds wine.

S. S. Torilla, Agents M M and Co, from Calcutta :—627 bags Rice, 100 bags salt, 25 bags Cement, 48 drums Linseed Oil, 60 drums Black Enamel, 103 drums Paint, 338 kegs Paint, 19 cases Paint, 36 cases Medicines, 12 cases Soap, 38 cases Stationery, 480 bales Papers, 160 bales Gunnies Bags 16 bales Gunnies or H Cloth, 30 bdles Gunnies or H Cloth, 325 pieces C I Fitting, 50 cases Tea, 125 Chests Tea, 43 coils Manila rope, 150 kegs Red Dry, 8 kegs Red Lead, 28 drums Red Boot Topping, 11 pkges Tubes, 5 drums Turpentine Substitute.

From Colombo :—50 casks wine, 2 cases Cardeals, 442 cases Fruits, 75 cases Fruits, 146 casks Tallow, 73 pipes Tallow, 20 bags Peas.

From Tuticorin :—327 cases Tea, 97 bales cotton waste, 21 bales cotton yarn, 100 bdles mats.

From Cannanore :—56 bags copra 27 bags soap nuts, 14 bags Pepper, 6 bdles Sandal wood, 5 bales cotton Piecegoods.

From Tellicherry :—40 bags Pepper.

From Cochin :—499 cases Cocoanuts oil.

From Pannani :—549 bags Cocoanuts.

From Badagara :—101 bags Cocoanuts, 38 bags Copra.

40 million
prescribed portions of
VIROL
were given in
3,000 Hospitals
and Clinics last year

For over 20 years Virol has been prescribed by doctors and used in Hospitals. During all this time doctors have been carefully observing the effects of Virol, and proving its *permanent* good results over long periods of time.

School Children Need VIROL

The result is that they have enormously increased their use of Virol, until the prescribed portions in Hospitals and Clinics alone last year reached the colossal figure of 40 million.

The prescribing of Virol by Doctors is based on their knowledge that Virol not only contains those vital principles, including the three Vitamins, so often lacking in ordinary diet, but also supplies "every class of building material" in just that form required to create living tissue. Virol fortifies the whole system, strengthens the "weak spots," and builds up in convalescence.

VIROL—the Food for Growth and Development.

VIROL LTD., WINGER LANE, HALING, LONDON, W.5. ENGLAND.

Get your eyes examined by us and Save Your Consultation Fees.

To avoid mistakes please note our address carefully.

We give services of a qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon holding exceptional testimonials from the world-renowned Royal London (Moorfield) Ophthalmic Hospital for which we charge nothing.

Our charges are very moderate; our work prompt and accurate.

DINSHAW M. DASTOOR & COMPANY,
(ORIGINAL FIRM.)
OCULISTS AND OPTICIANS,
71, Esplanade Road, Opp. Bombay Club. - Fort, Bombay.

Have you Subscribed
TO
"THE VOLUNTEER"
for 1925?
IF NOT
You have missed a great Chance offered to You;
BECAUSE
IT CONTAINED
Concrete Suggestions and up-to-date Information
ABOUT
1. The National Volunteer Movement,
2. The necessity of military training,
3. The need of physical culture institutions,
4. The need of training, disciplining and organising the youths on a nation-wide scale,
5. The duties and responsibilities of volunteers
and
Such other important subjects.
But
Don't be disappointed
The Volunteer for 1926
will deal with
All the above subjects again in a more detailed manner than that in which it has
done last year
Will you miss
This second opportunity offered to you to study the movement?
We are sure You will not;
Because
It costs you only Rs. 3 per year for it.
General Manager,
"The Volunteer,"
HUBLI, Karnatak.

Where other Patents A failure!
P. RAMACHENDRAYYA, Esq;
Honorary Magistrate, Kurnool
"The 2 Doses of Kesari's LODHRA gave an instant relief in case of a dreadful disease of vomiting and chronic uterine disorders attended with fever, and in a case where many Indian and European medicines have failed. I will call it an 'Ambrosia.'"
For full Particulars consult your Chemists or Apply to
"Kesari Kuteeram", Egmore, Madras.
Bombay Agency with
KAVIRAJ PICHU AIYER.
17, Firdo Buildings,
Matunga, BOMBAY

FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY
Rupees
90
Will bring you securedly packed and freight paid to your Station
WELLINGTON
All British
Gents Roadster cycle with Dunlop Cord Tyres, B. S. A. free wheel, 2 rim brakes, mud-guards, 3 coil comfortable spring saddle rubber pedals, Lucas pathfinder oil lamp, King of bells, Dunlop plated pump, toolbag, complete set of tools, oiler. Rs. 25 must be sent as advance by M. O. the balance by V.P.P.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR CO.
Hornby Road, Bombay
& East Street Poona.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(From Our Correspondent)

April 8.

An advance of 12 to 7 points in old crop and 1 to 6 points in new crop in New York futures has been reported to-day. The market advanced on short covering on unfavourable Weekly Government weather report. Liverpool has been reported 9 to 10 points up. The advance was due to some buying.

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable dated 7th instant (4-50 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"Market dull and featureless. Business small."

The following cable has been received from Liverpool by Messrs. Thomas Smith and Co. Agents Messrs. M. and B. Stern:—

"The United States Bureau Weekly weather report states that the early part of the week was too cool and wet, little work being done. The end of the week, however, was more favourable and fair progress was made in the extreme Southern portion of the Belt, but the rest is backward."

The World's Spinners' takings of American cotton for week ending 3rd April were 208,000 bales. This makes the total takings from 1st August to date 11,720,000 bales against 10,847,000 bales for the same period last year, which shows an increase of 873,000 bales.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugar's New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co. cable under date 7th instant as under:—

"Weekly weather report unfavourable."

A small advance being reported in America the Marwari Bazar opened this morning steady at Rs. 350 1/2 for Broach April/May, and fluctuating within a rupee closed at Rs. 349 1/2. Commission Houses and Shroffs were moderate sellers. Broach July/August opened at Rs. 352 and closed at Rs. 351 1/2. Commission Houses were moderate sellers whilst Shroffs were buyers. At Sewri the Bazar opened at Rs. 349 1/4 for Broach April/May and closed easy at Rs. 348. Commission Houses and Offices were sellers.

Fine Oomra May opened at Rs. 321 and closed at Rs. 321 1/2. Whilst July opened at Rs. 323 and closed steady at Rs. 324 on buying by Shroffs. F. G. Bengal May and July were nominally quoted Rs. 264 and Rs. 268 respectively.

Our market for ready cotton remained quiet yesterday and the business doing was very moderate.

COTTON GREEN CLOSING QOUTATIONS.

AT 6 P.M.

Bombay, April 8.

Fully Good Broach April/May	348
Fully Good Broach July/August	380
Fully Good Bengal May	263
Fully Good Bengal July	267
Fine Oomra May	320½
Fine Oomra July	323

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 8.

Description.	Super-fine.	Fine	F Good	Good
M G Bengal	287	277	265	255
M. G Surat	433	428	418	408
M G Oomra No. 3	338	328	313	
M G Central Provinces No. 1	373	363	348	
M G Central Provinces No. 2	361	351	336	
M G Broach No. 2 ...	375	368	358	350
M G Punjab/American	393	383	372	362
M G Naosari	453	448	438	428

EAST INDIAN COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, April 8.

Fully Good Broach April/May	350
Fully Good Broach July/August	[illegible]
Fully Good Bengal May	263
Fully Good Bengal July	267
Fine Oomra May	321
Fine Oomra July	323
F G Southerns May/June	323

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 8.

	Ready. New.	May.
Bengal Superfine M.G.	285	.....
Bengal Fine M G	272/75	.....
Bengal F G M G	260/65	265
Sindh/Punjab Fine M G	270/72	.....
Sindh/Punjab F G M G	260	.....
Punjab/Americans F G M G	350/80	.....
Wardha/Hingt Fine M G	250/260	.....
Nagpur Fine M G	350/360	.....
Fine M G	[illegible]	.....
Pulgaon Fine M G	330/50	.....
Fine M G	330/50	.....
Amraoti Fine M G	310/30	.....
Khamgaon/Akola Fine M G	310/30	323
Julkapur Fine M.G.	300/10	.....
Khandesh Fine M.G.	300/10	.....
Khandesh F.G. M.G	.....	.....
Broach Fine M G	368/70	.....
Broach Fully Good M G	360	351
Muthia Fine M.G	280	.....
Muthia F. G. M. G.	270	.....
Dharwar S G.	.....	.....
Coompta M G	375	.....
Westerns M.G.	325/40	.....
Westerns H.G.	.....	.....
Miraj M G	375/80	.....
Cambodia F G M G	410	.....
Navsari F G M G	.....	.....
Surat F G M G	.....	.....
Kadi/Viramgaon F G M G	.....	.....
Dhollera F G M G	.....	.....
Kalagin F G M G	.....	.....

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, April 8.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc. for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 7th April, 1926:—

Cotton	21,574 Bales
Wheat	18,797 Cwt.
Linseed	21,275 Cwt.
Rape etc.	1,918 Cwt.
Gingellyseed	1,079 Cwt.
Poppyseed	Nil.
Groundnuts	4,672 Cwt.
Castorseed	14,503 Cwt.
Rice	132,594 Cwt.
Myrabollams	13,911 Cwt.
Cottonseed	20,331 Cwt.
Mowrasseed	Nil.
Gram	7,481 Cwt.
Juwar	5,298 Cwt.
Masur	Nil.
Barley	705 Cwt.
Bajri	3,785 Cwt.
Coal	1,937 Tons.

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIAN COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay April 8.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	Since 1st September This Year.	Last Year.
Khandesh	392	2,84,898	2,,70037
Central India ..	2042	3,34,964	2,93,479
Barsi and Nagar ..	1.243	1,88.577	1,75,099
Hyderabad-Gaorani	75	68,036	89,001
Berar	3,662	4,39,169	5,26,132
Central Provinces ..	355	2.25,667	2,42.780
Total Oomras ..	7,679	15,41,311	15,96,528
Dholera	5.859	1,87.304	1,22,014
N.W. Provinces ..	77	1,27,061	1,28,729
Rajputana	227	87,619	55,027
Sind-Punjab ..	2.862	2,42,820	3,40,387
Broach	2,789	2.93.311	2,28.836
Coompta & Dharwar	1442	38,283	36,927
Westerns-Northerns	339	23,878	29.829
Coconada	..	1,476	927
Tinnevelly and Cambodia ..	300	8,031	9,875
Persian	..	2.367	2.823
American	..	1.310	9,062
Egyptian and African		41,974	29,539
Comilla, Burma & other sorts ..	..	468	3,487
Total	21,574	25,97,213	25,93,990

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	1st Sept. to 1st April. This year	Last year
Europe	1,747	3,78,880	3,86,247
Japan & China ..	2,550	12,49,247	11,79.397
Coast Ports ..		19,274	12,560
Up-country by Rail. ..		56,715	9,170
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		50.014	63,868
Total ..	11,247	17,54,130	16,51,242

COTTON.

Liverpool, April 7.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 5,000 bales.
Tot l Day's Sales on Spec. & for Exp. 500 bales
Total Day's Sales of East Indian 300 bales.

Mid. American Spot 10.06d.

Egyptian F. G. F. Sakellaridis 15.60d.

New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time):—

May	18.80
July	18.30
October	17.58

New York Noon Call:—

May	18.81
July	18.30
October	17.56

New Orleans 10 a.m.:—

May	18.08
October	16.92

COTTON—OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, April 7.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

May	9.44	+.03
July	9.32	+.03
October	9.10	+.04
January	9.01	+.04

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, April 7.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool:—

April	9.54	+.10
May	9.50	+.09
June	9.42	+.09
July	9.38	+.09
August	9.29	+.10
September	9.22	+.10
October	9.16	+.10
November	9.07	+.10
December	9.07	+.10
January	9.07	+.10
February	9.06	+.10
March	9.06	+.10
April	9.04	+.10

EGYPTIAN COTTON—CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, April 7.

April	14.98	+.07
May	14.88	+.07
June	14.63	+.08
July	14.53	+.08
August	14.53	+.08
September	14.53	+.08
October	14.49	+.07
November	14.25	+.05
December	14.17	+.05
January	14.10	+.05
February	14.10	+.05
March	14.10	+.05
April	14.10	+.05

COTTON—ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

London, April 7.

Scinde "Good"	6.30
Scinde "Fully Good"	6.70
Scinde "Fine"	7.10
Bengal "Good"	6.40
Bengal "Fully Good"	6.80
Bengal "Fine"	7.20
Oomra "Good"	7.10
Oomra "Fully Good"	7.50
Oomra "Fine"	7.90
Broach "Good"	7.90
Broach "Fully Good"	8.30
Broach "Fine"	8.70

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, April 7.

COTTON:—

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	19,000 bales.	
Day's Exports to Great Britain	1,000 bales.	
Day's Exports to Continent	5,000 bales.	
Futures at New York:—		
May	18.79 plus	.12
July	18.25 plus	.07
October	17.51 plus	.06
Spot Cotton at New York	19.30	+.10
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ...	18.33	+.12
Futures at New Orleans:—		
May	18.07 plus	.12
October	16.85 plus	.03

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality(17—3/8.
Demand Bills 4,85,93.
Silver Foreign Mined 65—3/4.

CLOSING PRICES AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 7.

Futures at New York:—

May	18.79	+.12
July	18.25	+.07
October	17.51	+.06
December	17.17	+.03

Liverpool, April 7.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool:—

May	9.50	+.09
July	9.38	+.09
October	9.16	+.10
December	9.07	+.10

WHEAT.

London, April 7.

Barletta Russo—61lbs. April/May Sellers 52/3
Rozario Santa Fe—58½lbs. April/May Sellers 50/9.
TONE:—Steady but quiet.
Australian April/May Buyers 57/6.
TONE:—Steady but quiet.
Cargo South Australian:—
United Kingdom Paid February 57/6.
Cargo Victorian:—
Italy Paid February 57/6.

SEEDS.

London, April 7.

Linseed Argentine (La-Plata):—
April/May Buyers £14—1/4.
May/June Sellers £14—7/16.
June/July Sellers £14—9/16.
TONE:—Quiet.
Cottonseed Bombay: April/May Sellers 7—7/16.
TONE:—Quiet.
Castorseed Bombay April/May Sellers 17½.
TONE:—Rather easier.
Linseed Bombay April/May Nominal £17 5/8.
Rapeseed, Ferozepore, Usual Bold, per ton: April/May Sellers £19—1/4.
Rapeseed, Toria, per ton: April/May Buyers £19—7/8.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, per ton: Not quoted.
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore, per ton: April/May Sellers £18—3/8.
TONE of Aapeseed:—Firmly held. Tendency is rather better.
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore April/May Sellers £20—3/8.

LINSEED.

London, April 7.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags:—
April/May Buyers 16—1/4.
May/June Sellers 16—3/8.
TONE:—Quiet.
Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net:—
May/Aug. Buyers 29/7—1/2.
Sept/Decr. Buyers 30.

RUBBER.

London, April 7.

Para Up River Fine, Spot May/June Value 26.
TONE:—Dull.
Plantation First Latex Crepe, spot Buyers 27: Sellers 27—1/2.
TONE:—Closed steadier.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, April 7.

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta:—
July/Sept. Sellers 14/10—1/2.
Oct/Decr. Sellers 15.
Jan/March Sellers 15/1—1/2.
Fine White Java C. and F. Bombay:—
July/Sept. Sellers 15/1.
Fine White Java C. and F. Karachi:—
July/Sept. Sellers 15/1—3/4.

BARLEY.

London, April 7.

Karachi Barley:—Not quoted.

FREIGHT OF COAL.

London, April 7.

Cardiff to Bombay 16/6.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, April 8.

3½ per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 75/10.
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs 91/8
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 100/4.
5 per cent Loan 1935 Rs. 100/4.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs 103/0.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 105/10
5 1/2 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1928 Rs. 106/8.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1926 Rs. 100/14.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1927 Rs. 102/4.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs 105/12
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs 106/8.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 106/12.
6 1/2 per cent B'bay Devp. Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 110/4.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 80/4.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 81.
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1976 Rs. 80/4.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 107/4.
6 per cent. Municipal due 1929/49 Rs. 102/8.
Tone of market:—Steady.

SHARES.

London, April 7.

Hongkong Bank £125.
Chartered Bank £20—1/8 ex. Dividend and bonus.
National Bank £47—1/4.
P and O. Bank £9—3/8.
Eastern Bank £5—3/4 ex. Dividend.

BOMBAY SHARE BAZAAR.

The Share Market was entirely closed yesterday on account of the Inward payment day of the April Settlement.

THE EAST INDIA COTTON ASSN. LTD.

INDIAN WEEKLY STATISTICS.

6th April 1926

RECEIPTS
Week ending 27th Mar.

	1926 Bales.	1925 Bales.
Calcutta	1439	4418
Bombay	92506	130711
Karachi	27944	46396
Madras	1680	Nil
Rangoon	*790	—
Tuticorin	1053	Nil
Total	125412	181525

EXPORTS
Week ending 27th Mar.

	1926. Bales	1925 Bale
Calcutta	571	1014
Bombay	122785	98195
Karachi	24562	55709
Madras	230	874
Rangoon	3444	2694
Tuticorin	123	64
Total	151715	158550

RECEIPTS
1st Sept. to 27th Mar.

	1925-26	1924-25
Calcutta	38633	60837
Bombay	2488984	2423459
Karachi	958418	813299
Madras	63072	1450
Rangoon	15698	..
Tuticorin	14931	548
Total	3579736	3299593

*to 20th Mar.

EXPORTS
1st Sept. to 20th Mar. 1926

	1925-26	1924-25
Calcutta	14446	20367
Bombay	1599191	1527662
Karachi	650380	489110
Madras	48826	19343
Rangoon	55031	59540
Tuticorin	43478	21468
Total	2411332	2137490

Includes Coastal Ports and reshipments o Foreign cotton

RECEIPTS into BOMBAY from KARACHI

Week ending 5th April 1926	1925	1st Sept. to 5th April 1925-26	1924-25
2753	2278	73133	130421

EXPORTS from KARACHI.

Week ending 29th Mar.

	1926	1925
United Kingdom	Nil	Nil
Continent	8234	28767
China	3902	3650
Japan	13166	11064
Bombay	4000	36 2
U. S. A.	3250	Nil
Total	32582	44133

1st Sept. to 29th Mar.

	1925-26	1924-25
United Kingdom	45026	33417
Continent	249021	248887
China	89256	45691
Japan	257877	123445
Bombay	68428	126467
U. S. A.	11967	6490
	721675	589397

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS.

Bombay, April 8.

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay):—

	Rs. As. Ps.
KHADI:—	
Textile Per lb	0 13 6
Century ,,	0 12 0
Jacob ,,	0 12 0
E. D. Sassoon ,,	0 12 0
Elphinstone ,,	0 12 0
Bombay Cotton ,,	0 11 6
Jamshed ,,	0 11 6
LONG CLOTH (Full weight) 34/40 In.—	
Standard ,,	1 2 9
Century ,,	1 2 6
Hindustan ,,	1 3 0
Fazel (Mahal) ,,	1 3 0
Phoenix ,,	1 2 6
Pabaney (Phoolmala) ,,	1 2 6
Manekji (Patangia) ,,	1 1 9
Kaliamardan ,,	1 2 6
Daud Sahib ,,	1 1 3
LONG CLOTH (Light weight) No. 5202/5303:—	
Rachael Mill Per lb.	1 3 0
Hindustan ,,	1 2 9
David Mills ,,	1 3 6
Apollo ,,	1 3 0
E D Sassoon ,,	1 2 6
LONG CLOTH X Quality:—	
Kohinoor Mill ,,	1 2 0
Swan Finlay ,,	1 2 0
Gold Mohor ,,	1 1 0
LONG CLOTH Satin Calender 32-42 In.—	
Textile (Mand ,,	1 1 6
Spring (Merchant) ,,	1 1 6
Century (Bugle) ,,	1 1 0
Apollo (Pyala) ,,	1 0 6
Tata Mill (Darji) ,,	1 1 3
Sakuntala ,,	1 1 0
Sundari Brand ,,	1 1 0
DHOOTIES 7 8 9 Yards:—	
Spring (Balance) ,,	1 3 0
Jacob E D ,,	1 1 0
Century ,,	1 2 6
DHOOTIES 10 Yards:—	
Spring (Balance) ,,	1 2 0
Century ,,	1 1 6
Jacob E. D. ,,	1 0 0
1368 Tata ,,	3 4 0
CHECK GREY DRILL x lbs. 5:—	
Bombay Cotton Per Piece	4 12 0
Jamshed ,,	4 12 0
Century ,,	5 0 0
Pearl Pabaney £5 ,,	5 8 0
Hindustan No. 902 ,,	5 4 0
BLEACHED CHECK:—	
Kasturchand Mill:— ,,	6 5 0
Bombay United ,,	0 0 0
BLACK CHECK:—	
5800 Sholapur ,,	12 4 0
Textile Mills 23 1/2 ,,	5 0 0
GABBUN No. 5124:—	
Pearl Pabaney ,,	9 5 0
Hindustan ,,	9 6 0
E. D. Rachael ,,	7 12 0
SALITA:—	
Century Per lb.	1 0 6
Textile ,,	1 0 6
Spring (Merchant) ,,	1 1 0
STRIPED SADIS Yards 12:—	
777 Kohinoor Per Piece	2 11 0
777 Crescent ,,	2 11 0
DUKDI Yards 12 13 14:—	
Kanta Per lb	1 5 6
Great ,,	1 5 0
Phoenix ,,	1 6 0
CHADAR KORI CALENDER:—	
Hindustan Per piece	0 0 0
David ,,	0 0 0

MACHINE TOOLS for WORKSHOPS
SUCH AS
Lathes, Drills, Planning, Punching, Shearing, Milling Machines, Blowers, Twist Drills, etc.
DELIVERY FROM STOCK
BATLIBOI & Co.,
MACHINERY MERCHANTS,
Forbes Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

WHAT IS YOUR GOAL

Many people SAVE for rainy days.
Some people SAVE for a Home or a Motor Car.
Some SAVE for Holiday Enjoyment.
Others in order to give education to their children when they grow up.
Some SAVE to live comfortably when they retire from active work.
Others SAVE to see their children live comfortably after them.
Whatever be your goal the only SURE way of reaching it is by Regular Saving and Prudent Investing.
Choose your goal, and open a HOME SAVINGS BANK account with the CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
Determine what you should save each month and deposit that amount regularly.
S. N. POCHKHANAWALA,
Managing Director.

THE METAL MERCHANTS' CO

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper.
Daily Quotations.

BRASS.

Bombay, April 8.

Per md.	Rs. a. p.
Brass, English 3/4	56 8 0
Brass, English 1	57 8 0
Brass, English 1½	56 8 0
Brass, English 1¼	55 0 0
Brass, English 1½	55 8 0
Brass, English 2	55 8 0
Brass, German 3/4 to 2	53 8 0

COPPER.

Bombay, April 8.

Per md.	Rs. a. p.
Copper, French 3/4 to 2	56 12 0
Copper, German ¾	57 0 0
Copper German 1	58 8 0
Copper German 1½	57 8 0
Copper American 1¼	60 0 0
Copper American 1½	60 0 0
Copper American 2	60 0 0
Japanese Copper Bars	56 0 0
Panchteka joint	25 8 0
Copper English Bars	56 8 0
Brass Bars	41 0 0
Pat Khai	70 0 0
Lead Pengoni	[illegible]
Lead, Country	23 0 0
Koger Brass, Metal ¾	[illegible]
Koger Brass, Metal 1	51 12 0
Koger Brass Metal 1¼	51 8 0
Koger Brass, Metal 1½, 1¾ to 2	51 0 0
German Copper 1½ to 1¾ to 2	58 0 0
American Copper 3/4	58 0 0
American Copper 1 to 1¼	60 0 0
English Copper ¾	57 0 0
English Copper 2	57 12 0

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

Daily Quotations

Bombay, April 8.

Per lb.	Rs. a. p.
Silapurji No. 6½	0 7 3
Finix No. 6½	0 7 6
Kilachand No. 8½	0 8 6
David No. 10½	0 9 9
Shapurji No. 10½	0 9 3
Tricumdas No. 10½	0 9 6
Currimbhoy No. 12½	0 10 0
Tricumdas No. 12½	0 10 3
Kilachand No. 14½	0 10 0
Kilachand No. 20½	0 11 0
Japan No. 20	0 12 6
Japan No. 32	1 1 6
Japan No. 40	1 3 6
Japan No. 42½	1 5 9

METAL REPORT.

London, April 7.

Tin Block £283—3/4.
English best Selected Copper £61—1/4.
Standard Copper G. M. B. £57—9/16.
Copper Braziers £74.
Yellow Metal 69.
Hard Spelter 30—3/4.
Corrugated Sheets £15—5/8.

C. M. PAREKH'S QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 8.

JUTE:—Albion 430; Alliance 434; Anglo-India 360; Auckland 191; Barnagore 136; Bally 152; Birla 6/12; Belvedere 400; Budge-Budge 383; Caledonian 480; Chandani 132; Clive 30/4; Craig 4/4; Cleviot 216/8; Dalhousie 317; Delta 420; Empire 41; Fort Gloster 687; Fort William 248; Gouripore 630; Hukumchand 8/10; Hooghly 65/8; Howrah 32; Kamarhatty 480; Kankanarrah 378; Kelvin 700; Kinnison 855; Lansdowne 225; Lawrence 502; Lothian 350; Naihati 290; National 24/4; New Central 470; Northbrook 41; Orient 173; Presidency 8/8; Reliance 53/8; Standard 345; Union 460; Waverly 6/6; Jessica 10/8; Jute 97.

COTTON:—Dumbar 148. Keshavram Cotton 4.

MISCELLANEOUS:—B. I. Corporation 4; Burma Corp. 10/8; I. I. Still 20; Imperial Bank 1482; Imperial Contv. 384.

REMARKS: Jute shares opened steady; closing strong. Business difficult on account of disturbances between Hindus and Mahomedans.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.
FOURTH DAY OF NATIONAL WEEK.

P. and O. s.s. "Ranpura" with English mails of March 25, due at 5 a.m.

Public lecture on "Politics of the unarmed," "Congress House," 6-30 p.m., Maulana Saukat Ali to preside.

SATURDAY, April 10.
FIFTH DAY OF NATIONAL WEEK.

The s.s. "Kaisar-i-Hind leaves with the English mails at 1 p.m.

Bombay Tenants' Association Meeting, Apollo Bunder, Alfred Sailors' Home, Superintendent's Quarters, 6-15 p.m.

Exhibition of the Petit Gymnasium, the Esplanade, 5-15 p.m., Sir D. M. Petit to preside.

Public lecture on "National Week and our Duty" Dalmia Building, Lady Hardinge Road, Matunga, 9 p.m.

Prize Distribution to members of Hindu Champion team, P. J. Hindu Gymkhana Queen's Road, 5-30 p.m., Mr. L. R. Tairsee to preside.

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY

The monthly meeting of the Society will be held a the Physiology school. Grant Medical College to-day (Friday) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

BANK RATE.

The Imperial Banks of India Rate of Interest on Demand Loans on Government Paper remains unchanged at 6 per cent.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, China and Japan per s.s. "Penang Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30pm. to-day (Friday).

BAND AT ESPLANADE BANDSTAND

The Band of the 1/4th Bombay Grenadier's will play a programmeof music at the Esplanade Bandstand to-day (Friday) at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.)

TO-DAY'S RADIO.

A select programme of Indian Music will be broadcast by the Bombay Presidency Radio Club to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m. Call Sign 2 F.V. Wave-length 387 Metres.

PRIZES TO QUADRANGULAR CHAMPIONS

A prize distribution ceremony will be held at the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana to-morrow (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. when Mr. L. R. Tairsee will preside and give away prizes to the members of the Champion Team of the Quadrangular Tournament of 1925.

TEACHING OF GEOGRAPHY IN SCHOOLS.

At the meeting of the Bombay Teachers' Union, to be held in the hall of the Secondary Training College at 6 p.m. to-day (Friday) Mr. Kar will speak on "Teaching of Geography in schools." All teachers are cordially invited to attend.

"AT HOME" TO ALIGARH HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

The Muslim members of the Y.M.C.A., Byculla Branch, will be "At Home" to the members of the Aligarh University Hockey Team at the Y. M. C. A. Reynold's Road, Byculla to-day (Friday) at 7 p.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The N.Y.K. Steamer "Bengal Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on the 6th inst., and is due to arrive here on Saturday morning, the 10th at day-light.

S.S. "Yamagata Maru" left Kobe for Bombay via ports of Call on the 2nd inst., and is due to arrive here on or about the 28th idem.

The P. & O. Mail Steamer "Naldera" with the Mails from Bombay of 3rd instant arrived at Aden at 4 p.m. on the 7th inst. and left there at 7 p.m the same day.

JAIN DONATION OF RS. I LAKH,

Seth Vadilal Sarabhai of Ahmedabad, a share-broker, has given a donation of rupees one lakh to the Trustees of the Mahavira Jaina Vidyalaya with a proposal to utilize the [illegible] of the said institution, and join the donor's name

A public meeting to announce the said donation will be held to-day (Friday) at 8 p.m. at the premises of the premises of the institution at Gowalia Tank Road when Sir Prabhashankar D. Pattani will preside.

JAPANESE SMUGGLER CONVICTED.

Yesterday a Japanese named Kinoshi Kamamura was sent to jail convicted for illicit possession of cocaine. He was prosecuted by Exeise Inspector Fernandez-Velloz before the Third Presidency Magistrate of Bombay, Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, at the Esplanade, Police Court. The accused was adjusting his dress on Thursday morning in the Alexandra Dock, when Mr. Daniel Leao. Candidate Preventive Officer, suspecting some foul play followed him up to the gate. There he pointed him out to the Preventive Officer on duty, Mr. Carneiro, who arrested the Japanese and on searching him found three bags of cocaine concealed round his waist. The drug weighed 23 1|2 ounces. The Magistrate sentenced the accused to four months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500, or three months' additional imprisonment.

KILLED ON THE RAILS.

Caught between an electric train and a post Gopal Kandi, a Hindu labourer was severely injured and died at the J. J. Hospital to-day of a ruptured spleen.

On Tuesday morning Gopal was walking along the G. I. P. Railway lines between Matunga and Sion. He ignored the warning of some workmen who said that an electric train might come at any moment. Before Gopal had gone many paces an electric train whistled. Although there was enough room for him to get off the lines, he ran into the space between the rails and a pillar with the result that he was badly hurt. When the train had passed he was found on the ground bleeding. The matter was reported to the station master at Sion and the injured man was taken to hospital.

A verdict of accidental death while trespassing on the railway line was recorded at the inquest to-day.

PALMING OFF USED TICKETS

TWO CONDUCTORS CONVICTED

Two conductors of the Tramway Company were convicted by Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, Third Presidency Magistrate, for cheating the Company in respect of one anna each by issuing used tickets.

In the first case Ramchandra Balaji, a conductor, was charged with criminal breach of trust by Mr. B. S. Chinoy, the Prosecuting Officer of the Tramway Company. A tramway inspector on duty found that the accused had issued a used ticket to a passenger. The ticket was really meant for a journey in the opposite direction.

Mr. Vicaji who appeared for the Company said he did not want to press the charge as the accused was a new employee being only 4 days in service.

Mr. Athavale, pleader, who appeared for the accused, pleaded for a lenient sentence as he was hungry at the time and wanted an anna for tiffin and as such succumbed to the temptation.

The accused was sentenced to a day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 12.

The second, Sardar Sher, who also pleaded guilty to the charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of one anna, was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 30 or to suffer one month's hard labour.

SCARE AT GIRGAUM POLICE COURT.

A MAN THROWS SHOES AT MAGISTRATE

On Tuesday afternoon at Girgaum Police Court when Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala was engaged in recording a sessions case, a man by thee name of Karmavir Bhagvan dressed in a dirt covered navy blue suit flung pair of old shoes at the Magistrate which fortunately fell between the railing in front of the Court and the Bar table. The man who threw the shoes came out from the last row of benches at the furthest end of the Court room and walking up to the Court Interpreter, handed him a piece of paper containing some Gujarati writing. The Interpreter read out the contents which contained some details of his alleged past exploits and concluded that he had dismissed Mr. Khandalawala and if his worship would not vacate his office within 24 hours the writer would proceed with the matter in Parliament.

The Police took the man into custody and was again brought to Court on Wednesday afternoon, when it was ascertained that he had twice gone to England as the cook of a Bania gentleman. It was also alleged that he had distributed leaflets in Baroda announcing that the Maharajah had been deposed. He was placed on a charge sheet by Deputy Inspector R. N. Savant, who applied that he might be sent to the Police Surgeon for observation. The police officer also read out a stamped notice which the accused had addressed to the Commissioner of Police sometime ago:—"On March 15, I filed a case on a two-rupee stamp in the High Court of Bombay. My photo is also published in several papers in Bombay. You will, therefore, please arrest me in 24 hours. In default of your failing to do so you will be held responsible by me. Yours faithfully, Sd. Karmavir, (on an anna stamp) and dated March, 19, 1926."

The Magistrate ordered him to be sent to the Police Surgeon and postponed the case till April 16.

CHINESE INTERPRETER CHARGED WITH SMUGGLING

At the Mazgaon Police Court on Thursday morning Henry Lo Hing, aged 25 years, who acted as Chinese interpreter in the Police Courts, was charged by Inspector Marchant of the Excise with illicit possession of cocaine and disposing of the same.

On receipt of certain information, one Khan was sent with marked coins to purchase four grains of cocaine valued at one rupee. The informant met the accused at the corner of the 5th Kamatipura lane at about 11 p.m. last night and purchased four packets each containing one grain of cocaine. On a given signal, Mr. Marchant rushed up and effected the arrest of Lo Hing and the marked coins were found in his possession.

As the accused wanted to engage a pleader, Mr. G. K. Khairaz before whom he was put up, adjourned further hearing till the 16th instant and released the accused on bail in the sum of Rs. 50 and one surety in like amount.

Lo Hing has been acting as a Chinese interpreter for over two years and he has appeared chiefly in cases of illicit possession of cocaine, charas and opium.

FATAL FALL FROM SECOND FLOOR

On Wednesday afternoon Ahmed Gaiboo a Mohamedan painter (25) was painting a roof on the second floor of Wilson House, at Sassoon Dock Cross Road, when the scaffolding on which he was standing gave way and he fell to the ground from a height of about thirty feet. He was taken to the G. T. Hospital but died on the way.

LEAGUE FOOTBALL.

LONDON, April 7.

In the first division of League Football Bolton beat Sunderland by three goals to two.—(R.T.)

HIGH COURT

SENSATIONAL BORAH CASE.

HABEAS CORPUS WRIT AGAINST M. ALLABUX.

IS NON-COMPLIANCE CONTEMPT OF COURT?

The Court-room was crowded to its utmost capacity by members of the Borah community, lawyers and others when the further hearing was resumed yesterday, before the Hon. Justice Sir Lallubhai Shah at the High Court, of the writ of "habeas corpus" taken out by Ismailji Abdullali against Mahmadally Allabux directing him to produce his two minor daughters Husseina and Amina in Court on the grounds of alleged illegal confinement.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, instructed by Messrs. Dabholkar Jeshtaram and Co., appeared for the petitioner, while Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Advocate, with Mr. R. G. Munsiff, Bar-at-Law, represented the respondent.

Arguing on the writ, Mr. Desai submitted that the girls could not be produced despite all efforts made by his client to bring them down to Bombay. They were now living at a place outside the jurisdiction of this Court and much as they endeavoured to persuade the girls to leave their residence at Gadagra in the State of Junagad, they would not come. In fact, they flatly refused to leave that place and the respondent could not lawfully be expected to bring them down by means of physical force. The girls were now with Usufalli, a man of position at Gadagra and they had clearly and emphatically expressed their unwillingness to leave the place.

DISOBEYING THE COURT.

His Lordship: I do not think that the willingness or unwillingness of the girls is a material point. The object of the process is to obtain the production of the girls and the point is whether sufficient excuse or reason is made for the non-compliance of the Writ. If the Court finds there was no justifiable reason, your client is guilty of contempt of court for disobeying the order of the Court.

Counsel: The Court would have to come to the conclusion that the respondent is designedly keeping them back. The question would then arise whether the present rule was one for contempt. I submit that this is not a rule for contempt.

Proceeding, Mr. Desai argued that the only issue before the Court was whether his client was deliberately keeping the minors back and whether the whole explanation was a put up job. The respondent had done all that was humanly possible for him to produce the children, but had failed to do so. It was for the petitioner to prove that his client was deliberately avoiding the Court by not producing the girls. The fact was the girls were not in the custdoy of his client. If the children were not willing to go back, counsel asked whether the Court would contemplate with equanimity any action on the part of his client which would smack of an unlawful act, as for instance by employing physical force on the girls for the purpose of bringing them away from a place which was out of the jurisdiction of this Court and from the custody of another person.

His Lordship: Supposing they are your children in the same position as your children would be and if your children sat down in the station refusing to budge an inch, would you leave them there?

Counsel: I will apply to Court and say I am only a guardian and ask for custody.

His Lordship: Being in custody you must exercise your power.

Counsel:—The petitioner has revoked the custody given to me and I have no right of custody. The only thing I can do if the children are unwilling to come is to go and apply to a proper Court and say the children are unwilling to come. I was only a guardian under the agreement, that contract has been revoked, with the result I am no longer the lawful guardian. Therefore, the position is the only thing my client can do is to use every unmalicious method of dealing with the case.

GIRLS' ALLEGED REFUSAL.

Continuing, Mr. Desai stated that one fact was absolutely clear that the children unequivocally declared, "we won't go." It was for the other side to show that his client was in a position to lawfully produce the children by force if they were unwilling. Counsel submitted that his client had shown sufficient reason for non-compliance of the writ. In fact, the children, being frightened by their pressure to bring them here, had taken refuge in another's custody.

His Lordship: These minor girls seem to have extraordinary determination of will!

Counsel: I say that at all events I have made every effort to persuade them to come and I have not succeeded.

Mr. Desai submitted that the respondent had no intention whatever to defy the order of the Court. He was now in a helpless situation. Counsel ventured to make a statement to the effect that his client was prepared to accompany a bailiff of the Court and the petitioner for the purpose of bringing the minors to Bombay, promising that he would not make the smallest obstruction.

His Lordship: All this sort of ostensible difficulty can be real or unreal and the only question I have to decide is whether there is any reality about the whole thing.

Counsel: It may be an unreality if the Court comes to the conclusion that Usufally was persuaded or influenced by the respondent to keep back the girls. But the documents go to prove the absolute bona fides of his client.

Mr. Desai, in conclusion, read the correspondence which had passed between his client and Usufally, emphasising that the respondent had tried his best to bring the girls in Court, but had not succeeded. Counsel also referred to certain documents of witnesses from the Junagad State decosing to the steps taken by the respondent to get at the girls. The present case against his client was the result of malice on the part of the petitioner and certain others who were the avowed enemies of the Mullaji Saheb and the respondent.

STAGE-MANAGED DEFENCE.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad contended that the only issue which the Court had to decide was whether the respondent had shown sufficient cause for disobeying the Writ. Counsel was prepared to show on the affidavits on record that the respondent had dishonestly and consumately executed a "scheme" to defeat the order of this Court. In his affidavit, Mahomedally had expressly stated that the girls were entrusted to him by the petitioner and were in his custody. The very reading of the document which he had now put forward showed how put up the whole job was. The speeches of the Village Patel of Gadagra and the girls, alleged to have been made, were all engineered and stage-managed by the respondent. Mahomedally, in his first affidavit stated that the girls were in his custody and now he stated that the minors were wih Usufally and that they were unwilling to come.

It was therefore obvious that the respondent was defying the order of the Court. Usufally was merely his "creature" put forward to throw dust into the eyes of the Court.

Sir Chimanlal then commented on the depositions of the Fouzdar and Patel of Junagadh State which, he said, were also got up by the respondent.

After Mr. Desai had replied, his Lordship reserved judgment till to-day.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION AGAINST PLEADER.

PETITION FOR REVIEW.

Mr. R. K. Dadachanji, B.A., LL.B., whose "sanad" has been temporarily suspended by the High Court for alleged unprofessional conduct has filed a petition for review of the order, which will come up before a Full Bench. As Mr. Justice Madgaonker is at present engaged in the Criminal Sessions, the hearing has been postponed till after the summer vacation.

The petition covers about 80 grounds, and may occupy about a week. It, therefore, promises to be a record hearing.

MURDER OF RIVAL TRADER.

ACCUSED GETS 5 YEARS.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Madgaonkar and a special jury, one Udhoji Nathoo was charged, under Section 302 of the Indian Penal Code, with having committed the murder of one Rana Haridas on or about the 10th of January last.

The Advocate-General with Mr. Gomes, Barrister-at-Law, appeared for the prosecution, while Mr. V. G. Dalvi, Bar-at-Law, defended the accused.

It appears that the deceased Rana Haridas was a hawker in cloth. On the 10th of January, 1926, he was sitting at the junction of Bhuleshwar Road and Pinjrapole lane at about 2-30 p.m. and the deceased was standing near the shop of one Sakharam Narayan near the spot, selling cloth. The accused, who is also a hawker came up there, started abusing the deceased and said: "You have spoiled my business; you have made me starve." He then hit the deceased who fell on the ground crying "Are, Bapare" (Oh, father!) Upon this, Sakharam Narayan caught hold of the accused; but the latter managed to get himself free and ran in the direction of Pinjrapole Lane. Shortly after, Sakharam Narayan saw the deceased bleeding from the mouth. A policeman was sent for and on his arrival while the deceased was being placed in a victoria he expired. The Police Constable took charge of a penknife which was found on the spot. The accused was arrested at Dadar Station at 8-45 p.m. on the same day, while purchasing a ticket for Bombay.

The plea of the accused was mainly of self-defence.

The jury brought in an unanimous verdict of guilty of culpable homicide, and His Lordship sentenced the accused to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ELECTION DISPUTES.

JUDGMENT NOT DELIVERED.

On Wednesday, the injunction which had been issued by the Bomby High Court restraining the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court from delivering judgment in the Municipal election petitions heard by him was dissolved. The Chief Judge, Mr. K. M. Jhaveri, is, therefore, writing out the judgment in the petition filed by Mr. R. Venkataram questioning the election to the City Municipal Corporation of Messrs. J. B. Baman-Behram, P. J. Murzban, H. M. Chowna and B. N. Gamudia. Judgment in the other petition challenging the election of the same respondents has already been written out, but was not delivered owing to the High Court's injunction. The two judgments will be delivered together.

CONNAUGHT MILL TO BE CLOSED.

TRADE DEPRESSION THE CAUSE.

The management of the Connaught Mill situate at DeLisle Road, have put up a notice on the mill-gates that owing to trade depression the mill will be closed from the 1st of May, 1926. The mill belongs to Sir Shapurji Broacha group and employed 1,200 operatives.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 8.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 23/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 3/4.

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 25/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 27/32.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 1/8.
Bank's buying T T 1/5 7/8
Bank's buying D D 1/5 29/32.

PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs. 1060.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 1060
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 1045.

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 128 1/2.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 124 1/2

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 156.

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 201 1/2.

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 159 3/4.

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 278 1/2.

CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dol. 4.86 5/16.
London—Paris Frcs. 139.65
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.20.
London—Brussels Frcs 125.75
London—Rome Liras 121.00
London—Berlin Marks 20.42.
TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Exchange market steady.

London, April 7.
Tele. Transfers 1/5—13/16.
Bar Gold £4/4/11—1/2.
Bar Silver Spot 29—15/16. Steady.

London, April 7.
Rentes 3 per cent. 43—3/4.
Bar Silver (Spot) 29—15/16.
Bar Silver 2 months hence 30.
Closing TONE of Silver:—Bazaars bought smelly. Sellers holding off. Market setiedy.
Discount Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 3/12/25.
Interest day to day loans 4.
Interest 7 days market loans 4.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 8.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1/5 3/4
Bank Demand	1/5 13/16
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	1/6 1/8
Frcs. Demand	
American Dollars	278
Hongkong Dollars	156
Shanghai	201 1/2
Japan	128 3/4
Singapore	159 3/4
Market Steady.	

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

Stockholm	18.14
Oslo	22.68
Amsterdam	12.12
Switzerland	25.20

London, April 7.
Exchange on London in Paris 139.40.
Exchange on London in Germany 20.42—1/8.
Exchange on London in Italy 120.92.
New York, April 7.
Demand Bills 4.85.93.

EXCHANGE.

London, April 6.

Belgium	130.62
Athens	367.50

Cuban Sugar April Sellers 11/3.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, April 8.
3 months 4 13/32 per cent.
6 months 4 7/16 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 5 per cent.
Money Call 5 1/2 per cent.
Money 1 month 5 per cent.
Money 3 months 4 1/2 per cent.
Money 6 months 4½ per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Steady.
Imperial Bank Rate 6 per cent.

DISCOUNTS.

London, April 7.
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st. 4—11/32.
Discount Bank Bills 6 m/st. 4—3/8.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st. 5—1/4.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st. 5—3/4.
Rentes 5 per cent. 11—5/8.

BULLION

Bombay, April 8.
Sovereigns ready Rs. 13/7/9.
Sovereigns forward Rs 13/9/3.
National Bank Bar Gold Rs. 21/12/0.
Bar gold ready Rs. 21/9/3.
Bar gold forward Rs. 21/9/6 May
Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 21/10/0 June
Bar silver ready Rs. 69/3/0 May
Bar silver forward Rs. 69/6/0.
Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 68/15/0 June

London, April 7.
Bar gold ready s. 84/11 1/2.
Silver ready d. 29/15.
Silver forward d. 30/0
TONE OF SILVER—
Quiet and steady. India was a buyer at lower rate. Market influenced by rupee exchange. We expect prices to remain at about the present level.

STOCKS, ETC.

London, April 6.
Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90 £86 1/8 unchanged.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent. £92 1/8 unchanged.
War Loan 5 per cent. 1929/47 £102 unchgd.
Conversion Loan £74—7/8 unchanged.
Indian Loan 5½ per cent. £102¾ plus 1/8.
Indian Loan 7 per cent. £103¾ unchanged.
Consols 2½ per cent. 54¼.
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent. 54¼ unchanged.
Indian Stock 3½ per cent. (Sterling Loan) 68 unchanged.
Government Securities 3 per cent. 58½ unchanged.

GOLD, ...

Bombay, April 8.
Ready:—21 9-9.
Vaida Chitor.—Opening 21 11, lowest 21-9-6, at 6 p.m. 21-9-9.
Vaida Visak.—Opening.—21-12, lowest 21 10, at 6 p.m. 21-10-3.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Chitor.—Opening 02-9.
Vaida Visak.—Opening 04-6.
Tone:—Market quiet.

SILVER.

Bombay, April 8.
Ready:—69-7.
Vaida Chitor.—Opening 69, highest 69-3, at 6 p.m. 69-3.
Vaida Chitor.—Opening 68-15, highest 69-2, at 2 p.m. 69 1.
Vaida Visak.—Opening 68-13, highest 68-14, at 6 p.m. 68-14.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Chitor.—Opening 0-10-0.
Vaida Visak.—Opening 1-0-0.
Tone:—Market quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

(Through Nowroji Hormasji and Co., Frere Road, Fort).

MAY.

8th April 1926

Previous Closing Rate	18·79
To-day's Opening Rate	18.83
Difference	+.04
To-day's Closing Rate	18.79
Difference	unch anged

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, Ismail Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay).

MAY.

8th April, 1926.

Previous Closing Rate	9.50
To-day's Opening Rate	9.46
Difference	—.04
To-day's Closing Rate	9.47
Difference	—.03

Khandi Closing Rate.	Rs. 347-0-0
Sewri Closed.	Rs. 347-12-0

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

CALCUTTA, April 8.

In the share market jutes continued to find support at firm prices though business was restricted on account of sellers being reserved. Coals and Cottons remained dull and lifeless in the absence of any enquiry. In teas a steady undertone prevailed and a moderate number of transactions was concluded at about current rates. Rubbers showed a slight falling off from last levels. In miscellaneous there was nothing of outstanding interest to record in this section though a fair turnover resulted. In Banks Imperial Banks were a shade steadier. Government securities were very firm. Following were today's closing quotations:—

Government securities:—5 per cent loan 1945-55 105/8, 6 per cent bonds 1927 102, do. 1930 105/12.

Banks:—Imperial Bank fully paid 1488.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan Railway pref. 80.

Jutes:—Clive 80/8, Empire 41/8, Fort Gloster ord. 708, Fort William 247/8, Howrah 32, National 24/12, Orient 175.

Coals:—New Beerbhom 22.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Telephone Corporation pref. 10/8, Marshall and Co., 3, B. I. Corporation ord. 3/14, do. pref. 104, Firpo Ltd. 9/4, Achard and Co. new shares 15, Ivan Jones 3/2.

Rubber:—Digwarrah 27/4, Joram Kuantans 187, Jimah 280, River 320.

Sugar:—Champaran Sugar 7, New Savan Sugar 3/10, Samastipur Sugar 4/12.

Tea Companies:—Central Cachar 90, East India 24, Hasimara 38/12, Loobah 12/12, Teen Ali 23.

Exchange bank telegraphic transfer was one shilling five and twenty-seven thirty-seconds pence and demand bills were one shilling five and seven-eighth pence.—A.P.

LAKSHMI COTTON MFG CO, LTD.

The ordinary general meeting of the Lakshmi Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd., was held on Wednesday, Mr. C. H. Goodall presiding.

The Directors' Report for the year ending December 31, 1925, showed a profit of Rs. 7,63,433-15-11, which together with Rs. 4,84,782-9-0 brought forward from the last year, amounted to Rs. 12,48,216-8-11. Out of this the Directors declared an interim dividend of Rs. 150 per share absorbing Rs. 2,40,000 and had set aside a sum of Rs. 1,00,000 to the credit of the Reserve Fund, leaving a balance of Rs. 9,08,216-8-11 for disposal. The Directors therefore declared a final dividend of Rs. 300 per share making with the interim dividend of Rs. 150 a total dividend of Rs. 450 for the year. A sum of Rs. 4,28,216.8-11 was carried forward as the balance.

The Report was adopted and the Directors who retired by rotation, but were eligible for re-election, were re-elected.

VISHNU COTTON MILL LTD.

The ordinary general meeting of the Vishnu Cotton Mill, Ltd., was held on Wednesday, Mr. C. H. Goodall presiding.

The Directors' Report for the year ending December 31, 1925, showed a profit of Rs. 8,23,387-2-8, which together with last year's balance, amounted to Rs. 10,31,846-4-7. Out of this after providing for the payment of an interim dividend of Rs. 60 per share and after providing for depreciation, renewal and extension funds, a balance of Rs. 5,38,346-4.7 was left for disposal. Out of this the Directors declared a dividend of Rs. 35 per share on 1,600 preference shares and a final dividend of Rs. 90 per share which together with the interim dividend of Rs. 60 made the total dividend of Rs. 150 per share. A sum of Rs. 1,94,346-4.7 was carried forward as the balance.

The Report was adopted and the retiring Directors who retired by rotation, but were eligible for re-election, were re-elected.

LARGE SHIPMENTS OF
MARBLES & TILES
for FLOORS and WALLS, etc.
ARRIVED:
Sold at competitive rates.
C. BHOGILAL & Co.
Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay
Telegram: FASHION. 'Phone: 24852

IF EVERY WIFE KNEW
THAT EVERY WIDOW KNOWS
EVERY HUSBAND WOULD BE INSURED.
INDIA EQUITABLE
INSURANCE CO. LTD.
HEAD OFFICE:—
LALL BAZAR STREET, CALCUTTA.
UNDOUBTEDLY THE
BEST LIFE INSURANCE CO.
of about its age.
The last reversionary bonus declared to its policy-holders rises to Rs. 15 per annum for each Rs. 1,000 assured.
WANTED AGENTS
on commission and allowance on guaranteed business.
For further particulars, proposal forms and terms of Agency, please apply to
For further particulars, proposal forms and terms of Agency, please apply to
THE INDIAN PRODUCTS
SUPPLYING AGENCY, LTD.
P. CHAUDHURI, Secretary.
Head Office: CALCUTTA.

TILES & MARBLES
Our quality Defy Competition
SAJAN & CO.
1, Custom House Road, Fort, BOMBAY

LAW AND BUSINESS.
Prof. Davar's Books for Students of Law, Accountancy and Business.
A PERFECT BUSINESS LIBRARY.
Five best books by Principal Sohrab R. Davar, Barrister-at-Law, of Davar's College of Commerce and lately of the Government College, are those by the most experienced and the best qualified teacher of Commerce in India.
Most of them are recognised and recommended to Government Diploma in Accountancy as well as B.Com. students all over India.
1. COMPANY LAW (1921): A book written specially for business men and students of Commerce Directors, Company Agents, Managers, Shareholders and Accountants, Rs. 7.
2. MERCANTILE LAW (1925): 4th Edition. It deals with the complete Mercantile Law in simple language with references and carefully prepared index. Rs. 9.
3. HIGHER ACCOUNTING (1916): A book for Book-keepers, Accountants, Auditors, Accountancy Students and Business-men. Rs. 6.
4. BUSINESS ORGANIZATION (2nd Edition), 1922, dealing with problems of organization and promotion of companies Systems in use in large business offices. Stock exchange practice. Labour efficiency and organization. Secretarial Work and Scientific advertising. Rs. 7-8.
5. G. D. A. SOLUTIONS. SUPPLEMENT, 1925, Rs. 1-8-0.
PUBLISHERS:
Messrs. RAMCHANDRA GOVIND & SON
Booksellers,
Opposite St. Xavier's High School, Bombay. No. 2.

BLACKSTONE
OIL ENGINES
ARE
INDIA'S FAVOURITE
AND
HAVE NO EQUAL
200 ENGINES ALWAYS IN STOCK
MARSHALL SONS
& Co., (India) Ltd.
Ballard Road, BOMBAY.

RUSTOMJI NOWROJI
BAPASOLA
Telegrams, BAPASOLA, Bombay.
Telephone No. 20883.
MUBARAKH MANZIL,
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Large Stocks available for best quality AMERICAN GREASE, CARBORUNDUM GRINDING, POLISHING and FINISHING STONES, and WHEELS, used for all classes of Industrial Purposes such as in the Manufacturing of Ploughs, Knives, Artificial Rubies, for Dressing of Castings, etc.
I also carry Large Stock Compressed High Pressure RED SHEET JOINTING, ELECTRICAL MOTORS, and ACCESSORIES, POWERFUL 8 VALVE WIRELESS RECEIVING SET, Can be worked without Aerial Earth Connection.
Price and Particulars will be furnished on application.

The Bombay Chronicle.
FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1926.

FINANCIAL MANIPULATION.

The announcement, short and cryptic as it is important and mystyfying, that the Government of India have decided to transfer Rs. 3 crores to the Secretary of State through the Paper Currency Reserves, must necessarily bring on a *crise de nerfs* on all those interested in the very frequent and not always quite intelligible currency manipulations under the aegis of Sir Basil Blackett and his coterie of infallible advisers. We have thought it fit specially to notice the operation, not merely because a specially selected and carefully packed Royal Commission on Indian Currency is already sitting to decide on the fate and future of our currency system,—though that in itself would be a strong argument to keep off the grass while at least the report of that body is in gestation. The gods of the Finance Department cannot, if they indulge in such escapades too often, prevent their critics from inquiring whether such operations are to be taken as the proverbial straw that pointeth the direction of the wind; whether the Report of the Commission is already in the pocket of Sir Basil and his myrmidons, setting its seal of costly and laboured approval on the present policy of manipulation at the discretion of the Finance Department and for the benefit of the non-Indian interests which are in supreme command or control of the finances of India. To be patient and to refrain from taking any action likely to prejudice the ultimate findings of their own Commission would, we would have thought, be a matter of the merest courtesy to their creature, the Commission. But apparently Sir Basil has felt himself to be above such patience or courtesy; or perhaps his hand has been forced once again by those many and sinister forces that play behind the scenes in the supreme councils of the Government of India, and always to the prejudice and harm of India

That this step is likely to be regarded as extremely prejudicial to the best interests of India is, in the absence of further light on the subject, incontrovertible. We do not know, for instance, the rate at which the transfer is to be made. The prevailing market rate of exchange,—itself an artificial affair,—is in the neighbourhood of Rs. 13 1|3 equal £1, so that Rs. 3 crores converted at that rate into sterling would bring to the Secretary of State something like £2 1|4 million. But the obsolete, yet official and statutory rate is still Rs. 10 equal £1, which means that for a nominal transfer of Rs. 3 crores from the Paper Currency Reserve, in reality £3 million will be transferred "Home". As already observed, the information vouchsafed by the high gods of the Finance Department is, as usual, too meagre and misleading to justify a downright charge of tampering with the Reserves; but we think this consideration alone, were there no others, demands imperatively an instant, exhaustive and satisfactory explanation. The legislature is, of course, not in session for the moment; and though Sir Basil was reported by an assiduous correspondent to have shed some crocodile tears at the absence of any informed or expert criticism on his supreme *tour de force*,—the last budget,—he is certain there would be no inconvenient questionings demanding immediate answer on this point for the moment at least. Lord Irwin, besides, is a new man, who, moreover, probably understands next to nothing about the mysteries of finance; and it is doing no violence to our credulity to believe that his lordship will only be too grateful to the High Priest of Indian Finance, if the latter just leaves the new Viceroy to mind his own business. But because for the moment Sir Basil need apprehend no inconvenient questions demanding immediate answers, is that a reason why a matter of such supreme importance should be allowed to pass unnoticed and unanswered?

Further, may we ask, what is the pressing necessity which has compelled the Finance Department to decide on this course, so suspiciously *after* the legislature was adjourned? The Secretary of State apprehends no run on his balances,—nor are they anywhere near depletion. He has 14 1|2 million sterling in cash balances,—or had them at the end of March last. In itself this is a grave matter of public scandal in the entire manipulation of our currency system that such considerable balances should be left idle in the hands of the Secretary of State when the Indian market is suffering from such a chronic shortage of liquid capital. The Indian money markets consider a cash balance with the Secretary of State of even £10 million to be much too excessive. Certainly, this is money which in the hands of the Secretary of State earns no interest, or very little and owing to the absence of which the Indian money market and the Indian commerce and industry have to be most gravely handicapped. It is a feature of our financial organisation that demands the most radical revision; but we suppose it is like crying for the moon, while at least the present system of Government endures. That, however, is no reason why loud and energetic protest should not be made against the wanton increase of such balances as in the present case. We trust the parties concerned most vitally in this manipulation will at once take up the question, and not rest satisfied until they have secured a satisfactory explanation, or a permanent reversal of this abominable policy.

THE SHIVAJI MEMORIAL.

The heroic deeds of "Shiva-Raya", is he is fondly hailed in popular melodies and legends, are a memory that has exercised its fascination over prince and peasant in territories which extend far beyond Maharasatra. National imagination has been touched and inspired by it. And the Lokamanya whose alert understanding grasped its regenerating power, turned the nation's attention to the ennobling worship. He knew the power of a memory, although apparently extinct, treasured by a nation. The recent celebrations at Raigarh, if the published telegrams and the available description are reliable information, do not indicate on the part of the organisers the consciousness of the magnitude of their mission. A telegram states that "the Government of Bombay, with the aid of the Archaeological Department and with the finances provided by the Shivaji Memorial Committee" erected the *Chhatri* over the *Samadhi* of Shivaji. This is, frankly, sad reading. Two Government Departments and an obliging Committee entrusted with what ought to have been a free, independent and, therefore, a sacred function! The natural consequences could be easily analysed by a query or two. What scope was offered by the Committee to the Indian artists and architects who would have been happy to obtain the chance for the national service, the chance that would have stimulated their best skill and inherent talents? Was it the Consulting Architect to Government who found the right use for the Committee's money? The Indian sculptors are warned off the Memorial with the convenient excuse of limited funds. But the supposed stringency does not appear to prevent the Committee from throwing delicious morsels to an overfed Government Department. Surely, the Lokamanya would have thought of national methods of less ambiguous character than the one that has appealed to the Committee. National imagination can be touched and inspired only by the national memory consecrated by national service. The Indian artists have been denied the fair field for that service.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar expressed at Ahmedabad a truth the importance of which is not yet adequately realised when he said in his address inaugurating the National Week there that April 6 was a great day, "not only for India but for the whole world." He explained why. On that day the Indian people discovered that a subject people could fight even without armies. The only weapon they can successfully use is that of economic independence India can achieve economic independence, hitting the country whose commercial interests stand in the way of Swaraj for India, and increasing the chance at the same time of employment for her poor, if only she can take to the charkha on a large scale. Khaddar is the only solvent of our poverty and our only weapon of resistance to autocratic power. That is why Pundit Motilalji sells khaddar in Allahabad streets, that is why, inspite of a determined and shrewd propaganda to ridicule it, khaddar is wearing its way into the hearts of the people.

AN EPITHALAMIUM.

Lord Meston in a fulsome tribute in the "Sunday Times" to Lord Reading as Viceroy has discovered virtues in him which will make Indians gasp at the temerity with which one proconsul pats another on the back for the glory of the British Empire, which means the prosperity of its vested interests, regardless of truth and decency. Even our Liberals and New Nationalists will wonder how on earth Lord Meston could tell the readers of the "Sunday Times", that Lord Reading "identified himself unselfishly with national aspirations". We suppose one of the first acts resulting from the process of identification was the throwing of thousands of young men into jails by the prostitution of justice. Lord Meston has further discovered that the ex-Viceroy "faced the risk of gravely embittering himself with the British Cabinet when he expressed the cause of Turkey in the interests of Indian Muslims." Now is the chance for all loyal Muslims, if they can forget the insignificant incident of Mr. Montagu's resignation, to send Lord Reading a message of deep gratitude and another of heartfelt thankfulness to Lord Meston for letting them into a secret.

INDIANS IN IRAQ.

DISCARDED TOOLS OF BRITISH IMPERIALISM.

(BY G. K. N.)

III.

It is not correct to say that the rates of pay given to Indians are high. Compare them with what the foreigners get in Egypt and Palestine, what the Arabs (decidedly lower in efficiency to the Indians) get in Iraq and what the British officials get in the Middle East in general. Was it not due to these low rates of pay that the Commission of Inquiry on the siege of Kut-al-Amarah recommended adequate payment for all classes of personnel for a proper outturn of work? Is not the same policy being followed in all the civilized countries, where the object of the Governments is to avoid corruption by paying their servants well?

It has to be realized that Indians are "foreigners" in Iraq, they have all to maintain their homes in India in addition to those in Iraq, they need Indian servants in Iraq who cost a good deal more when compared to India, and, above all, they have to keep their status and position in a foreign land. Steps should be taken, without further delay, by the responsible British representatives in Iraq to secure to these few Indian officials the conditions of service on par with those for other foreign personnel. Whatever slackness there has been in the past to look after their interests must be made up. Indians, like other British officials, should be given proper treatment in the matter of passages, specially for their families if they are to lead a good and happy life. Provision should be made for their retire pay or a Provident Fund set up for them on the same lines as for British officials. They should be given a liberal allowance in the matter of leave, at least more than what one gets in India under the New Fundamental Rules. All these and other points regarding guarantee of employment etc. must be considered sympathetically.

Long-Term Contracts.

Long term contracts covering the period of new Anglo-Iraq-Treaty should be given to these officials to safeguard their future careers. Uniform conditions of service must, of course, be drawn up for all Indians, no matter in what departments they are employed, in order that without any distinction in their status, they may live in the same land as respectable citizens of the British Empire. Differential treatment accorded to Indian workmen in the Railways, Port and Levies Departments must disappear and all Indians should be placed on the same terms of service.

Derogatory Terms.

One must not here forget to deal with the more important question of Indian personnel employed with the Royal Air Force in Iraq. The Indians serving in this force are the balance of those left by the Military Forces which transferred the control of Iraq's defence to the Royal Air Force a few years back. These people, majority of whom are followers enlisted for technical and other kinds of labour, were recruited by the Military authorities in India on definite military agreements which were more disadvantageous to them than those for "civil" personnel. However, unsatisfactory may have been their conditions of service with the Indian Military authorities, they are decidedly worse with the Royal Air Force. In the beginning of 1925, their old agreements were cancelled and they were offered new contracts, the terms of which are highly derogatory to the prestige of the Indians, when compared to those for other "civil" officials in India or in Iraq. These personnel are not "fighting soldiers" but "civilians" attached to the Royal Air Force and they are treated, except for very minor differences, in the same way as local Kurdish "coolies" employed by the same force. Any Indian, with a vista of self-respect, must challenge, with all the force he can command, the manner in which these Indians are treated. Is India to be the source of supply of labour for all colonies where derogatory terms of service are to be offered to Indians? Are we to have "Kenya" repetition in every part of the world for Indians? What is the Indian Immigration Act intended for and what are our legislative bodies doing? Are the latter not entitled to settle the terms on which Indian labour is to be sent outside India? If not, what is tht Government of India doing? The clear disregard of the rights of Indians and the apathy shown in the past towards Indian interests in foreign lands by the Government of India has ruined our reputation and our prosperity. We need energetic Indians who can tackle the Government on these problems instead of slumbering soundly, while their countrymen's honour is at stake. Agitation must be carried on to revise these derogatory terms of Indians' employment in the Royal Air Force without further delay.

Wanted Justice.

The Indians in Iraq are not a bad lot. By ties of comradeship developed during and after the war they have been brought together and if properly looked after by the Government and leaders of India, they will prove a real asset to the British Empire. It is to be hoped the Indian public will rise to the occasion and secure for the Indians in Iraq the rights they deserve and not have any South African scene again. The Indian public is no doubt deadly opposed to the control exercised by the British Government in the holy lands of Iraq, but they must not on this account sit with tied hands when a principle affecting the honour of their countrymen is at stake. We have given our blood for Iraq, we are still giving the services of the best of our countrymen in that country and we legitimately demand of the British Government that the position of our countrymen in Iraq must be carefully looked after to allow us to live as respectable citizens within the British Empire. Let the expressions of the British administrators be a reality and not lip sympathy and let us hope that better realization of the cause of Indians in Iraq will prevail with representatives of the British Government, who are the protectors of the rights of the Indians in that sacred land. The speeches of the present British High Commissioner in Iraq (Sir Henry Dobbs) regarding the work of Indians in Iraq are worthy of note when consideration is given to the general question of Indians in Iraq. Sir Henry Dobbs, who is an experienced officer of the Indian Civil Service and our famous delegate on the Afghanistan Mission, in his several public utterances, when attending Indian gatherings in Iraq, has rightly praised the work of Indians and the Government of India should not lose sight of this fact when they deal with the general question of Indians in Iraq. We are hopeful that, before agitation on this question starts in India in full swing, the British Government may find it possible to satisfy the Indian mind in order that no cause for future unpleasantness may exist.

OUR MASTERS THE PEOPLE.

We talk of educating the electorate, particularly now when every political party is anxious to catch votes. The electorate is pleasantly described as "Our Masters, the People". In a theoritical sense they are, in a really democratic form of government. But in India the Montford "Reforms" have given us a hybrid which is neither democracy nor autocracy. It is a system swayed by bureaucratic caprice. And our Masters the People, have precious little chance of influencing that system. The electorate is but an insignificant part of the whole Indian people and if the people are to be educated to demand adult suffrage and genuine democratic Government, real Swaraj, we must take special trouble to make the present electorate understand the need of casting their votes in the right manner. They will wake up if issues which catch their imagination are put before them in an arresting form. May we not ask our Congress workers to shorten the orations about India's past glory and present misery and teach the electorate to realise definitely and concretely what they want. Do they want prohibition or no? Do they want Swadeshi or no! Do they want a better system of land assessment or no? Why not educate the electorate *a la Bharucha*? The results will be more rapid than those expected by long-winded oratory.

THE GAITEY MEETING.

To the meeting at Gaiety did I go
As a bird of passage to see,
And the crowd, I suggest was better
Than is inferred by some to be.
They were quite an intelligent lot
Who fought every thought that they caught
They did hustle and haste K. V. Reddy,
But tolerated the grey-haired good lady.
They wanted these fellows to be honest and clear
The Pundit only they did hear and cheer.
And when so many came to express
Their views to the crowd
It did deem a little urgent to press
Its own a little loud!

J. B. DURKAL.

TRIFLES.

The "Indian Daily Mail" is in lachrymose mood. The United Nationalists of the day before who turned themselves into the "Indian National Party" the day after managed to get up a public meeting at the Gaiety Theatre. The scenes witnessed there have caused the "Mail" many a tear of sorrow.

* * *

It points out that "the organisers of a public meeting have the right to choose their speakers." Quite true. But some speakers at the Gaiety Theatre meeting played the "Mail", who has backed the new Caucus with might and main, false, woefully false.

* * *

Fancy Messrs. Chakravarty and Jinnah "throwing Mr. Chintamani overboard"! The "Mail" says "it was hardly courageous." But what can you do? The new Messiah of Indian Moderatism, which now hopes to masquerade as the Indian Nationalist Party, has a most inconvenient way of blurting out the truth!

* * *

The following advertisement is reproduced from the matrimonial columns of a Calcutta daily:—

* * *

"All-Bengal Marriage Alliance"

"Wanted—To-day eight beautiful and accomplished Baidya brides of well-to-do parents, for brilliant graduate scholars and wanted six Barendra Brahmin grooms who are ready to marry, without dowry, for so many sweet girls, apply with stamps to Secretary to Post Box . . . ."

A friend of mine who lately ventured out to be a "*groom*" with a dear thing of "sweet seventeen" found out, after a few weeks' *stabling* together in one of Calcutta slums that married life was all a *mare's* nest.

* * *

First Actor: "I can't get into my shoes".
Second Actor: "What! Feet swelled, too!"

WAYFARER.

Notes of the Day.

A Peep into the Future.

Retired Anglo-Indian have to develop some hobby or other. They find themselves, after years in the "torrid plains of India"—we hope we have got the phrase all right—working with heartfelt devotion for an ungrateful people, stranded amidst their own countrymen in England. So some of them develop the hobby of "serving India" through newspaper articles, lectures to select audiences of retired colonels and ex-satraps and the ladies of the Primrose League on "the Danger to India" or "Our Trusteeship" or similar other entrancing themes, the moral of which is that if England left India, woe betide the poor untouchables, the Muslims and the other minorities. Sir Theodore Morison has been busy "serving India". In a foreword to a History of British India which Pitmans are publishing he takes a peep into the future. He talks of the "wild hour" which "if ever it comes" will require a strong Executive. Meanwhile he wonders what the untouchables are thinking of the Swarajists. Will he be surprised to learn that the so-called untouchables have declared that amongst the Swarajists are to be found their most ardent friends and supporters?

Disillusioned.

Sir Muhammad Iqbal has had the courage to give public expression to his disgust at the conduct of the Liberal Party in pretending to build up a common platform of unity while its real intention was to form a new group to oppose one particular party, the Congress Party, in other words the Swarajists. The literary lion of the Punjab, who wants to disclaim all connection with any particular political party whatsoever and whose sole desire is for the improvement of mutual relations between the various communities in India, had first joined the Liberal League and then resigned its Vice-Presidentship and membership after being disappointed at its efforts to end "the present deplorable Hindu-Mahomedan tension." He allowed his name to be used as a convener of the United Nationalist Conference in Bombay with the idea that the new group would do what the Liberal League in the Punjab had failed to do. Now that he has discovered that the Chintamani move is only to oppose the Swarajists, he wants to have nothing to do with it. We hope men like Sir Muhammad Iqbal will try to concentrate their efforts on the promotion of inter-communal unity by taking the initiative themselves, instead of depending upon politicians of any variety or colour.

In Right Earnest.

The Labour Union of Ahmedabad has given a lead to the whole country by taking practical steps to bring prohibition nearer. It is in right earnest about fighting the drink evil and the elaborate scheme which it has prepared ought to be carefully studied and imitated by other Labour organisations in the country. It has arranged to form Committees in different localities in Ahmedabad and to carry on propaganda by means of lectures and house to house visits. Our efforts in Bombay in this direction, as is shown by the Purity League in which Mr. Jhabwalla and others are taking vivid interest, are appreciated by the workers, but the trouble is that they are not sustained efforts. Some encouragement to such type of work will be given if every Congress candidate in the ensuing election in this Presidency makes Prohibition an important item in his programme, as Srijut Rajagopalachar is persuading the Swarajists in Madras to do.

A Welcome Addition.

With the publication of the "Liberator" Swami Shraddhanand has made a welcome addition to the number of nationalist weeklies in this country written in English. The Swamiji says in the first issue: "With faith in the power of justice and truth, "the Liberator" has been launched forth in existence. That it may serve the divine purpose is the prayer of Shraddhanand Sanyasi." That prayer will be widely echoed. The Swamiji is determined to destroy the curse of Untouchability and he has started this new weekly in English because his experience during the last two years of wandering in the Madras Presidency to convert people to the view that Untouchability must go has convinced him that if he wanted to reach the Tamilians, the Malyalees and the Canarese, he must utilise the English language as a vehicle for his thoughts and ideas. The first issue contains articles dealing with such stimulating subjects as "In and Out of the Congress" and "A Confession of My Articles of Faith". The Swamiji's previous work and his unique personality are sure to give the "Liberator" a distinctive touch.

An Encouraging Effort.

The Indian Education Society which has two High Schools, one for boys and another for girls, at Dadar is doing excellent work. A review of its activities recently brought out by the Executive of the Society is sure to deepen the conviction in the minds of those who give thought to our educational problems that the Society is run by a band of enthusiasts who mean to get through solid work. The King George English School has now 900 boys on its rolls and the Girl's High School has about 150 girls attending it, thus relieving a long-felt want in the suburbs regarding the adequate provision of secondary education for middle class people. We say middle class advisedly because the fees charged even in aided institutions have unfortunately to be such as would preclude the attendance in them of the children of the working classes. The Indian Education Society, which has now a total staff of 45 teachers and is alive to the need of absorbing new ideas in educational methods, will render an additional piece of public service if it manages to open continuation classes for the working classes.

ANOTHER FINANCIAL JUGGLERY.

TRICK TO RAISE EXCHANGE.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER'S PROTEST.

The following telegram was addressed by the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber to the Government of India, Finance Department, protesting against the transfer of Rs. 3 crores to the Secretary of States' balances through Paper Currency Reserve:—

"The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber beg to protest against the transfer of Rs. 3 crores to the Secretary of State's balances through the Paper Currency Reserve. The Committee is unable to see the necessity of increasing such balances in view of there being a vast amount of 14.5 million pounds in hand at the end of March nor why such a remittance is not made in the ordinary way. Unless Government can demonstrate the contrary the Committee must conclude the present step is of the nature of Reverse Bills in its ultimate effects and analogous to similar transfers in 1922-23 with a view to raise the exchange. The Committee submits that this is contrary to Government's claim that the present rate is natural and considers the action highly objectionable both as being an artificial manipulation of the exchange and as a depletion of gold resources making more difficult the establishment of a gold standard which Indian opinion unanimously wants specially at a time when the Currency Commission's Report is shortly expected and the present action is likely to prejudice their conclusions.—Inchambu.

ROCKFELLER'S DONATION TO EGYPT.

FRESH OFFER BEING FORWARDED.

LONDON, April 7.

New York.—The press here publish a statement from Mr. Rockfeller (Junior) in course of which he says that he has authorised his representative in Egypt to withdraw his offer of a donation of ten million dollars, if necessary, in order to end the controversy among the Egyptians as to whether it can be accepted. Meanwhile a revised offer, based on the suggestions of Ziwar Pasha is being forwarded.

The above donation was offered in February last to King Faud and the people of Egypt for the purpose of building and maintaining the Cairo Museum and establishing an Archeological Intsitute in conjunction with it. The offer was expected to express friendship between the newest land in the West and the Oldest Land in the East.

CONDITIONS OF OFFER.

[It was understood that the offer was subject to the condition that an International archeological body should be appointed to direct the Museum and the Research Institute for 30 years after which everything would revert to the Egyptian Government.]

BELGIAN DEBTS TO BRITAIN SETTLED.

REMARKABLE IMPROVEMENT IN BELGIAN FRANCS.

LONDON, April 7.

There was a remarkable improvement in Belgian francs to-day on the London foreign exchange. It opened at 130 7|8 and closed at 124 3|8 as a sequel to M. Janssen, the Belgian Finance Minister's visit to the Treasury, the result of which is that all exterior debts of Belgium and Belgian Congo to Britain have definitely been settled.—(R. T.)

FRENCH DEBTS.

NATIONAL APPEAL FOR VOLUNTARY SUBSCRIPTIONS.

LONDON, April 8.

Paris.—Newspapers publish details of a scheme which Government is said to be considering for a national appeal for patriotic and voluntary subscriptions to pay off France's debts. The nucleus of the movement will be called the "Committee of National Propaganda" presided over by one of France's heroes "whose name is synonymous with Victory." The Committee will be a non-political and non-party body, and will appeal to the whole country for voluntary subscriptions.

"Le Journal" says that the financial ball will be set rolling by Government members themselves, and that every penny of the proceeds will be devoted to paying off the debt as early as possible.—Reuter's Special.

A CHAIR IN POLITICAL SCIENCE.

IN HONOUR OF MR. SASTRI.

MADRAS, April 7.

"Swarajya" understands that a public appeal signed by leading men of all parties in the city is shortly to be issued to found a chair, scholarship or prize in Political Science in the Madras University in honour of the Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri.—A.P.

BOMBAY CONFERENCE

"I. D. TELEGRAPH'S" COMMENTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, April 7.

Commenting on the Bombay Conference and subsequent meetings, the "Indian Daily Telegraph" edited by Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer says: "Unionists is a very convenient title for the New National Party. The name has also historic flavour about it."

The "Telegraph" says:—"It was rather unfortunate that the Bombay public would not listen to the Unionist leaders calmly. Every one of them was badly heckled. Election meetings are known in the West for turmoil and confusion. The Reforms are a by-product of Western rules and civilization and those who are out to work Reforms for what they are not worth will take in good humour the inevitable concomitants of electioneering propaganda. However Unionists must be thankful that no rotten eggs were thrown at them, a feature of many election meetings. Mr. Lloyd George had once to face a live hen which was hurled at him."

Apropos Mr. Jinnah's explanation the "Telegraph" says:—"Mr. Jinnah proudly rode for a fall. He said they were out to wreck wreckers even though in their attempt to wreck others they might wreck themselves. This is rather an unguarded statement. For how can unity and wrecking go together?"

SPLIT IN THE AKALI CAMP.

FRESH ELECTIONS FOR S.G.P.C. URGED

AMRITSAR, April 8.

The split between the two parties of the Akalis came to a head over the new elections for the S. G. P. C. A new group called the Gurdwara Parbhan Sudharak Pal (S. G. P. C. Reform Party) had been circulating hand bills and posters urging a fresh general election for that body and the supporters of the S. G. P. C. had been counteracting this propaganda. Last night the two groups came into conflict with each other and a minor brawl ensued in consequence of which Sardar Waryam Singh, Secretary of the local Gurdwara Prabandhak Committee, it is reported, was pursued by men of the reform party while Narinjan Singh, Jathedar of the reform party, is alleged to have received some injuries. It is stated that the parties were well armed with "lathis" and in some cases "kirpans" were also drawn. Both parties narrate very conflicting versions of the affair and thus real facts remain shrouded in mystery.—A. P.

LAPSE OF BANK-SHROFFS

MEERUT, April 8.

A case is shortly to come up before the Assistant Sessions Judge of Meerut in which about a dozen shroffs and some employees of the Imperial Bank were recently committed for trial by Rai Bahadur Ram Saran Das, First Class Magistrate. It is said that in November 1924 a remittance of about one lakh and thirty-thousand rupees was sent from Meerut branch of the Imperial Bank to Calcutta Mint as uncurrent coins. The Mint on examination found that the remittance was short by Rs. 748|- and it is alleged that about twenty-three thousand rupees worth of coins had been fraudulently defaced, out, clipped, or filed. Police took about a year to investigate the matter and ultimately arrested under Sections 251, 253, 120 (B) and 420 I. P. C. three shroffs in Delhi and some men from Cash Department of the Imperial Bank. One of the shroffs from Delhi has confessed his guilt and has been made an approver in the case.—A. P.

The "Pioneer's" Mhow correspondent reports the death of Major G. Pritchard Taylor, R. A. M. C., from injuries as a result of bring mauled by a tiger while out fishing some five miles out of the station.

The death has taken place at Allahabad of Raja Rago Prasad Narain Singh of Baroon.

ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE

AN IMMEDIATE NECESSITY.

DR. RUTHERFORD ON INDIAN SITUATION.

MADRAS, April 7.

Interviewed by the "Hindu's" London correspondent on the Walk Out, Dr. Rutherford declared that self-respect and duty to the country demanded withdrawal in circumstances now existing. The withdrawal would prove to England that the Councils were sham and must be converted into real self-governing institutions. The immediate thing to do, he said, was to summon a Round Table Conference without delay and invite all parties to draw up a constitution as was done in South Africa. Summing up his impressions, Dr. Rutherford said, the present situation in India was fraught with danger which could be removed only by England doing her duty as she did in the case of Canada, Australia and South Africa. Self-Government would prove as beneficial to India as it had proved to them and would strengthen the British Commonwealth of Free Nations.—F. P. I.

"NATIONAL" PARTY WITHOUT NATIONAL PURPOSE.

MR. S. IYENGAR ON NEW PARTY.

MADRAS, April 7.

"It is called the National Party, but it has no national purpose", said Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar in an interview to the "Swarajya", regarding the Bombay Conference.

In the first place, he said, the coalition that is sought to be formed at Bombay is of the oil and water type without any common leadership and without any real discipline. The so-called party is not a party in any sense of the term, for each apparently wanted to repeat his own argument and his own individual opinion, the only common basis being to work against the Congress.

"I am constrained to believe", Mr. Iyengar said, "that the whole object of the movement is to form a coalition for the purpose of contesting the elections against the Congress. After they get in, they would split themselves into separate parties and begin to function with characteristic indiscipline, for which their school has become famous."

VOTERS, BEWARE!

"In the second place the Coalition Party wants to accept office and that is totally opposed to the programme of national obstruction." In conclusion, Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar warns voters that they should realise that the so-called National Party is launched against the genuine movement for Swaraj and for helping the bureaucracy. He could say with absolute truth that every vote given to Mr. Chintamani, Mr. Jinnah and their colleagues would be a vote given for the bureaucracy and against Swaraj. He was sorry to note that certain good people sought to exploit our weakness and thereby to minimise discipline and to demoralise our organisation. He characterised Pundit Malaviya's joining the new party as a capital error of judgment, for he was sure that neither would Pandit Malaviya lead the party nor would he be led by it."—F. P. I.

CABLE ITEM.

Preparations are well advanced for the flight of Alan Cobham to Australia. He hopes to start in a few weeks using the same machine and probably the same engine as he used for his flight to South Africa.

BABY WEEK IN RATNAGIRI DISTRICT.

Ratnagiri will commence its Baby Week Exhibition on the 5th instant. Malwan, following suit, begins its celebration on the 16th. One of the interesting features of this growing movement is the increasing interest which local bodies like Municipalities and Local Boards in the district are taking in this work and are helping the movement by making money grants and lending the services of their important officials. Mr. Shaikh, the Collector, Major Kamat, the Civil Surgeon, Mr. Sahasrabudhe, the Chief Officer, Ratnagiri and Rao Saheb Karandikar, President Chiplun Taluk Board are taking great pains.

ALL ITALY INDIGNANT.

REJOICINGS OVER ESCAPE.

MUSSOLINI LEAVES FOR TRIPOLI.

LONDON, April 8.

Rome.—The news of the attempt on Sgr. Mussolini has evoked indignation all over the country. Townspeople in many places paraded the streets cheering Sgr. Mussolini.

Solemn thanksgiving services for his escape were held in some towns. Many cities were illuminated and beflagged last night. Thousands of messages of congratulations to Sgr. Mussolini are pouring in from all over Italy and abroad.

The Crown Prince called on Sgr. Mussolini last evening and congratulated him on behalf of the King and himself.

Sgr. Mussolini spent an excellent night, and left at 8-30 this morning for Fiumicino where he embarked on board the battleship "Cavour" for Tripoli.—Reuter's Special.

CELEBRATION OF ESCAPE.

LONDON, April 7.

Rome.—Flags are flying all over the city in celebration of the Premier's escape. Enormous throngs are stationed in front of Sgr. Mussolini's residence. Two registers at Porters' Lodge have completely been filled with signatures of his wellwishers including members of the Diplomatic Corps. Sgr. Mussolini has telegraphed to the King informing His Majesty of the attempted assassination and reassuring him as regards his health. The Duke of Aosta, Attorney-General, was among the Premier's visitors.

ASSAILANT'S "ECCENTRICITY."

While staying at Rome in February of last year Miss Gibson attempted to commit suicide and told the priest that she wished to sacrifice herself for the glory of God.

"MY VOICE UNCHANGED."

Frantic cheers were raised by the immense crowd at Chigi Palace tonight when Sgr. Mussolini appeared on the balcony and asked the people to "listen to my voice; note that it is unchanged in tone. I also assure you that my heart does not beat faster than before".—Reuter.

ATTENDING FUNCTIONS DESPITE INJURY.

LONDON, April 7.

Rome.—Sgr. Mussolini's injury did not prevent his attendance at the function of installing the new Fascist Directory at which he emphasised that Fascism had not yet completed its task.

The Fascist press is united in laying the blame for anti-Fascist campaigns on "sinister foreign intersets" and expresses the opinion that criminal anti-Italian propaganda should no longer be tolerated by civilised nations.—(R.T.)

MUSSOLINI'S HARANGUE

LONDON, April 8.

Rome.—Speaking with undiminished vigour and embellishing his arguments with characteristic and picturesque phraseology, Sgr. Mussolini last night addressing the Fascist Directory was rejoiced that the battle had been won by Italy. Old parties had been routed but the battle had yet to be fought abroad.

He recalled dictum of the historian Sismondi that people who seize the initiative given for the moment should keep the initiative for two centuries and pointed out that the French people kept their initiative for 150 years. Italy had taken the initiative and spoken to the world in a new voice. Therefore, it was not surprising if upholders of the immortal principles of unbrotherly fraternity, unequal equality and tyrannical freedom were united against them.

"The fight is becoming fierce and decisive. Scattering the remains of the old parties of Italy has been a thankless task but we are victoriously enforcing the new principle and the world will blazon the name of our people on the scroll of hisotry."

Frantic cheers puntuated his peroration: "My life's motto is 'Live dangerously'; if I advance, follow me; if I retreat, kill me; if I die, avenge me."—Reuter.

SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN'S HORROR.

LONDON, April 7.

Rome.—Sir Austen Chamberlain has sent the following message to Sgr. Mussolini:—"Horrified to learn of abominable attempt on your life. My wife joins with me in congratulating you on your escape. We trust that the wound is not serious."—Reuter.

ASSAILANT "SOMEWHAT ECCENTRIC"

LONDON, April 7.

In connection with the attack on Sgr. Mussolini Reuter is informed by a member of Lord Ashbourne's family that his sister Honourable Violet Albina Bibson is a lady of a somewhat eccentric temperament and is at present at Rome.—(R.T.)

LONDON, April 8.

Paris.—According to a newspaper, Lady Ashbourne, who is living in Compiegne, told French journalists that she was not surprised to hear of her sister-in-law, Violet Gibson's attempt on Sgr. Mussolini's life. Violet had not been full possession of her faculties, and was subject to intermittent mental crisis. Her relatievs tried to have her put in a nursing home, but were told that under Italian law this was not permissible in case of persons subject to intermittent insanity. Violet Gibson had several times declared that she would assassinate the Pope.—Reuter's Special.

DETAILS OF FIRING.

LONDON, April 7.

Rome.—In his speech at the International Congress of Surgery which was attended by six hundred delegates Sgr. Mussolini praised the surgeon's heroic fight against death and said, "I myself had experienced your marvellous skill as soldier in the great war." Later, when he was leaving the Capitol, accompanied by a number of doctors, he was loudly cheered by crowd and he acknowledged the tributes of the Roman salute. As he crossed the square towards his motor, an elderly woman in dark clothes dashed from the crowd and whipped out a revolver and fired, wounding Sgr. Mussolini in the lower part of his nose. Three officers immediately seized her and prevented further shots and protected her from the fury of the crowd which tried to lynch her.

COMPOSED THOUGH BLEEDING.

When hit, Sgr. Mussolini put his hand on his nose and withdrew it dripping with blood. The celebrated surgeon, Sgr. Bastianelli who was accompanying Mussolini immediately pressed a handkerchief to the Premier's nose to check bleeding. Sgr. Mussolini returned to the Capitol and surgeons applied first aid and dressings. Sgr. Mussolini immediately ordered that there should be no reprisals against his assailant. He was very composed and reassured his anxious entourage that the wound was nothing. Then he motored to his residence whither various distinguished persons hastened to condole with him. Sgr. Bastanielli has issued a bulletin saying that the wound was due to a gunshot which perforated the nostrils but the wound was not serious.—(R. T.)

PT. MOTILAL HAWKING KHADDAR

PROMINENT CONGRESSMEN FOLLOW SUIT.

ALLAHABAD, April 7.

Pundit Motilal Nehru was seen hawking Khaddar in the streets of Allahabad on the 6th April, the first day of the National Week. Mr. Rangaswami Iyenger, Swarajist M. L. A., and other prominent Congressmen, also accompanied Punditji selling Khaddar.—F. P. I.

PANDIT M. M. MALAVIYA IN AHMEDABAD.

LONG TALK WITH MAHATMA.

AHMEDABAD, April 8.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya arrived here this morning from Bombay, stayed at Sabarmati, and had a long talk with Mahatma Gandhi.

Panditji left for Jaipur to preside over the Ayurvedic Conference.—A. P.

LEST WE FORGET.

IF YOU WOULD

RIGHT THE JALLIANWALLA BAGH WRONG

AND

WIPE OUT THE PUNJAB SHAME

THEN

(1) Enlist yourself as a member of the Congress.
(2) Wear Khaddar and induce others to do the same.
(3) Labour to achieve inter-communal unity.
(4) Strive to remove the evil of Untouchability.

COMPLETE FAITH IN GANDHI CULT.

BEWARE OF FALSE UNITY.

NATIONAL WEEK OBSERVANCE.

Under the auspices of the F Ward Congress Committee a meeting was held last night at Matunga in Vishram building under the chairmanship of Seth Veljee Lakhamsee Napoo when Mr. Jaisuklal Mehta and others addressed the gathering upon the importance of the National Week Celebrations. Mr. Mehta who is well-known in the Matunga area as the candidate who had won the Council seat for Bombay North was given an ovation in rising to address the meeting. He began by referring to the recent Hindu-Muslim riots and strongly deprecated the mischievous suggestion in the Anglo-Indian press that these communal disorders were due to the mentality Mahatma Gandhi had created. According to Anglo-Indian critics that mentality meant the destruction of law and order. Mr. Mehta, discussed at great length how it was the Third Party in the land who was responsible for the bitterness between the evil-minded persons in the two great communities in this country, how it was those who persisted in gathering together the filth of Indian vernacular journalism under "Indian Eyes" that were responsible for increasing the bitterness. Week after week this process of causing the gulf to widen was deliberately continued and it was this that led to bad blood not the cult of Mahatma Gandhi, which was the gentlest and purest creed a subject nation can profitably adopt for attaining to freedom. He was sure they had complete faith all over the country in that faith and he warned them against false unity, the kind of unity promoted by people who were wreckers out to wreck the "Reforms." But they would find that good as they are as beggars they had not the courage to be wreckers. And the country will know how to treat their foolish adventure in destroying the Congress programme. He exhorted the audience to stick to that programme and to keep the Congress flag, flying.

KEEP UP CONGRESS'S PRESTIGE.

Mr. L. G. Khare then addressed the gathering and he reiterated the sentiments of the previous speaker regarding the urgent need of keeping up the prestige of the Congress.

Mr. A. B. Vaidya, one of the organising secretaries of the F Ward National Week Committee gave details of the work to be done and employed Congress workers in the area to assist the executive in enrolling voters for the Council register.

Mr. Virchand Ballagee, the new Municipal Corporator from Matunga mentioned what was being done in the area and with a few encouraging words the President dissolved the meeting. Mr. Veljee remarked that only two years ago Matunga had nearly 700 Congress members out of an adult male population of 1,000 and they ought to come up now to that previous distinguished record.

AT NAGPUR.

NAGPUR, April 8.

The National Week to commemorate the Jallianwalla tragedy is being celebrated by the Nagpur Nagar Congress Committee. A khaddi exhibition has been opened in the Town Hall with a view to popularise khaddar. New members of the Congress are being enrolled and series of lectures are being delivered.—A. P.

"SWARAJ OR YOUR LIFE"

TAKALI—INDIANS' GREAT WEAPON

AHMEDABAD, April 8.

Lady teachers of the Municipal schools gave a demonstration of spinning on the 'takali' this evening in the Municipal Hall. Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar exhorted them to spin on "takali" while teaching their pupils. He compared the "takali" to a pistol with which they could say to Government "Either Swaraj or your life".

Gandhiji is to go to Massoori on 22nd instant.—A. P.

TO-DAY'S MEETING AT CONGRESS HOUSE.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday) at 6.30 p.m. (S.T.) at the "CongressHouse" compound, when Dr S. V. Ketkar, Messrs. G. P. Pradhan, J. K. Mehta and F. J. Ginwalla will deliver a public lecture on "The Politics of the Unarmed." Maulana Shaukat Ali will preside.

MEETING AT MATUNGA.

Under the auspices of the G Ward District Congress Committee a public meeting will be held to-morrow (Saturday) at 9 p.m. in the compound of the Dalmia Building Lady Harding Road, Matunga. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta and others will speak on the "National Week and our Work."

KHADI & SWADESHI BAZAAR.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Swaraj Sabha, Rashtriya Stree Sabha, Parsi Rajkiya Sabha, Khadi and Swadeshi Bazaar will be held at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, on :—

Saturday (10th) from 3 to 8 p.m. (S.T.)
Sunday (11th) from 3 to 8 p.m. (S.T.)
Monday (12th) from 5 to 8 p.m. (S.T.)
Tuesday (13th) from 3 to 8 p.m. (S.T.).

Admission will be free, and no fees will be charged to genuine exhibitors.

REPRESSION OF 1921.

MR. CHINTAMANI'S DENIAL.

PANDIT MOTILAL'S REJOINDER.

LAHORE, Apr. 8.

Pandit Motilal Nehru and Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar arrived here to-day by Calcutta Mail. Raijada Hansraj had accompanied them from Jullunder. They were met at the station by a number of Congressmen. They are staying as guests of Diwan Ramlal.

It is understood that they have come here to discuss matters relating to the Congress, the coming elections and the Swaraj Party with the Punjab Congress leaders, and will most probably address a public meeting shortly.

MOTILAL-CHINTAMANI CONTROVERSY.

Pandit Motilal Nehru, in reply to a question by a representative of the Associated Press as to whether his attention had been drawn to the denial, made by Mr. Chintamani, of the statement Panditji had made in his Lucknow speech as to the part Mr. Chintamani had taken in the repressive campaign of 1921 in the U. P. when so many Congressmen including himself were sent to jail, said "Mr. Chintamani's denial of the part he took in the introduction of the Criminal Law Amendment Act to the U. P. shows he has fully profited by his close association with the bureaucracy, while he was Minister. But he will have to serve another term or two in the same or similar capacity to acquire full proficiency in the art of denying facts without fear of detection. Mr. Chintamani has caught hold of a mistake in a very cryptic, very bad English translation of the summary of my Lucknow speech which was delivered in Hindustani. He says "It is not true I went out of my way and gave my 'uninvited' assent to the introduction of the Criminal Law Amendment Act."

"A WORD THAT WAS NEVER USED"

The emphasis is on the word 'uninvited' which was never used by me. On the contrary, what I said was: "Mr. Chintamani was one of the Ministers in 1921. He was consulted by Government as to the advisability of applying to these Provinces the law under which the Congress volunteers were arrested. He could easily have said that was a matter with which he was not concerned as a Minister. But instead of saying so and leaving Government to act as it pleased, he assented. I do not say this because I was one of those who were sent to jail, but because several thousands came under this Act and were simillarly incarcerated.

The above rendering of my Urdu speech is borne out by the report published in "Hamdam" of Lucknow in its issue of 2nd April. Mr. Chintamani cannot take shelter under the word 'uninvited', which as I have shown, was not used by me. I put it to him now. I call upon him to give a straight answer to a straight question: Did he or did he not, while a Minister record his assent to the introduction of the Criminal Law Amendment Act in the U. P.? I shall wait for an reply to this question as well as to another equally inconvenient one put by Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer about the application of the Seditious Meetings Act to certain districts in Oudh by the Governor "acting with his Ministers".—A. P.

DEATH OF ZAMINDAR OF TAKI

CALCUTTA, April 8.

The death has occurred yesterday in Calcutta of Rai Yatindranath Chowdhury, Zemindar of Taki. In addition to playing important part in social and political movements in the country he had rendered invaluable services to the cause of Bengalee literature as Secretary to Bangiya Sahitya Parishad. He was one of the few landholders in Bengal who had joined the Indian National Congress and taken part in its deliberations.—A. P.

THE WEATHER

SIMLA, Apr. 8.

The weather remains suspicious in south of the Bay.

Thunderstorms have continued in the Peninsula and central parts of the country. Western disturbance is causing cloud along the frontier.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Chota Nagpur, Simla, Kumaon Hills, East Central Provinces and Madras Deccan and local in Orissa, Central India and East Hyderabad.

A few falls have occurred in Upper Burma, Assam, United Provinces, West Central Provinces and South Madras.

The chief amounts are:—Lashio three quarters of an inch; Tezpur and Gauhati a half Dharampore three quarters; Saugor one; Jagdalpur two; Pendra, Cochin, Madura and Kodaikanal a half.

Forecast: A few dust and thunderstorms along the frontier; elsewhere no large change.—A. P.

An Allahabad message says:—The Anglo-Indian Association of United Provinces has sent Mr. H. C. Desanges, to the Calcutta Conference as its delegate with instructions to agree to any scheme of unity provided it does not interfere with Association financially and leaves it to make its own rules.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

ELECTION OF NEW MEMBERS.

PROBABLE SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.

An adjourned meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held on Thursday afternoon, Mr. R. M. Chinoy, presiding. The House was full with members and hardly any seat was vacant. Most of the time was spent in voting for the twelve seats of the Standing Committee for which there were 34 candidates. Mr. Balubhai T. Desai created a mild sensation in moving an amendment to exclude Mr. Clayton from the Corporation Hall as he thought his presence influenced votings. The President, however, ruled him out of order and the voting was proceeded with. In fact, Mr. Clayton did not sit as Commissioner on Thursday and his place was taken by Mr. Kirpalani, the Acting Commissioner.

VICEROY'S THANKS.

The President after signing the minutes of the last meeting said:

I have got a very pleasant duty to perform viz:—To communicate to you the message of His Excellency the Viceroy. He has asked me to convey to the Corporation his best thanks for the cordial welcome given to him on his arrival in Bombay and for the address and casket presented to him on the occasion. He has also expressed a desire that he would in the near future visit this great city of ours and would personally look into the questions of education and development and other schemes.

MR. CLAYTON GOES ON LEAVE.

He then referred to the Commissioner Mr. Clayton and said he was going on leave to enjoy his well-earned rest. The Corporation will very much miss his genial presence and very valuable advice and assistance that he always gave them in their deliberations. There was, however, a great consolation that in the change of Commissioners the Corporation was not having an officer who was a stranger to them. Mr. Kirpalani whom he heartily welcomed on behalf of the Corporation as Acting Commissioner had previously served the Bombay Municipality as Dephty Commissioner and again as personal assistant to the Commissioner and as such he rendered very valuable assistance in both the capacities. He was confident Mr. Kirpalani's last experience of Municipal work would stand him in good stead in discharging the arduous duties of his high office.

NEW STANDING COMMITTEE.

Dr. K. E. Dadachanji then moved that the Corporation do proceed to elect twelve members of the Standing Committee.

Mr. Balubhai T. Desai then moved an amendment to add the following as a rider to the proposition:—

"And the Municipal Commissioner be requested not to watch the members of this House as he did at the Presidential Election in order as he then insinuated to see that attempts may not be made by some of the members to see the ballot-papers of the others because the Corporation are of opinion that such a thing seriously affects the dignity of the House while it is none of the Municipal Commissioner's duties to undertake such a work."

The President ruled the amendment out of order and observed that it was the Corporation which was concerned with the election and not the Commissioner.

There were 34 candidates for 12 seats on the Standing Committee.

PROBABLE SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES

When the Corporation adjourned at 6-40 p.m. the result of the election of the Standing Committee was not announced but the following candidates are likely to be elected:—

	Names	Votes.
1	Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta	51
2	Dr. P. H. Mehishri	50
3	Mr. L. R. Tairsee	47
4	Rao Bahadur A. K. Pai	44
5	Mr. H. J. Davis	43
6	Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai	43
7	Dr. R. M. Mistry	42
8	Dr. J. V. Vora	41
9	Mr. J. B. Boman-Behram	38
10	Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhalay	37
11	Mr. M. A. Dabholker	37
12	Mr. P. J. Murzban	36
13	Mr. H. M. Rahimtoola	36

As there is a tie between Messrs. Murzban and Mr. Rahimtoola the President's casting vote will be necessary to decide their fate on Monday next.

CORPORATION'S REPRESENTATIVE ON DEVELOPMENT SCHEME.

Another election to represent the Corporation on the Development Scheme was then proceeded with.

There were two candidates to represent the Corporation on the Advisory Committee for Bombay City in connection with the Bombay Development Scheme, viz:—Mr. B. G. Horniman and Sir V. A. Dabholker both of whom got 46 votes each. The President gave his casting vote in favour of Sir V. A. Dabholker and he was declared duly elected.

Mr. Horniman wanted to speak something on the question, but he was ruled out of order by the President.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh protesting said the President had ruled Mr. Horniman out of order before hearing him.

President:—I have already given my casting vote and the question could not be discussed now.

The Corporation then adjourned till Monday next.

CALCUTTA QUIET.

NO FURTHER TROUBLE ANTICIPATED.

35 DEATHS, 504 ARRESTS.

CALCUTTA, April 8.

According to the police everything was quiet throughout last night and no further trouble is anticipated. Both sides seem to have spent up all their energy. This morning the life of the city was normal though many business houses reported difficulty in effecting collections from bazaars. 504 arrests are officially announced. Total number of deaths is 35, and it is thought that there have been some more which have not yet been reported to the police.—A P.

CALCUTTA, April 8.

The situation in Calcutta to-day was easy. An upcountry Hindu was stabbed in the abdomen and removed to the Medical College Hospital, his condition being critical. Two other stray cases of assault are also reported in the northern part of the town. The Commissioner of Police toured in the affected area and at his instructions, the police tried though unsuccessfully to induce the Marwari traders to open their shops. In Chitpur section of the town, Hindus and Mahomedans were working in co-operation with the police and guarding temples and mosques. Only three bodies were removed to-day to the morgue. This has brought the total number of deaths to forty.—A. P.

DACOIT'S FIELD DAY.

CALCUTTA, April 8.

Taking advantage of the disturbed situation some twenty-five men armed with guns, swords, spears and daggers raided the house of a well-to-do Hindu inhabitant of Golakpur village about twenty miles South of Calcutta in the Diamond Harbour subdivision. They broke open the door and entered the house. The inmates opposed them and were assaulted. In the meantime the villagers assembled; but they were scared away by the firing of guns. After looting the house, the dacoits left with cash and ornaments valued at rupees three thousand.—A. P.

SITUATION ON WEDNESDAY.

CALCUTTA, April 7.

The presence of Sir Hugh Stephenson, Senior Member of the Bengal Executive Council, in Calcutta, had the desired effect of restoring order in the disturbed areas of the town. He visited all hospitals and got first hand information from some of the wounded persons. He visited the scene of riots and consulted leaders of both communities. Sir Hugh saw the Postmaster-General and persuaded him to re-open the post offices in the affected areas. This had the desired effect. Almost all shops were re-opened and with the help of police tram cars were run and 'bus service restored. There was no repetition of stray cases of assault and loot which had been reported in the morning and in the evening almost normal condition was restored. But after night-fall most of the panic-stricken shop-keepers closed their places of business. Panic was created in several parts of the city early this morning due to the spread of false rumours that attempts were being made either to desecrate mosques or temples. This morning a Bengali gentleman, named Mr. Kar, was proceeding along Upper Chitpur Road in a ticca gharri when some hooligans stopped the gharri and assaulted the coachman and the syce. Mr. Kar at once jumped off and took shelter in the house of a Hindu in the locality.

TWO HINDUS ARRESTED.

In another case a Mahomedan was passing along Daccapatty Burrabazar when he was assaulted by some Hindus with lathies. He received serious injuries on his head and was removed to the Medical College Hospital by the police who arrived soon after. Two Hindus were arrested this morning.

Two vegetable sellers in Nuttan Bazar Beadon Square were attacked by a couple of Mahomedans who assaulted them with lathies. Police arrived and the hooligans bolted away. It is reported that a Peshawari was roughly handled by some up-country Hindus at the same place, but this information lacks confirmation.

In the morning a car was stoned at Chitpur Road by some Mahomedans who boarded the car and assaulted a couple of Hindus with lathies, but the injuries they received were slight.

At Manspukur a Mahomedan was seriously stabbed by Hindus as he was proceeding. He was removed to Mayo Hospital in the Central Avenue.

Another Mahomedan was assaulted with lathies by some up-country Hindus and he was removed to the Medical College Hospital.

A MOSQUE STONED.

The mosque in the Armenian Street have a disturbance took place on the previous day was stoned early this morning by some Hindus. Police arrived there and the mob dispersed. The mosque is being well guarded.

At about 2 o'clock this morning, it is reported, some Mahomedans assembled near a Hindu temple apparently to desecrate it. The Hindus who were vigilant raised an alarm and soon a large number of people assembled. The police shortly arrived and

(Continued on next page)

ALMOST A DECLARATION OF WAR."

EVILS OF INDENTURE SYSTEM.

MR. ANDREWS ON THE ASIATIC BILL.

LONDON, April 8.

Cape Town.—Mr. C. F. Andrews who is at present in Natal, sails on the 12th April, by s.s. "Karagola". He has been examining archieves with regard to Indian Immigration since 1860. In the course of an interview, he said it would be a tragedy of the first magnitude in the history of the Twentieth Century if South Africa persistently insulted and antagonised the East. India stood at the gateway of the East; and through Dr. Rabindranath Tagore interpreted East to West and West to East. Thus friendly relations were always possible and South Africa might have them for asking. The present Asiatic Bill, however, was regarded in India almost as a declaration of war. Mr. Andrews declared that the time he had spent in South Africa seemed like nightmare to him similar to those anxious days in Europe prior to the declaration of war in 1914.

NATAL'S DEBT TO INDIA.

Mr. Andrews said that the records showed indisputably a record of evil of Indian Immigration under the indenture system; how India from 1858 onwards had been reluctant to allow Indians to go to Natal and had twice in 1858 and in 1866 refused permission, but in each case had yielded to pressure that had been brought to bear. He pointed out that even as late as 1911 employers had sent a deputation imploring the Indian Government to continue indentured emigration but India had refused. By the indentured system Natal had incurred a debt which could not lightly be repudiated. Indians could not be thrown out of the country as a man threw away orange peel after taking out all juice. This was neither fair nor just. India herself must take part of the responsibility for allowing this evil system.—Reuter.

A RAY OF HOPE FROM S. AFRICA.

NEGOTIATIONS SHAPE WELL.

LONDON, April 8.

Cape Town.—Reuter understands that negotiations between the Indian Deputation and Government have been shaping lately far better than hitherto, and that the Deputation will probably sail by the Karapara on 28th April. It is considered probable that the points at issue will be settled satisfactorily in the meantime.—Reuter.

KHILAFAT DEPUTATION TO BURMA

RS. 50,000 COLLECTED

The Hon. Secretary of the Central Khilafat Committee has sent the following message to the Press:—

As many people are enquiring about the Khilafat Deputation to Burma, following lines would suffice as a short report:—

The Khilafat Conference 1925 decided to concentrate all force of the Khilafat Committees on the propagation of an educational programme also to devote the first three months to the collection of funds. In compliance with this a deputation left for Burma. The deputation consisting of Maulanas Abul Kalam Azad and Shaukat Ali with Mr. Akhtar Ali as Secretary, left for Rangoon on 26th January. Maulana Azad intended staying for few days only and had planned to return after delivering a few speeches on the objects of the deputation, whereas Maulana Shaukat Ali intended remaining there much longer. At the pressing request of friends, Moulana Azad could not return earlier than 15th of February. On 15th March Maulana Azad came back to Calcutta and Maulana Shaukat Ali by further pressure was stopped till 22nd March. Moulana Shaukat Ali further visiter Mandalay, Maymyo, Thazi, Meiktila, Yindaw, Pyawbwe, Pyinmana, Toungoo, Nyaunglevin, Penwegon, Kanyutkwin, Pegu, Syriam and Insien.

This was the first occasion for these leaders to go to Burma. Therefore, it was necessary not only to point out the objects of the deputation, but also the larger national and political issues.

The members of the deputation are thankful to the Burmans in general and the residents of Rangoon in particular for the love and enthusiasm with which they received these leaders.

COLLECTION OF FUNDS.

Regarding collection of funds, the hopes entertained for a rich mercantile country like Burma, have not been entirely fulfilled. Yet Rs. 50,000 has been collected the whole of which is earmarked for educational and constructive purposes. This sum could have easily been a lakh, but lower Burma and a part of Rangoon has not been tapped. It is further hoped that as soon as earnest work begins, the generous Mussalman public of Burma will not be slack in providing further help. They are anxious to meet Moulana Mohamed Ali who intends visiting Burma next November.

EMIGRATION TO BRITISH GUIANA.

COUNTRY OPPOSED TO GOVERNMENT DECISION.

I. I. C. ASSOCIATION'S PROTEST.

The following telegram has been sent by the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association to Government of India, Education Department:—

"The Council of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association views with alarm the draft notification of the Government of India legalising the emigration of unskilled labour to British Guiana. The Council has reason to believe that only three years ago the Government of India was against emigration to British Guiana, because of the absence of communication and good drinking water in that colony. It will, therefore, be grateful to be informed when and how these difficulties were eliminated. Dewan Bahadur Keshav Pillai, who headed an official deputation to British Guiana a few years ago, in a recent message to the press has emphatically opposed all emigration to British Guiana until the existing disabilities to which the Indian settlers are subjected, are removed. Moreover, the Indian settlers in British Guiana would not favour emigration from India, as they require time to settle down and raise themselves from the prevailing state of depression and backwardness. The Council further hopes that the Government of India will enable the country to consider the advisibility or otherwise of the scheme before it is given effect to and is of opinion that the country is opposed to the decision of the Indian Legislature."

AKALI LEADERS' CASE.

MINISTER AS DEFENCE WITNESS.

LAHORE, April 7.

The Akali leaders' conspiracy case is being proceeded with before a special magistrate in Lahore fort. Cross-examination of the prosecution witnesses is over. Defence evidence has now commenced. A preliminary list of defence witnesses has been submitted by the accused which includes the names of Sardar Jogendra Singh, Minister of Agriculture, Sir Sundar Singh Majithia, Tarasingh and Professor Ruchiram, M.L.C.'s.—A. P.

ADVANCE OF FRENCH COLUMNS.

DRUSES DISARMED,

LONDON, April 7.

Paris.—A message from Beirut says that the advance of the French columns in the vicinity of Mount Hermon has resulted in 204 Druses being killed and 250 wounded in contrast to one killed and four wounded among the French. The Druses have taken refuge on the other side of the frontier in Palestine where they have been disarmed.—Reuter.

MORROCAN WAR.

FRANCO SPANISH PEACE AGREEMENT

LONDON, April 8.

Paris.—M. Briand and the Spanish Ambassador conferred regarding peace negotiations with the insurgent tribes of Morocco on which France and Spain have come to a complete agreement regarding procedure.—Reuter.

PRINCESS VICTORIA'S HEALTH,

LONDON, April 7.

A bulletin says that Princess Victoria progressed satisfactorily during the day.—Reuter.

DELHI UNIVERSITY VICE-CHANCEELORSHIP.

DELHI, April 8.

The Executive Council of the Delhi University met to recommend candidates for the Vice-Chancellorship with the following result:—Mr. Moti Sagar, ex-Judge, the Punjab High Court received nine votes, and Sir Hari Singh Gour also polled nine votes including one vote of his own.—A. P.

The third general election for the Legislative Council of Bihar and Orissa will take place as at present arranged towards the end of November next.

MOSUL QUESTION

LATEST PHASE

BATTLE OF SCRIPTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

STAMBOUL, March 8.

The Mosul Question is to-day entering upon a new phase. The League Council shall be asked by its creators to ratify the newly-concluded Anglo-Iraq 'Treaty.' To add insult to the injury, the British asked the Turkish Government to send a delegate of theirs to Geneva to witness this ignominious show. To shut the mouth of some out-spoken members who might be bold enough to enquire of them about the course of negotiations concerning the amicable settlement of Anglo-Turkish outstanding questions which was recommended by the League Council in its last memorable session, British diplomacy has already prepared an answer. At the last moment, the text of the Anglo-Iraq "Treaty" has been sent to the Turkish Government and the British Ambassador here has taken the trouble of visiting Angora for a day! If the above-mentioned awkward enquiry is made, the British Delegate at Geneva would at once say:—"Do not bother yourself about it. Our Ambassador has been to the Turkish Capital several times and is there even now in spite of the 'insanitary lodgings in Angora.' We are taking the necessary steps in the direction indicated by the Council; in the meantime you should ratify the Anglo-Iraq 'Treaty' which has been accepted by the Parliaments of England and Iraq."

After securing this ratification, the British will come out before the Turkish Government flourishing this new weapon in their face:—"Dare you defy the whole civilised (?) world?"

But the Turks will defy hundreds of such "civilised (?) worlds" as they have so far done, for their claim to Mosul is based upon right and justice. To dragoon them into submission the British are, according to the "Vakit"; doing their best to create difficulties for France who had begun to take a line of action more favourable to Turkey and was beginning to refuse to obey the becks and calls of her British creditors and mentors. The fall of the Briand Cabinet and the breaking down of the Franco-Turkish negotiations regarding the settlement of the Coupons Question, are considered by this paper to be the result of the British wire-pullings. Most probably the Turks will not send any delegate to the League Session; for it is physically impossible for their delegate to arrive at Geneva in time: further, they have not so far received the text of the Anglo-Iraq "Treaty" said to have been sent to them.

As Turkey expected France to act with greater independence and courage at the present Session of the League than she had so far done, great interest is being taken here in the new French Cabinet crisis.

LATIN SCRIPT.

The question of the substitution of the Arabic script by the Latin script has once again flared up here, and this time in a more threatening form. Hosein Johid Bey, the imprisoned Editor of the suppressed "Tanin", conducted a vigorous campaign two years ago in favour of the adoption of the Latin script. Now that the Turcology Congress, organised by the Soviet Government for the sake of investigating the influence wielded by Turanian Culture upon the world, is to be held in Baku and the question of the adoption of Latin script, for the Turanian peoples, forms an important item on the Agenda of the Congress, the Turkish advocates of Latin script are once more busy. They have scored a big success. The new Turkish Postal stamps are said to bear the words "Turkia Postalari" in Latin characters and the new paper currency of the Turkish Republic is to have only Latin script for the indication of the denomination and value of the paper.

Soviet Russia has all these years been faced with a Turanian Question within her domain. The various Turanian Republics of the Soviet Union maintained their national entity which often was worked up by interested parties into an anti-Soviet movement. The easiest and safest way of doing away with this friction was by means of a change which would quietly sever the ties binding the Turanians with the past. These ties are being severed by means of suppressing the Arabic script under the excuse that it obstructs the masses from becoming literate in the shortest time. Soviet Azerbajan is said to have already adopted the Latin script. If Turkey as well adopts it through the efforts of her enthusiasts, than the work of absorbing the Turanian mass of humanity in the literate family of civilised nations will have been half done! This "revolutionary change" is to take place here in the near future, which would "complete the Turkish Revolution" as its advocates say. But those who take a rational view of the problem as the Daily "Khalq", are of opinion that though the Turkish language stands in need of phonetic reforms, yet the change of script can never be practicable. Revolutionaries like the Bolsheviks, continues the paper, could not make but very insignificant changes in the Russian script, which is not Latin script. The paper concludes that this innovation shall prove as fruitless as the attempt of Enver Pasha to replace the present mode of writing of Turkish language by a new method in which Arabic letters were written separately and with vowels inserted in between the letters.

Help the kidneys!

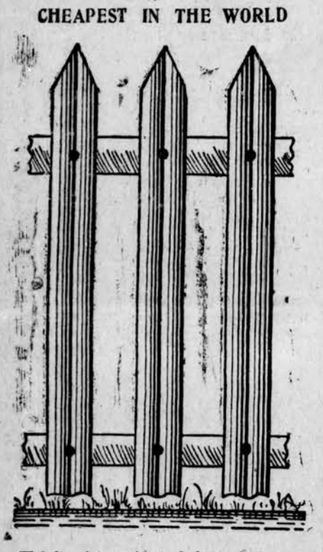
What a lot of trouble is caused by disordered kidneys, yet frequently the more easily remedied symptoms are neglected.

This means that poisons are allowed to overrun the system, upsetting the nerves, inflaming the joints and muscles, and starting most serious kidney complications. Be quick to safeguard the kidneys if you experience rheumatic pains, headaches, backache, dizziness and annoying bladder irregularities; or if you feel dispirited, irritable, nervous, and "all worn out."

It is dangerous to continue neglect of such warnings—the one wise course is to strengthen the weakening kidneys without delay. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills can do this; they will make you well and keep you well. Get a bottle, now, and prove this for yourself.

CORRUGATED STEEL PALE FENCING.

UNCLIMBABLE, STRONG AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD



Height from 4 to 8 feet always in stock with its complete fittings. A GREAT SAVING in the cost of erection as it requires no foundation. Enquiries solicited for all kind of iron and sheet works

NANSI IRON AND STEEL WORKS

223, THAKURDWAR RD., BOMBAY.
Post No. 2.

WHEN AT

SIMLA,
MAHABLESHWAR
AND
MATHERAN

Messrs. POHLOMAL
News Agency, SIMLA,

Messrs. MAHABLESHWAR STORES & PHARMACY,
Main Steet, MAHABLESHWAR

Messrs. N. LORDS, Matheran Stores,
MATHERAN.

Will supply

DAILY and SUNDAY
"CHRONICLE"
AT ONE ANNA.

Read "CRONICLE" for News and Views.

EDUCATION OF MUSLIM GIRLS.

AN UNSATISFIED NEED.

(BY ATIYA FAZEE RAHMIN.)

The Crusades were the downfall of the East, and rise of the West, while the last world-wide war proved to be the downfall of the West and certainly the rise of the East. My remarks will be directed to the Muslim world in particular. The iron grip of the West was compelled to gradually loosen its hold and Islam once more asserted itself all over

WOMAN IN ISLAM.

Islam is the one religion which places woman on such a high pedestal that no other religion gives the same advantage to its women folk. And following the dictates of Islam, Turkey—Egypt, and Afghanistan made ample provisions for a very free and liberal education to meet all circumstances of their women. And thus it was possible in all these kingdoms that because the Islamic woman was able to take her right stand in life, the arrangement of the man's work was facilitated, and the countries were able to gain their independence. Otherwise such a state would have been quite impossible. India, unlike all other Muslim countries, remained in conscious ignorance, and persued its deadly policy of egotism. Even now when all the world over, all Nations are moving forwards in recognising women's rights the Mussalmans of India are enjoying the unique distinction of being completely isolated where feminine progress is concerned!

The Khilafat, the Muslim League, the Jamiat-ul-Ulema and such so-called powerful organisations of the country are so self-satiated and so self-contained in their one-sided policy that they have no eyes to see beyond. There are large funds for boys' education—not girls—in the city of Bombay and elsewhere.

UNCHIVALROUS BEHAVIOUR

The recent incidents of Aligarh, of self-appraisement during its Jubilee celebrations are too fresh to need repitition. The extraordinary insulting and cowardly behaviour of the authorities towards their women folk has left a permanent blot in their history, and darkened their horizon for ever! The unpardonable written command of the Secretary of the All-India Educational Conference ordering the ladies not to go to the screened-off portion reserved for ladies in the pandal—and that if they did insist on going they would be insulted—betrayed his short-sightedness and was the means of bringing his tottering, waning career with a great blemish over it, to a sudden dead stop!

I also recall another incident when on the day of the announcement of donations I begged of the President and the 'elite' of the Muslim nobility gathered on the platform to permit me to speak for two minutes only, how, after making false promises they cleverly manipulated so that I was not given the chance!! My object was to announce a donation and to afford them the facility of celebrating the Jubilee 'wholeheartedly' and not half-heartedly, to commemortate the Era by starting a fund for a Muslim Women's University, and to tell them that they had enjoyed the fat cakes of the country's money for their own benefit for full long fifty years, that to depart from this sickening self-filling policy, and to devote the "better half" of the sum collected that day for their "better halves," heave a sigh of relief that an auspicious and holy beginning for the redemption for their past crimes has at last been made. The opportunity was deliberately denied to me, and the hollow proceedings of mutual praises and compliments went on.

INADEQUATE FACILITIES.

Such being the mentality of the Mussalmans, I saw that my work would have to be much more arduous than before, and more than ever I determined to pursue the course of founding educational institutions—based on religious and traditional lines—all over the country for the daughters of Islam.

The existing schools—either Government—Missionary—Municipality or private concerns are all inadequate and do not meet with our requirements. In the Government and Missionary schools they at least impart a general good behaviour and a superficial knowledge of things whilst is insufficient. But the way the Municipality schools are conducted, are really disgracetul to say the least. One or two of my recent experiences will give sufficient idea and exhbit the kind of tuition the girls get when they go to school. In the first place the premises are dreadfully filthy. The children come in an appallingly dirty condition, the teacher adds to this general arrangement of unsavouriness, with the result that a municipal school has a heavy poisonous atmosphere! In one school the teacher was sprawling down and two girls were champooing her! In another she was so occupied in preparing her 'pan' that for full twenty minutes no attention whatsoever was given to the children. I can go on quoting may other instances. In short none of the schools provide the kind tuition that is suitable to a Mussalman girl of any social grade or rank, whatsoever. A complete change of organization in the course and method is urgently essential. Sufficient amount of money is being spent upon the hangers-on and staff without any permanent or, substantial benefit to the community.

WANTED FUNDS.

For a Muslim girl of any social grade Koran with meaning, Persian and Urdu, cooking and sewing, hygiene and English is absolutely essential. Residential institutions are necessary to guard the general conduct of the girl. Passing examinations alone are a mere waste of energy. To found new institutions means accumulating large funds and seeing the psychology of the Mussalman to-day, it is almost impossible to get money from them for this purpose. But what is possible is to have a controlling body of capable Muslim women who would look after these schools to help to bring about a complete change in the curriculum existing to-day. No sooner such a change is effected the satisfactory result will be obvious almost instantaneously and save the situation from all points of view for the present. I am organising a performance for the sake of beginning a fund to conduct a school on this lines I propose, and I appeal to the Government, the Municipality and sympathizers to help me in patronizing the show which takes place on Bari Eed to help to swell the fund appreciably so that I may be in a position to start the Madrasa and show practical results.

MORE THAN 90,000 CLIENTS HAVE HAD OUR WONDERFUL FORETELLING.

Full Annual Life Reading of amazing accuracy with a wonderful delineation of life and character Re. 1. Five years' Life Reading Rs. 2-8. Postage Extra. State time and date of birth or of writing the letter. Testimonials highest. A trial order will marvellously convince you. The KALINGA Astrological Bureau, Vizianagaram City. B. N. Railway.

CALCUTTA QUIET.

(Continuous from previous page).

it is reported fired some blank shots and scared away the hooligans.

Some hooligans attempted to push into the house of Mr. Das at Entally early this morning. It is stated that Mr. Das fired a number of blank shots and the hooligans took to their heels. Later, it is reported, the same gang made an attempt to desecrate a Hindu temple in the Middle Temple Road, but they were repulsed.

A FALSE RUMOUR.

Last night a false rumour was spread in Nalin Sarcar Street that a mosque situated in the locality was going to be attacked by Hindus and that a similar attempt was to be made by Mahomedans to desecrate a temple in the same locality. The Inspector of Police, on receipt of the information, hurried to the place with a posse of constables and sergeants. There they noticed a large number of Hindus and Mahomedans collected. The mob soon dispersed.

SIR HUGH INTERVIEWED.

With a view to take immediate action to restore peace and order in Calcutta Mr. K. C. Roy Chowdhury, Labour Member, Bengal Council, interviewed Sir Hugh Stephenson who said that since his return from Darjeeling on Tuesday he had visited various hospitals and talked to some of the wounded persons there. He went round Burrabazar with the Commissioner of Police and discussed with leading Marwaris who urged immediate resumption of business. He saw the Postmaster-General and persuaded him to re-open the post offices in the affected areas and to deliver insured and registered articles with the help of the police. He said that the best thing to do was to restore confidence of the public by re-opening shops and by encouraging cattmen to resume normal business. As for efforts to effect conciliation, individuals having influence over communal leaders should exert themselves and appeal to friends in different centres to forgive and forget the incidents of the past.

CONCILIATION SCHEME SUGGESTED.

Mr. Roy Chowdhury next saw the Hon. the Maharajdhiraj Bahadur of Burdwan who after deploring the outbreak of communal riots in Calcutta observed that the ball started rolling in up-country and the Punjab where certain religious sects conceived the idea of reconversion of outcastes into their fold. The hooligan elements of both the communities (Hindus and Moslems) got the upperhand and directed their efforts to loot shops, desecrate places of worship and commit violence. The best thing for the citizens of Calcutta who had at heart the restoration of good feeling between the two communities was to subscribe liberally to a fund for restoration of the wrecked temples and mosques to be administered by a Committee of leaders representing both the communities. He was anxious to see a bona fide movement started all over India to bring about permanent peace between the two communities and he suggested organising conciliation committees in each and every district and subdivision. As a matter of fact he would start a Conciliation Committee of this kind in Burdwan and if the experiment succeeded he would direct his efforts to establish these committees all over India with the frank and sincere co-operation of the public.

PANIC IN THE CITY.

Panic prevails in Watgunge, Kidderpore, as there is apprehension of desecration of Hindu temples and mosques. The Mahomedan population predominates in the area. About half a dozen armed police constables have been posted as a precautionary measure. In consequence of this panic most of the Hindu shops were closed.

In one case a Mahomedan was proceeding along Clive Street when near the crossing of Raja Woodmunt Street he was beaboured with lathies receiving serious injuries necessitating his removal to the Mayo Hospital where he is lying in a critical condition. In another case a young Mahomedan was proceeding through Strand Bank Road when he was assaulted by some Hindus. He was also removed to Mayo Hospital. A Mahomedan coachman was proceeding along Garpar Road when he was chased by some up-country Hindus. The coachman left his carriage and ran for his life and saved himself. The horse's stomach was cut open and the animal died instantaneously. The police and the military are patrolling in boats on the river as a precautionary measure. Two attacks were made by the Mahomedans on the Pareshnath Temple on Tuesday night, but owing to the presence of the police and the military the attempts of the hooligans were baffled. Several blank shots were fired which scared them away.

MISS WILSON'S STATEMENT.

Miss P. Wilson who had her wounds dressed at the Medical College Hospital in a statement made before the doctor said that she had been pushed in the crowd in Marques Street and she sustained an abrasion and sprain. Only five persons including three Mahomedans and two Hindus were admitted into the Medical College Hospital to-day. Four of them had received lathi blows and another a stab wound. Only one Mahomedan was admitted into the Campbell Hospital. Six Mahomedans were treated at the Mayo Hospital, four of whom who had received minor injuries were dressed and discharged while the remaining two were admitted into the hospital. One more death was reported in the Medical College Hospital and the body was removed to the morgue. In addition to the two already reported this makes the total number of deaths 38. The situation to-day up till a late hour in the night has been quiet throughout excepting for some stray cases of assault reported above.—A. P.

STABBING AFFRAYS.

BROTHER STABS BROTHER

On Wednesday night two incidents of stabbing occurred in the city, and both the victims being in precarious condition, their dying deposition was recorded. In the first affray a brother stabbed a brother for some unknown reason. It appeared Vazir Abdul Samad, a Mohamedan residing at Madanpura, went to a tea shop to buy sherbat etc. for his father, when he was suddenly stabbed by his brother Mohamed Shafi Abdul. The assailant inflicted four wounds on Vazir which threw him down unconscious. Some pedestrians and men in the shop raised an alarm and Mohamed Shafi was arrested on the spot and handed over to the police. The injured man was removed to the J. J. Hospital where, his condition becoming serious, Mr. G. R. Khairaz the Second Presidency Magistrate was called to record his dying deposition.

ENRAGED AT NOT BEING SERVED.

Another stabbing incident occurred at Sandhurst Road near a tea shop between a servant employed in a tea shop and a Hindu customer. The altercation arose as Chimayachetty Venkana, the servant in the tea shop, refused to serve Kodaba Dogra a customer. This enraged Kodaba, and he brought a knife and stabbed Chimayachetty in his lungs. The police removed the injured man to the J. J. Hospital where his condition grew serious and Mr. G. R. Khairaz the Second Presidency Magistrate was sent for to take his deposition.

MEDICAL GRADUATES.

BETTER POST-GRADUATE EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

The Government of Bombay have had under consideration the question of providing better post-graduate educational facilities for graduates of the Medical profession. In Great Britain the essential preliminary to advanced medical and surgical work is the post of House Surgeon and House Physician and it is considered desirable that similar advantages should be made available in this Presidency. In pursuance of this policy the Government of Bombay, with the previous approval of the Government of India, have reduced, from 24 to 12 certain civil posts reserved for the Indian Medical Department.

The No. of appointments to be retained are St. George's Hospital, Bombay, 5; European Genl. Hospital, Aden, 1; Sassoon Hospitals, Poona, Central Mental Hospital, Yeravda, 1; Asst. Surgeon on H. E. the Governor's Establishment, 1; Dispensary, Manora, 1; Railway Dispensary, Karachi Cantonment, 1; Leave Reserve, 1; Total 12.

As a result of the above arrangements, when vacancies arise, the following, among other posts, will be available for educational purposes:—

Sir J. J. Hospital, House Surgeon.
Motlibai Hospital, House Surgeon.
Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, House Surgeon.
Civil Hospital, Karachi, House Surgeon.

Orders will be announced, in due course, specifying the conditions under which the appointments relinquished by the Indian Medical Department will be filled.

HOCKEY.

TGA KHAN TOURNAMENT

CUSTOMS WIN THE REPLAY.

The replay of the first semi-final between the Customs and the Poona Rangers on Thursday evening provided a mediocre game. When full-time arrived neither side had scored, and it looked as though there would have to be another replay; but in the last few minutes of extra time Davis gave his side the lead by scoring the only goal, and this they maintained up to the end. The backs on both sides played well while Cowton and Cowper were each responsible for a splendid slave. Cowton, the customs centre-forward, was conspicious for some foreful play.

Customs	1 goal
Poona Rangers	nil

Customs:—Cowton;; Lynn and Potts; Chapman, Sullivan and Loveday; Gerrard, Hassett, B. Cowton, Davis and Clarke.

Poona Rangers:—Cowper; McKenzie and Symonds; Cazalet, Massey and Santa Cruz; Mac Intyre, O'Brien, Tyrrell, Naidu and Brewin.

FINAL MATCH

Saturday Customs vs Christ Church Old Boys, Jubbulpore.

Progress is Nature's Way

The growth and healthy development of the child shows this in so many ways; at first he is so helpless—soon he learns to crawl—then to walk—and later to run. In like way at the same time his mental powers and other faculties develop. Nature demands that the child's feeding too, should be progressive, adequate to build him up, and to keep pace with his increasing digestive capacity.

'Allenburys'

Progressive System of Infant Feeding

Modelled on Nature, supplies the foods specially adapted to baby's needs and powers of digestion. This system is not an experiment; its merits have been proved every day for the last forty years. To-day more than ever it is recognised by those who know from experience to be the highest standard of Infant Feeding.

Milk Food No. 1 *Birth to 3 months* — **Milk Food No. 2** *3 to 6 months*

Malted Food No. 3 *6 months and onwards*

Write for the 'Allenburys' Book, sent post free, a mine of useful information on the hundred and one points which arise from day to day affecting baby.

Post this Coupon To-day to

Allen & Hanburys Ltd.,
Special Representative for India:
Block E,
Clive Buildings, Calcutta

COUPON

Mrs. .....

.....

.....

will be pleased to receive, free of charge, the 'Allenburys' booklet on Infant Feeding and Management.

He Sings in his Bath.

Why? Because he feels he must shout for sheer joy, he's so brimful of health and energy! Do *you* feel like bursting into song when you get up? You don't—but you will if you take your daily pinch of Kruschen Salts.

Just a little *daily* dose—as much as will lie on a silver 4-anna piece; it's so easy and you can't taste it in your first morning cup of tea. It reminds your liver and kidneys of their duty, washes all waste matter out of your system, refreshes your blood, and sets every nerve in your body vibrating with the joy of new health and vigour.

You know why? Because Kruschen Salts consist of Nature's own health ingredients—just those six salts which your body ought to be getting from your food. Millions have learnt the value of Kruschen Salts and enjoy the priceless gifts of health and happiness for only an anna a week.

Kruschen Salts

GOOD HEALTH FOR AN ANNA A WEEK.
Obtainable from all chemists, stores and bazaars.

Where to Lodge in Bombay?

For Healthy, Delicious Food, Airy Rooms, Electric Lights and Fans, Bath Rooms, and Business Locality Come to—

Telephone No. 20296. Tele. Add. "Hinduhotel"

SUKHSAGAR HINDU LODGE.

Highclass Gujarati Hindu Hotel, Personal Supervision, Moderate Rates. Princess St., Mangaldas Road, BOMBAY 2.

LIMITATION OF FAMILY.

360 Pages : 55 Illustrations, and 5 portraits.
Price Rs. 4/- *Fifth and Enlarged Edition.*

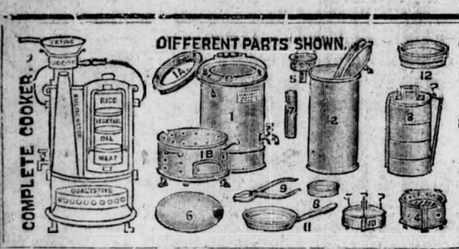
A comprenensive and confidential treatise. Every parent desiring to regulate the number of children according to his health and means, will find it a Godsend.

Complere List of Books on Sexology and allied subjects on application

Abb. sus Schaeffer: Geburtsak:

International Publishing Co.

Telegrams—'INPUCO' International Buildings, LUDHIANA. (*British Idia*).



A BOON TO TOURIST.
DR. A. RASHEED'S M.P. Patent
IDEAL COOKER
Simultaneous Cooking, Boiling and Frying are done in an hour.
Price from Rs. 8/8 & upwards
Illustrated Price List from
IDEAL COOKER Co., MONGHYR.

THE
Prager Presse
is the most IMPORTANT and COMPLETE ORGAN OF INFORMATION in
CENTRAL EUROPE.

The MOST EXHAUSTIVE daily newspaper for foreign trade and economic matters.

Sunday Literary and Illustrated Supplements.
An EXCELLENT MEDIUM FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ask for Free Specimen Copy.

Representatives required in every country.
Offices : Fochova 62, Prague XII, Czechoslovakia.

Excessive perspiration is a sign of weakness

Not, of course, the perspiration due to heavy exertion or heat, but the "Cold perspiration" and nightsweats which accompany weakening diseases, such as Tuberculosis. These nightsweats are not only a sign of weakness, but they also weaken the body. To conquer this weakness you should build up your forces right from the core by strengthening the body-cells with calcium, their vital constituent. Kalzana will do this for you.

Kalzana tablets contain calcium in a special chemical combination, which causes the calcium to be readily absorbed by the body and retained. The strengthening influence of Kalzana will be noticed even after a few days by a lessening of nightsweats.

In Tuberculosis. The strengthening effect of Kalzana is of special importance in Tuberculosis. The fortified cells are more easily able to resist the attacks of the bacilli, while an excessive content of calcium in the organism causes calcium to be deposited in and around the infected places in the lungs, by which process the bacilli are "caged in" so that they can do no further harm.

Strengthen your body by strengthening its cells with

Kalzana

THE CALCIUM FOOD

Your doctor heals — Kalzana strengthens.

Made by the Manufacturers of Sanatogen and Formamint.
Sold at all chemists and stores.

WHOLE SALE AGENTS FOR KALZANA :—
MARTIN & HARRIS, LTD,
GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
Parsi Bazar Street, Fort .. .. BOMBAY.

COUNCIL ELECTIONS.

KARNATAK CONGRESS COMMITTEE INVITES APPLICATIONS.

GADAG, April 7.

The Secretary, Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, Gadag, wires :—

Applications are invited from such candidates as intend to stand on behalf of the Congress in Karnatak for the election to the Bombay and Madras Legislative Councils and the Assembly. Applicants must be members of the Congress and must subscribe to the general policy of the Congressmen in the Legislatures as laid down by the All-India Congress Committee held at Delhi in March last and must also sign the pledge. Forms of application embodying the pledge will be supplied to candidates on their sending one anna postage stamp to the Secretary, Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, Gadag. Candidates should please note that the applications must reach this office before the 30th of April, 1926.

PRESIDENT'S ELECTION.

REGRETTABLE TACTICS

Mr. B. F. Bharucha writes :—

What are these reports of the tactics of Messrs. Mody, Clayton, Kelly, Chinoy, Salebhoy and Co., in regard to the recent election of the President of the Corporation? Is it a fact? :—

(1) That Mr. H. P. Mody escorted Mr. Salebhoy to Mr. Clayton's room?

(2) What sweetmeats were served to the soft Salebhoy by that trio :—Mody, Kelly and Clayton?

(3) Did Mr. Clayton play the host or the ghost?

(4) And Mr. Kelly, did he play the pipe or the bugle?

(5) Do the Bureaucrats, the Loyalists and the Progress Party dread a Swarajist President so terribly?

(6) Are such tactics creditable to a Democratic Corporation?

(7) Will not the Swarajists and real Independents speak out their mind?

ALLEGED DEFAMATION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, April 6.

A case of defamation is at present being heard by Rao Bahadur W. G. Rale, Special Magistrate, F. C. Poona, in which Mr. W. H. Coombs, Assistant Manager of the Government Photozinco Press, Poona, charges one Balaram Singh Thakore, a petition writer, whose son is employed as a photographer in the Press with defamation.

The complainant alleges that the accused sent a letter to the Commissioner, Central Division, Poona, on the 18th August, 1925, which was signed "All Staff of Photozinco Office" in which he defamed the complainant in the following sentences :—

"We are very badly treated by the Assistant Manager, Coombs who is simply using bad words instead of fining the staff which is most disgraceful on his part and must stop". "He is taking bribe and threatening the poor staff and keeping promotion without giving chance although it is sanctioned by the officer," etc :

The complainant in his evidence stated that he had been in the Government Photozinco Office for 11 years. The contents of the letter were not true. He had fined only 13 men, to the extent of Rs. 6/8/0 in all, during the year 1925. He took no bribes from any of the subordinates nor had he threatened any member of the staff. He could recommend for promotion, but had not the power of granting promotions.

The accused, it appears, when he heard that the complainant had received sanction to prosecute wrote another letter to the Commissioner C. D. in which he stated that the letter he had written previously for some menials of the Government Photozinco Office contained allegations which were not based on facts and expressed regret for the same. This he signed as coming from himself.

The case is proceeding.

MALARIA
and other Fevers

are promptly relieved by Phenalgin. Headache ceases, muscular pain is removed and a gentle perspiration produced which quickly leads to a steady decline of the fever.

PHENALGIN
REDUCES FEVER

produces a feeling of tranquility restlessness ceases, and instead of sleepless nights, calm, refreshing slumber ensues.

Supplied in bottles containing 36 x 5 gr. tablets, with full directions, by all Chemists.

SOLE AGENTS :
E. T. PEARSON & CO., LTD.,
Manufacturing Chemists, Mitcham, ENGLAND.

That Ulcerated Leg
will heal up when the blood is cleansed with
Clarke's Blood Mixture

"My Leg is now well."

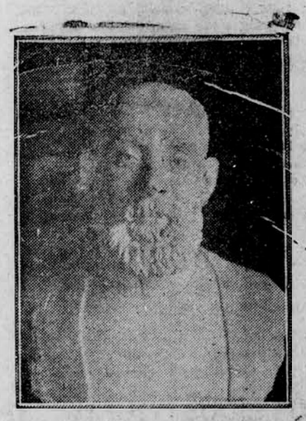
Mrs. BARTON, of 15, Station Street, Ryde, I.O.W., England, writes :—"I suffered terrible agony for over two years with an ulcerated leg, and after being in hospital for seven weeks my leg was no better. It seemed that nothing would ever do it any good, so as a last resource my daughter decided to give me Clarke's Blood Mixture, and I am thankful to say that after the very first bottle I found an improvement in my leg, the pain was not so intense, the swelling went down and after taking seven bottles of your wonderful mixture, my leg is now well. I am able to walk about as well as anyone, and feel altogether better in myself."

Profit by Mrs. Barton's Experience and
Start Cleansing Your Blood to-day.

Just as good for Abscesses, Swollen Glands, Piles, Eczema, Rashes, Sores, Eruptions, Gout and Rheumatism.

Of all Dealers—Sole Wholesale Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon : Messrs. G. ATHERTON & Co., Calcutta and Rangoon.

Bust of Sir SUREARND NATH BANNERJI
MADE FROM SITTINGS



By WAGH SCULPTOR
BOMBAY 4.

Busts and Statues of Indian leaders made from sittings are available.
Full size bronze Statues of LOK. TILAK and DADABHAI NOWROJI ready for sale.

CART WHEELS
Price per pair 4ft. Dia. Rs. 50.

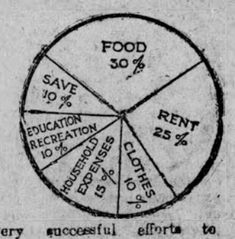
Same design as is used by Government Ordnance Department. The Naves are of cast iron with detachable tapered bushes duly machined. Spokes and Felloes are of strong wood and a broad tyre is shrunk on and bolted. Axle to suit above Rs 10/- extra. For further particulars write to :—
C. NANALAL and Co.,
Nagdevi Cross Lane, Bombay.

A COMBINATION FOR THE RICH TO BECOME MANLY AND HEALTHY
ANANGA PROBHA YAKUTI
is the best nerve tonic for overworked and used up energy and the quickest stimulant for rejuvenating the old a hopeless impotent. This is the leading tonic of the day. Price Rs. 10 for 30 Pills.

ANANGA PROBHA OIL.
An eternal liniment of the highest efficacy to bring about rapid and lasting sensation in the most hopeless impotent. Rs. 15 for a Tola.

Rajvaidya Narayanji Keshabji,
177 (B.), Harrison Road, Calcutta.

YOUR SAVINGS



Every successful efforts to save money involves two important elements—First, the Start, and Second, Keeping persistently and systematically at it.

Decide how much you should lay aside each month from your income. Make your Thrifty Self fight a winning battle against your old Spending Self.

CENTRAL BANK will be your ally, Happiness and Independence your reward, and your Pass-book the history of your achievements.

Ask for our Savings Bank Rules.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, Ltd.,
ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT,
BOMBAY.

Give her Sanatogen

Would Sanatogen do her good, would it give her back health and strength? Let us see what physicians say about it:

In the "Medical Press and Circular" a physician writes: "Sanatogen is readily absorbed by the stomach and has an immediate and remarkable effect, shown by a steady increase of body-weight and of muscular strength and energy. At the same time, the colour is brought back to the patients cheek."

In the "Indian Medical Gazette" Dr. D. J. Jones writes: "I have used Sanatogen on a large scale for patients suffering from general physical debility and I have every reason to be satisfied with the results obtained."

Such gratifying success does not "just happen," it is the logical result of the way in which Sanatogen acts; infusing into the cells of body and blood exactly those elements — phosphorus and albumin — which spell; "Strength."

Give her Sanatogen, then you will give her new strength and a new lease of life.

At all Stores — **SANATOGEN** — At all Chemists
The True Tonic-Food

BETTER BABIES.

There is nothing that brings such a happiness to family as a bright, healthy child, and nothing causes more sorrow than to see a Deformed child, or to have one who is not healthy, as such child is a living disgrace to the family.

We have such facts before us, yet we neglect. Therefore, anything that will improve the condition of Deformed Children must be welcomed by all of us. If your child is suffering from any Deformity, such as Spinal Curvature, Infantile Paralyses, Cure Legs or any other defects please do not fail to call at our place, and you will see how hundreds of Deformed children are attended to by us.

In addition to treating Deformed Children we take X-Ray Photographs in cases requiring same.

Our qualified Consulting Specialist has wide practical experience and enjoys the advantages of extensive studies in various subjects relating to Deformities.

From the 1st of January 1924. our House has been appointed by the SECRETARY OF STATE for India in Council to treat all cases of DEFORMITY and to prepare ARTIFICIAL LIMBS and ORTHOPAEDIC APPLIANCES for all deformed patients belonging to the Civil and Military Hospitals in India.

For information, please apply to the Superintendent, Zander Orthopaedic and Medico-Electric Institute.

N. POWELL & Co., BOMBAY.

Health

WE are distributing free a booklet which gives most interesting scientific advice on the conservation of health. It contains much valuable information for mothers and expectant mothers on how to bring up strong, healthy children; gives proper feeding charts for infants of various ages and ends with a number of splendid recipes for preparing many delicious dishes with nature's wonderful health food—Quaker Oats.

For your own convenience and for that of every member of your family, we advise you to have this booklet in your home and to study it carefully. We will gladly send you a copy upon request.

Representctives: MULLER & PHIPPS (INDIA), LTD.
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Karachi, Rangoon

448

Quaker Oats

WONDERFUL NEW LAXATIVE CURES CONSTIPATION

Never Gripes or Causes Pain.

GUARANTEED FREE FROM HARMFUL DRUGS.

EVERYBODY seems to be talking about Little Laxaliver Pills, the new vegetable Laxative medicine that is taking the place of harmful drugs and purgative salts. Certainly the Pills deserve attention for they have proved invaluable in cases of Dysentery, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Morning Sickness, Coated Tongue, Foul Breath, Complexion Troubles, Spots, Pimples and a host of other ailments due to sluggish liver and a constipated condition of the bowels.

Chemists are now selling Little Laxaliver Pills at the very moderate price of 14 annas per box, and when you consider that a box contains sufficient pills to last two or three months you will certainly not delay purchasing a supply. Every member of the family will benefit by taking Little Laxaliver Pills. They never gripe or cause the least pain and their purity is guaranteed for, being machine made and packed, they are never touched by hand until they reach you in the sealed package.

Let Saturday be "Laxaliver Day" and so keep well.
BOMBAY STOCKISTS:—NAROTAM GIRDHAR & Co. Jumma Masjid.

Rheumatism?

Relieve the nagging pain—quickly—easily—with—Sloan's!

Sloan's Liniment kills pain instantly. No rubbing. Just lay a little Sloan's on the stiff, aching part, and *immediately* you notice a difference, a feeling that the tortured tissues are being soothed and comforted, then as Sloan's penetrates to the centre of the trouble the pain dies away. With Sloan's Liniment handy you need never let rheumatism or any other muscle or joint trouble get the upper hand. Sloan's kill's the pain and keeps the muscles lissom and flexible. No rubbing. Get a bottle to-day.

"FREE FROM RACKING PAINS."

Mr. W. White, 128, Cherrywood Road, Bordesley Green, writes:—"....I had tried so many remedies that I had almost given up the attempt to cure my rheumatism. But to my vast surprise and intense relief I immediately began to feel an improvement and in less than a month I was free from horrible racking pains of rheumatism. I cannot praise Sloan's sufficiently."

Sloan's Liniment

KILLS PAIN

No rubbing—apply lightly for quick relief from pain of

RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, NEURITIS, SPRAINS, STRAINS, CRAMP, BACKACHE, STIFFNESS

Sold by all chemists and bazars.
Representatives for India: Muller & Phipps (India), Ltd., 14-16 Green St., Bombay; 21 Old Court House St., Calcutta; and Branches.

COOPERATION IN NANDGAON.

A GINNING FACTORY OPENED.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

MALEGAON, April 8.

The opening ceremony of the Nandgaon Co-operative Ginning Factory was performed at Nandgaon on Wednesday, the 7th April, at 5 p.m., in the beautifully decorated spacious pandal, Mr. J. A. Madan, B.A., I.C.S., Registrar of Co-operative Societies, presiding. Messrs. R. W. Patwardhan, Assistant Registrar, Dhulia, Wasif District, Hon. Organiser, Malegaon, Salunke, Devrukhkar, Y. B. Gaitonde, Agent, Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank, Malegaon Branch, and other officials and local merchants were present. Agriculturists from surrounding villages numbering over a thousand were present. The proceedings commenced with a welcome speech by Mr. Valjnath Jijajee, Chairman of the Ginning Factory. He traced the history and origin of the Gin stating how its idea took birth in the Nandgaon Co-operative Week celebrated in July last and how it was organised and registered. The President declared the Gin open at 5 p.m. and inspected its working. He congratulated the Chairman and the Committee for the keen interest evinced in the successful organisation within so short a period. He also expressed pleasure at the progress Co-operation had made in the Nandgaon Taluka and emphasised the importance of the non-credit movement.

HINDU-MUSLIM RIOTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—During the last few years several Hindu-Muslim riots have taken place at different places in India. All these were, to say the least, very deplorable indeed. But the most unfortunate point about them is the disrespect shown to the temples and the mosques, i.e., the places dedicated to the worship of one common God whom we all adore, or at least profess to adore, and whom we ignore when our base passions are let loose. This is very lamentable and to me it seems to be an insult to the religious instincts that we have inherited from our forefathers. India is known all the world over as a religious country. Our uneducated and depressed brothers are also religious in a sense. Is it not astounding then that they should, at the height of their passions, think of desecrating the temples or demolishing the mosques or setting fire to them? I protest against this attitude of the mass-mind which is, in my opinion, full of danger for united India. Let the Mussalmans on their part remember that it is un-Islamic to desecrate a temple; instead of doing so they should protect it, even at the cost of their lives. The same should be the attitude of the Hindus towards the mosques. If the rioters think that riots are to India's advantage, let them indulge in them by all means. But let them not harm the sacred buildings set apart for the worship of our common Creator.—Yours, etc.,

Z. A. B.

A RAILWAY GRIEVANCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—You have rendered a great service by publishing the correspondence that passed between Mrs. Antia and the Railway authorities in your yesterday's issue. I think at no other time the grievance was so glaringly brought to the notice of the public than in the present case. I regret to have to say that the Indian travelling public lack more in moral courage in championing their cause. They must start a vigorous propaganda and must not allow their rights being trampled down by the bureaucratic Railway authorities. Though every country is governed by its statutory laws one should not forget that the whole world is also governed by the unwritten laws of "Commonsense" and the Railway authorities cannot be an exception to this rule.

Let us now wait and see whether the members of the Passengers' Relief Association, Suburban Advisory Committee, Railway Advisory Board, Local and Central Councils rise to the occasion and make it a common cause to redress the long-felt grievance. They must remember that "Even the mother does not feed the baby until it cries"; and I am sure if the Railway authorities are pressed from all corners they will not show such a callous attitude as one ordinarily expects.—Yours, etc.,

S. S. S.

Kalyan, April 7.

SAVE YOUR INCOME-TAX
by CONSULTING
PAREKH & Co.
Incorporated Certified Accountants,
Public Accountants, Auditors, Income Tax and Super-Tax Experts.
Offices:—
1. M. P. Baria Building, Pydhony Bombay.
2. Gaya Building, Mandvi, near Centr Bank of India, Ltd.
3. Shilotri Bank Building, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

When you spend so much for
YOUR CLOTHES
why not be certain that they are made by artistic Tailors
ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.
MERCHANT TAILORS
PRINCESS STREET, Bombay.

AHMEDABAD LETTER.

ECHO OF OLD QUARREL?

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, April 7.

The resolution moved by Mr. G. I. Patel expressing dissatisfaction at the work of the Municipal Engineer and warning him that if the complaint about extravagance was not removed steps would be taken against him, is generally believed to be inspired by a desire to retaliate against the removal of Mr. Bhagat from the position of Chief Officer. It may not be generally known but it is none the less true on that account that the beginnings of the quarrel which ultimately resulted in the appointment of a fresh Chief Officer in the place of Mr. Bhagat lay in a rupture between these two officials and it is not impossible that now that the partisans of this latter gentleman have failed to do him any substantial or positive good they may try to vent their spleen by harassing his opponent.

THE MATERNITY HOME.

The Municipality has accepted with thanks Seth Chunilal N. Chinoy's munificent donation of a lakh of rupees for the construction of a maternity home and decided to acquire a site for it in Bhaddar near the Land Record's Office. It has also accepted, with the consent of the donor, the suggestion of some Mahomedan Councillors to run a Muslim ward in connection with it.

RETRENCHMENT IN MUNICIPALITY.

Mr. G. I. Patel's motion for a Retrenchment Committee for the local Municipality was amended to provide for a preliminary examination of the working of the various departments by a Committee of Councillors themselves and passed.

REGULATION OF PRICES AND WAGES.

An application has been submitted to the local Collector requesting him to refer the question of regulating the wages of tailors barbers, carpenters, smiths and some others who are charging at war-time rates despite the reduction in the cost of living and a reduction in the general wage-scale to the City Magistrate who is doing similar work in the case of some other trades and professions.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

Thursday, April 8.

Mr. Subbaji Gururao Patil to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Bijapur, vice Mr. M. R. Parakh being transferred to the Western India States Agency, pending further orders.

Mr. J. Baldwin to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Ahmednagar, vice Mr. K. B. Arkatkar, pending further orders.

Mr. Kondo Ballal Arkatkar, on relief, to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police, East Khandesh, vice Mr. W. Y. Austin, proceednig on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. Dhanjishah Kavasji Bilimoria to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Kaira, vice Mr. G. J. Rege, proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Khan Saheb Khan Muhammad Dost Muhammad, on the termination of his special duty, to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police in Sind vice Mir Maqbul Khan, pending further orders.

Mr. W. H. Brotherston, on return from leave, to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police in Sind vice Mr. W. E. Sutton, pending further orders.

Mr. Rasul Baksh Muhammad Husain to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police in Sind vice Mr. S. E. Histed, proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. Dadiba C. Mehta, LL.B., District and Sessions Judge, West Khandesh, is granted leave on average pay for four months with effect from the 31st May 1926 and is permitted to prefix to his leave the Summer Vacation of the District Court of West Khandesh for the year 1926.

Syed Muniruddin Sirajuddin Moulvi is confirmed in the appointment of Oriental Translator to Government, and Secretary, Civil and Military Examination Committee, Bombay.

Mr. R. G. Gordon, I.C.S., is granted with effect from 10th April 1926, leave on average pay for seven months and four days.

Mr. A. W. Mackie, I.C.S., should, during the period of his appointment under the Development Department, also act as Land Manager, Development Directorate, in addition to his own duties.

Mr. V. N. Mestry to be temporary Inspector of Drawing and Craftwork, Bombay Presidency, during the absence on leave of Mr. R. A. Hoggarth.

The combined leave for six months granted to Mr. Himatlal Bapulal Parikh, L.C.E., Executive Engineer, is extended by three weeks' leave on half average pay.

Under the provisions of section 13 (2) of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. H. K. Kirpalani, I.C.S., to act as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Bombay with effect from the 8th April 1926, during the absence on leave of Mr. H. B. Clayton.

CONQUER COLDS & CATARRH WITH NOSTROLINE
CHEMISTS & STORES LTD.
Indian Agents:
[illegible] & HARRIS, Ltd.,
8, Waterloo Street, Calcutta.

SMOOTHNESS!

just that extra touch of Quality in "Passing Show" that makes them so popular

50 for Rs. 1.4
10 for 4 annas

MADE IN LONDON BY CARRERAS LTD.
138 YEARS REPUTATION FOR QUALITY

PASSING SHOW

VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

'AMBER TIPS

INDIA'S FINEST TEA

That Kruschen Feeling.

Grandpa takes Kruschen and in spite of his age feels fit enough to play leapfrog with anyone! That is the "Kruschen feeling." He gets it by dropping into his morning cup of tea or coffee as much Kruschen Salts as will cover a silver 4-anna piece.

Depression, headache, listlessness, constipation are all due to your liver and kidneys not working properly, and allowing poisons to collect in your body. You need six salts to wash those poisons out—the six salts which your body ought to get from your food. If it is not getting them you cannot keep well.

Kruschen Salts contain just those six salts you need. Get a bottle to-day, take a *daily* dose of health, and you too can know what it is like to feel as fit as the fittest and as young as the youngest.

Kruschen Salts

GOOD HEALTH FOR AN ANNA A WEEK.
Obtainable from all chemists, stores and bazaars.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

DO YOU WANT BUSINESS?

Then ADVERTISE in

"AMRITA BAZAR PATRIKA"

(ESTABLISHED 1868.)

LARGEST CIRCULATION AMONG INDIANS.

THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM

Has done its humble best for the country.

For rates Apply to the SECRETARY,

A. B. PATRIKA, Ltd,

CALCUTTA.

ALL AT SAME PRICE
ZANGI PEN & INK MANUFACTURING Co
NAI SARAK. DELHI
ZANGI
-REGISTERED-
LATEST IMPROVED
FOUNTAIN PEN
Rs. 6-4
ANTI-CRAMP PEN
3 Times big &
Strong Rs. 8-12
Never leaks, blots or stops and always runs smooth. Order any style V P on 7 days' approval. Lever Clip As. 6. 1 gross ZANGI Inklets any colour Rupee 1. Protector Pocket Annas 8.
All Pens Repaired and Exchanged.
ZANGI ECHO
A Quarterly Magizine Interactive & Interesting
JOIN THE ZANGI CLUB
Free
— Order to-day. —
ACTUAL SIZE WITHOUT CAP

READ

BOMBAY CHRONICLE

DAILY & SUNDAY

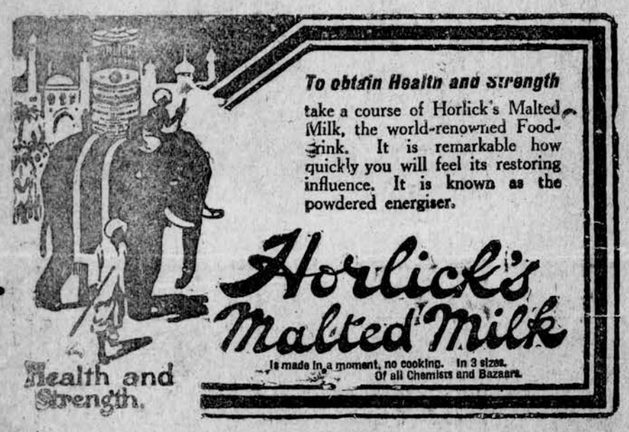
RETAIL PRICE

ONE ANNA only

The "Daily" and "Sunday" Editions of the "Bombay Chronicle" can be obtained from any of the following agents:—

AHMEDABAD.—Shah Surajmal Chunilal.
AHMEDNAGAR CAMP.—Messrs. A. J. D'Souza & Co.
AJMER.—Messrs. B. R. & Sons.
AKOLA.—Mr. P. K. Vaidya.
AMRAOTI.—Mr. M. S. Perkar.
AGRA.—Mr. A. N. Takru.
BARODA.—Mr. M. C. Kothari.
BAGALKOT.—V. J. Parvatikar.
BIJAPUR.—Mr. P. S. Apte.
BIKANER.—Mr. Chhagin Ram Kunjilal Gahlot.
BELGAUM.—Messrs. V. V. Brothers.
BHAVNAGAR.—Mr. Jethalal Kalianji Trivedi.
BHUSAWAL.—Mr. Govind Gajanan.
BHUSAWAL.—Messrs. Sequeira & Sons.
BIKANER.—Chhaganiram Kunjilal Gahlot.
BROACH.—Mr. H. D. Gulamhussein.
CAWNPURE.—Mr. Dindayal Sharma.
DELHI.—Messrs. R. K. Bros.
DHARWAR.—Students' Own Book Depot.
DHOLA JN.—Mr. Dayaram Jivanram Bhatt.
DHULIA.—Mr. V. A. Killedar.
GADAG.—Mr. R. K. Asundi.
GHATKOPER.—M. H. Varma.
GODHRA.—Mr. Jaswantlal J. Pandya.
HUBLI.—Mr. A. M. Dalvi.
HYDERABAD SIND.—S. J. Co-operative Society.
HYDERABAD DN.—Mr. B. V. Muthanna
INDORE CITY.—Messrs. B. Warune & Co.
JALGAON.—Mr. Vishnu Ganesh Bhave.
JAMNAGAR.—Mr. Jethalal P. Bhagat.
JHANSI.—Ganesh Prasad.
JHANSI.—Ganesh Prasad.
JODHPUR.—Mr. Kishora Lal.
JUBBULPUR.—R. D. Mehta and Co.
JUNAGADH.—Mr. Maganlal K. Parekh.
KARACHI CITY.—Mr. Hariram P. Chaude.
KOLHAPUR.—Mr. B. T. Luktuke.
KARACHI CANTT.—Standard Book Stall.
KALYAN.—Mr. M. H. Varma.
KIRKEE.—Messrs. La Croix & Co.
LONAVLA.—Lonavla Co-operative Society.
MADRAS.—The Madras News Agency.
MADURA.—Mr. M. Muthurelappa Mooda-liar.
MAHABLESHWAR.—Mahableshwar Stores & Pharmacy.
MATHERAN.—Lord's Matheran Stores.
MHOW.—Mr. Hardayal Varma.
NAGPUR.—Mr. D. S. Marulkar.
NASIK.—Mr. B. K. Mithasagarkar.
PALGHAT.—Mr. K. C. K. Thampan.
PRANTIJ.—Mr Shah Ratilal Keshavlal.
POONA.—Messrs. La Croix & Co.
POONA CITY.—Oppo. Vishram Bag,—Messrs. Kelkar & Bros.
236, Budhuwarpeth.—Messrs. L. V. Saptarshi.
497, Budhuwarpeth.—Messrs. Abdul Kader Ebhramjee.
POONA CANTTS.—Messrs. La Croix & Co.
RAIPUR.—Mr. A. T. Bose.
RAJKOT CITY.—Messrs. Dave Vyas & Co.
RATNAGIRI.—Mr. D. G. Mukadam.
SANGLI.—Mr. S. A. Kulkarni.
SATARA.—Mr. G. K. Kanitkar.
SECUNDERABAD.—Mr. B. V. Muthanna
SIMLA.—Pohlomal, Manager, News Agency.
SURAT.—Mr. C. A. Kaji.
THANA.—Mr. Laxman R. Purohit.
WARDHA.—Mr. M. B. Deshpande.

ALL THE RAILWAY STATION BOOK-STALLS OF MESSRS. A. H. WHEELER & CO. AND MESSRS. HIGGIN-BOTHAMS LTD.


To obtain Health and Strength
take a course of Horlick's Malted Milk, the world-renowned Food-Drink. It is remarkable how quickly you will feel its restoring influence. It is known as the powdered energiser.
Horlick's Malted Milk
Is made in a moment, no cooking. In 3 sizes. Of all Chemists and Bazaars.
Health and Strength.

KURWA & KAJIJI

Shipchandlers, Ironmongers & Contractors

DEALERS IN

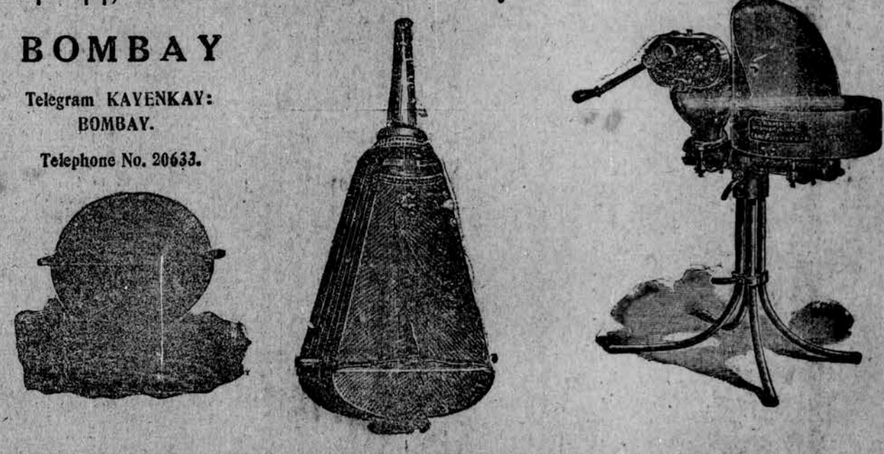
ENGINEERS' & CONTRACTORS' TOOLS

142-44, Abdul Reheman Street,

BOMBAY

Telegram KAYENKAY: BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 20633.



BROWN'S AFROTONA.

(Regd.)

A GREAT INFUSER AND REJUVENATOR of the AGE

AFROTONA is proved to be a marvellous remedy for weakness and nerve diseases.

It is a boon to those suffering from Neurasthenia, Emaciation, and loss of nerve force. AFROTONA is the ideal Tonic for rebuilding weak nerve cells and wastage of the body. It enriches the blood and feeds the nerves. AFROTONA is a marvellous remedy for removing the after effects of Malaria, when other costly and so-called nerve Tonics have failed.

AFROTONA being quite harmless may be used with confidence, in cases of fagged or worn out nerves.

AFROTONA, THIS LIFE-GIVING NECTAR is prepared in the modern British Laboratories, and is a compound of the choicest and best selected drugs known to the medical profession.

AFROTONA never constipates.

Only males should use Afrotona.

50 Pills for 50 days treatment

Price Rs. 10 only.

Packing Postage Free

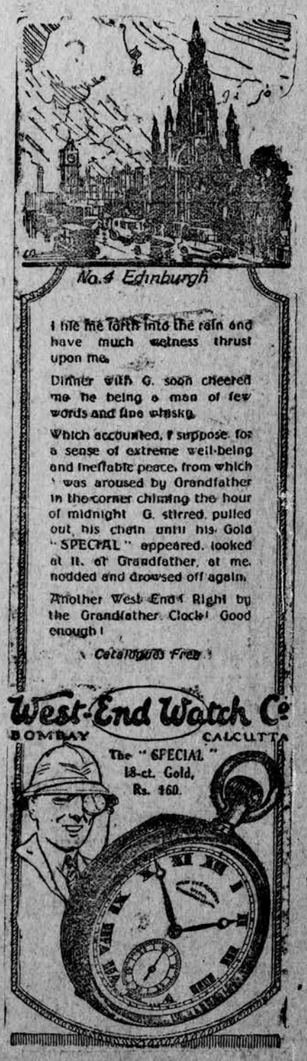
SOLE AGENTS for India.

A. M. THAKKAR,

CHEMISTS,

Fida Building, Juma Masjid,

BOMBAY, No. 2.


No. 4 Edinburgh
I hie me forth into the rain and have much wetness thrust upon me.
Dinner with G. soon cheered me he being a man of few words and fine whisky.
Which accounted, I suppose, for a sense of extreme well-being and ineffable peace, from which I was aroused by Grandfather in the corner chiming the hour of midnight. G. stirred, pulled out his chain until his Gold "SPECIAL" appeared, looked at it, at Grandfather, at me, nodded and drowsed off again.
Another West End Right by the Grandfather Clock! Good enough!
Catalogues Free.
West-End Watch Co
BOMBAY CALCUTTA
The "SPECIAL" 18-ct. Gold, Rs. 160.

Cotton Telegraphic Information Service

ESTABLISHED UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF SHETH VERAJLAL RANCHHORDAS TARWALA.

Having had wide experience as Commission Agents for over 15 years in cotton, linseed, and bullion markets, we have now organised a special service for giving instantaneous and effective telegraphic information as to the tone and fluctuations in the important markets of the world.

We receive from our New York and Liverpool Agents hourly information of fluctuations together with the market opinion. Information as to the cotton rates of Liverpool and New York Futures and fluctuations as well as Bombay Market quotations and opinions, can be supplied immediately either by telephone or telegraph to our local and mofussil constituents.

Constituents desiring to have direct telegrams from our foreign agents should negotiate with the undersigned.

Constituents who desire to transact cotton forward business through our prompt and efficient service may write to the undersigned for deposit terms.

MANAGER.

Cotton Telegraphic Information Service,

Ismail Bldg., Hornby Rd., Fort,

BOMBAY.

Telegrams:—"COMEALONG."

Telephone:—11788.

HALF A CENTURY

- RENOWNED -

BATLIWALLA'S

AGUE MIXTURE AND AGUE PILLS

FOR

Malaria, Influenza, Kala-Azar, Hay and Jungle Fevers.

SHAPOORJI H. L. BATLIWALLA.

Managing Director.

Apply for Price List.

Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA SONS & CO., LIMITED

Sayani Road, P. O. Cadell Road

BOMBAY, 14.

Tel. Add.: "Cawashapur," Bombay.

THE MOST POPULAR PAPER IN NORTHERN INDIA

The Hindustan Times,

Is the best advertising medium, being issued from the Imperial City and having a very wide circulation in the provinces of U. P., the Punjab, Central Provinces, Rajputana Delhi, N. W. F. Provinces, and the Indian States.

Apply:—

MANAGER,

HINDUSTAN TIMES, DELHI

INCOME-TAX & SUPER-TAX

Statutory Statement of Account prepared

Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN

B. L. THOSAR,

Public Accountant.

496-497, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

Tel. No. 22907.

Printed and published for the Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., by SORAB P. KAPADIA, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. Acting Editor:—SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI.